

## THE STREET NAMES OF WAGGA WAGGA



Incorporating the names of the streets, suburban Areas,  
Parks and some other features of the

## **CITY OF WAGGA WAGGA**

Detailing the derivation, meaning and/or  
significance of the names applied thereto.

Compiled from records kept by  
The Council of the City of Wagga Wagga,  
with additional research and editing  
(in an honorary capacity)

by

WILLIAM R ELLIS,  
Town Clerk of  
the City of Wagga Wagga  
1960-1984

Published by  
The Council of the City of Wagga Wagga.  
1990

## Table of Contents

## FOREWARD

It is appropriate that a local publication of this nature should be produced. Although it deals essentially with the historical aspects of the naming of streets, roads, etc., of the City of Wagga Wagga, these pages will be the means of imparting to local people and others, the significance of names so applied over the years. At the same time, it will, I am confident, be of tremendous interest to a great number of people, both young and old.

Wagga Wagga, in common with the Riverina Area of New South Wales, has played a significant part in the development of this State, as well as Australia as a whole. The City has grown from small, humble beginnings into an important, regional centre, which can justly be claimed to be the largest inland centre of population in New South Wales. Today it proudly lays claim to be "The Garden City of the South".

It has derived a certain prominence throughout Australia and Overseas by reason of the plurality of its name and the peculiarity of its pronunciation/spelling; from various legends, folk lore and historical influences - as well as from a few former residents who have, in a number of ways, participated for various reasons in the National and International 'spotlight'.

Our City has a long and colourful history. The first settlers arrived in 1832 - following the journey of the Explorer, Captain Charles Sturt down the Murrumbidgee River in December, 1892. Settlement swiftly followed thereafter and a Town was proclaimed in 1849; with the commencement of Local Government in 1870, by authority of a Notification in the New South Wales Government Gazette dated 15<sup>th</sup> March, 1870, proclaiming "The Borough of Wagga Wagga".

Much detail pertaining to the history of the establishment, growth and development of the City, as well as reference to its pioneers, early settlers and residents, together with distinguished people in all walks of life and achievements can be found in these pages. It is fortunate that records of the derivation of our street names are available today, per medium of a Register which has been designed and kept for the purpose by the Council. Naturally great research has been performed by various persons over the years to achieve this, and I pay tribute to them. It is by reason of their interest, zeal and dedication that much of the material we now have in the City's records, is available.

The Council was pleased to grant its approval for the compilation of this publication and the use of the records in its possession and at the same time, to permit further research and editing to be carried out.

It is fitting that Mr Bill Ellis, who served as Town Clerk from 1960 to 1984, has carried out the further research and editing mentioned, on a voluntary basis and in an honorary capacity. The Council's grateful thanks are extended to him for his time-consuming efforts in this regard.

It is with exceptional pleasure that the Council is able to release this publication. The Aldermen and myself hope that the material contained herein will prove of great interest to all who browse through or study these pages. We hope that this will be a permanent reminder to present and future residents of Wagga Wagga of the achievements which have been made in the past.

Our fervent prayer should be for the development and growth of Wagga Wagga, - this important Regional City, - as well as for the happiness and prosperity of its people now and in the future.

Ronald F Harris  
Mayor (Sept. 1985 - Sept. 1989)  
Wagga Wagga

## ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

For a number of years in the recent past, records in Register form, have been kept by the Wagga Wagga City Council, relating to the derivation, meaning and/or significance of the names applied to Roads, Streets, Parks and other features located within the area of the City. This Register is kept up to date and added to as the need arises. The details herein have been extracted generally to July 1989.

For very many years in the City's history, no such records were kept by the Council, but with the passing of the years, considerable research has been carried out by various interested persons who have made the information so gleaned by them available to the Council. The Register referred to, embraces in alphabetical order, all dedicated roads, streets, some lanes and bridges together with parks, reserves, suburban areas etc., which have been officially named, and gives details of the derivation/meaning/significance thereof (where known). Such detailed information is not available in respect of Villages and the small towns incorporated within the City boundaries which were prior to the Amalgamation of the City and the two surrounding Shires, comprised within either the Shire of Kyeamba or the Shire of Mitchell - such amalgamation dating from 1 January, 1981.

The names so applied have a wide range of significance. Some pay tribute to Prominent Persons, Distinguished Citizens, Explorers, Pioneer Families, Royalty, Vice-Royalty, Prime Ministers, Parliamentarians, War Commanders, Leaders, Famous Places, Cities and the like. In many instances, words of Aboriginal derivation have been used - with a number of these having been gleaned from a glossary of words and meanings from the Wiradjuri Tribe (which frequented the Wagga Wagga Region). The compilation of the glossary of words and meaning from the Wiradjuri Tribe is attributed to J J Baylis, a licensed Surveyor who was domiciled at Hay, but who travelled widely around the Riverina. A type-written copy was in the private collection of Robert Emblem, (Town Clerk, 1897-1934). The copy is now held in the archives of the Wagga Wagga City Council. As well, names of Botanical, Arboreal, Ornithological etc., derivation have been featured.

It has been a pleasure for me (after having received the approval of the City Council so to do), to carry out additional research by reference to books, publications, historical journals and the like (as well as by personal contact). This has been done to elaborate and expand on the information which was contained in the Council's registers. It has been a time-consuming exercise, but I feel the effort has been worth-while and if the resultant publication proves of interest to the people of Wagga Wagga my efforts will have been amply rewarded.

Due tribute is paid to persons (whose names are detailed hereunder) who are known to have conducted research into the meaning of the names of Wagga Wagga's streets or done research in the history of the City and District such work in the main was done in a voluntary capacity.

HARDY, Walter Slade (Refer to Rhoda Avenue and Hardy Avenue)	Alderman of the Council for a total of 14 years (served over 3 separate periods).
EMBLEM, Robert (Refer to Emblen Street)	Town Clerk of Wagga Wagga 1897-1934
BURNS, Francis Henry (Refer to Burns Way)	Town Clerk of Wagga Wagga 1940-1960
GRINTON, Norman William (Refer to Grinton Avenue)	Chief Clerk, Wagga Wagga City Council Retired 1964
PALMER, Robert Lindsay	Administrative Clerk, 1960-1970 Wagga Wagga City Council and Honorary Secretary, Wagga Wagga & District Historical Society
ELLIS, William Robert	Town Clerk of Wagga Wagga 1960-1984 (employed continuously by the Council from 5 November, 1934 to 15 June, 1984 except for Military Service in World War II)
RAWLINGS, Selwyn Kenneth (Refer to Rawlings Park)	Chief Town Planner, Wagga Wagga City Council - 3 November, 1958 to 26 February, 1982.
GRAHAM, Ian	Chief Town Planner, Wagga Wagga City Council, 1982 to date
SWAN, Keith (Refer to Swan Street)	His Book, "A History of Wagga Wagga" published by the Wagga Wagga City Council in 1970, has been the source of some historical information, and readers are urged to consult such book for additional local historical detail.
WAGGA WAGGA AND DISTRICT HISTORICAL SOCIETY	Both the Newsletters (No.s 1-250) and the Journals of the Society (No. 1-7) which contain valuable information, some of which has been of help.
BOOKLET - "BACK TO WAGGA WAGGA OFFICIAL SOUVENIR" published for the Back to Wagga Wagga Celebrations, October 16 <sup>th</sup> - 22, 1927	Various articles, principally by Robert Emblen, Town Clerk (1897-1934)

Due acknowledgement is made in the text (with regard to specific entries) to assistance and information supplied in note form or verbally, by a number of individual persons.

Thanks are expressed to the Mayor and Aldermen of the City Council for granting approval by resolution, for the compilation of the historical material contained herein, based on the Council's Official Records. Gratitude is likewise extended to the Town Clerk, Mr B L Andrews and the Chief Town Planner, Mr Ian Graham (as well as to their respective staff members) for encouragement so readily given and their eagerness to be of help. Such expressions are likewise accorded to the Wagga Wagga City Library for the assistance given by several members of the library staff.

W R Ellis  
Wagga Wagga

## ABBREVIATIONS

The following are among the abbreviations used in the text:-

A.I.F.	Australian Imperial Force
A.L.P.	Australian Labour Party
ANZAC	Australian & New Zealand Army Corps
B.A.	Bachelor of Arts
B.E.M.	British Empire Medal
C	Circa (about, approximately)
Can.	Canada
C of E	Church of England
C.P.S.	Clerk of Petty Sessions
C.W.A.	County Women's Association
D.B.E.	Dame of the British Empire
D.D.	Doctor of Divinity
D.F.C.	Distinguished Flying Cross
Dip. Ed.	Diploma of Education
Ft. Lieut	Flight Lieutenant
G.O.C.	General Officer Commanding
H.M.	Her/His Majesty
H.Q.	Headquarters
H.R.H.	Her/His Royal Highness
K.C.	King's Counsel
M.A.	Master of Arts
M.B.E.	Member of the Order of the British Empire
M.C.	Military Cross
M.H.R.	Member of House of Representatives (Federal)
M.L.A.	Member of Legislative Assembly (NSW)
M.L.C.	Member of Legislative Council (NSW)
M.M.	Military Medal
N.E.I.	Netherlands East Indies
N.K.	Not Known
N/N	Not yet named
N.S.W.	New South Wales
N.T.	Northern Territory
N.Z.	New Zealand
O.B.E.	Order of the British Empire
P.M.	Prime Minister
P.O.	Post Office
Qld	Queensland
R.A.F.	Royal Air Force
R.A.A.F.	Royal Australian Air Force
R.F.C.	Royal Flying Corps
R.M.C.	Royal Medical Corps
R.S.L.	Returned Servicemen's League of Australia
R.S.S. & A.I.L.A.	Returned Sailors', Soldiers' & Airmen's Imperial League of Australia
S.A.	South Australia
Sqn. Ldr.	Squadron Leader

Tas.  
U.K.  
US/U.S.A.  
Vic.  
V.C.  
V.F.L.  
W.A.

Tasmania  
United Kingdom  
United States of America  
Victoria  
Victoria Cross  
Victoria Football League  
Western Australia

## THE ARMORIAL BEARINGS OF THE CITY OF WAGGA WAGGA



Granted by Letters Patent  
Dated 15<sup>th</sup> November, 1965

### BLAZON

- ARMS:** Vert on a fess between in chief eight stalks of wheat each four in the form of the letter W and in base a Merino ram's head caboshed all Or a bar wavy Azure.
- CREST:** Out of a mural crown in front of a caduceus or winged Sable eight leaves of the River Red Gum Tree (*Eucalyptus Camaldulensis*) conjoined and in the form of two letters W proper. Mantled Vert doubled Or.
- SUPPORTERS:** On either side a crow wings addorsed proper gorged with a collar dancetty Or and perched on a forked twig the whole upon a compartment of grass divided by water Barry wavy Argent and Azure.
- MOTTO:** Forward in Faith.

### INTERPRETATION

- SHIELD:** The gold band on green is from the arms of Captain Charles Sturt, discoverer of the area. The blue waves represents the Murrumbidgee River. The wheat stalks, arranged like the letters WW, and Merino ram's head are for the principal industries.
- CREST:** The mural crown represents a civic community. The eight leaves of the River Red Gum tree, arranged like the letters WW, stand in front of the caduceus of Mercury, God of Commerce.
- SUPPORTERS:** The crows, taken from the former seal, recall the meaning of the City's name ("Place of Many Crows"). They wear, distinguishing collars in the form of a W and stand on a base of grass divided by water, representing the building of the City on either side of the river.

(The Sturt Arms were granted by the Kings of Arms at the College to Anthony Sturt, Alderman of London in 1691.)

The Arms were designed by Mr H Ellis Tomlinson, M.A., F.H.S., of Lancashire, England.

The Arms were negotiated with H.M. College of Arms, through Messrs. Shaw and Sons Limited of London.

The Motto: "Forward in Faith" was selected by the Council as a result of a public competition. This was the winning entry and was submitted by Mrs. Belle Carlin, of Belmore, N.S.W.

The Letters Patent and City Flag were dedicated by the local Clergy and formally handed over by the Chief Justice of N.S.W., Sir Leslie Heron, K.B.E., C.M.G., on 2<sup>nd</sup> June, 1966.

### SISTER CITY AFFILIATIONS

People to People Programme  
For the promotion of International Friendship for Peace

#### WAGGA WAGGA (NSW) - LEAVENWORTH (Kansas, USA)

The affiliation of Wagga Wagga, with the City of Leavenworth, Kansas, U.S.A., as Sister-Cities, was established in the year 1962.

A Conference was held at the White House, Washington, D.C. in 1956 when President Eisenhower emphasised the need for a programme to bring the people of the world closer together in the interests of peace.

From this Conference came to People to People Programme and the Sister Cities Affiliation movement.

#### WAGGA WAGGA (NSW) - NORDLINGEN (Bavaria, Federal Republic of West Germany)

A Sister-City Affiliation was established in 1967 with this German City, whose history dates back for more than a thousand years and which, for 750 years has been a free town.

#### WAGGA WAGGA (NSW) - KUNMING - (Peoples' Republic of China)

A Sister-City Relationship was mutually established in the Year 1988 between Wagga Wagga and the City of Kunming in Yunnan Province, China. A Delegation of Municipal Officials visited Wagga Wagga in August, 1988 whilst a similar Delegation representing Wagga Wagga visited Kunming in May 1989.

In all three cases, resolutions were duly passed and exchanged by the respective Council of each City.

## *INTRODUCTION*

### *THE CITY OF WAGGA WAGGA*

#### Discovery:

In December, 1829, the early colonists first sighted the land on which the flourishing City of Wagga Wagga now stands. The persons thus privileged, consisted of Captain Charles Sturt, 39<sup>th</sup> Regiment, stationed in Sydney; Mr George Macleay and six others. This party passed over the site of the future Wagga Wagga on its expedition of discovery down the Murrumbidgee and Murray Rivers.

#### Settlement and Development

Settlement swiftly followed in the wake of Sturt's discoveries.....he had written:

- ❖ "We stopped short of it (the river) again on the side of the serpentine sheet of water..... We fell in with two or three natives before we halted, but the evident want of population IN SO FINE A COUNTRY, AND ON SO NOBLE A RIVER, surprised me extremely."  
Sturt, C: Two expeditions into the Interior of Southern Australia, p.39
- ❖ Extracted from Swan, K: "A History of Wagga Wagga" (page 1)

The first settlers arrived in 1832-

Robert Holt Best established his "Wagga Wagga Run" on the South of the Murrumbidgee River; whilst Charles Tompson settled on his "Eunonyharenyha" Run to the North thereof. Following requests from the increasing number of pastoralists settling in the District: the Village of Wagga Wagga was established for, on 30 April, 1847 the New South Wales Government Gazette announced that Wagga Wagga was to be a place for the holding of petty sessions. By the end of 1847 the Court Room and Watch House had been established. By this an inn and a blacksmith's shop had also been established near the police buildings.

Wagga Wagga was proclaimed a Town on 21 November, 1849. Earlier in the same year, Surveyor Thomas S. Townsend had marked out the town. He in turn made his recommendations to the Colonial Surveyor-General, Sir Thomas L. Mitchell.

In the 1860's the population totalled approximately 700.

Local Government commenced in 1870, following notification in the New South Wales Government Gazette No. 60 dated 15 March, 1870,.....proclaiming

....."by this my Proclamation, declare that the area hereinafter described shall be and the same is hereby constituted a MUNICIPALITY, under the name and style of the "Borough of Wagga Wagga"

The first Council for the newly created Borough was elected at a local election conducted on 16 June, 1870. Following the declaration of the Poll, the newly elected Aldermen (as detailed hereunder) "unanimously elected GEORGE FORSYTH ESQUIRE, ALDERMAN, as the First Mayor of Wagga Wagga."

## The Borough Council of Wagga Wagga - 1870

Members -	G. Forsyth	Mayor
	B. Bradley	Alderman
	M. M. Callaghan	Alderman
	T. Hodson	Alderman
	J. Holloway	Alderman
	H. Moxham	Alderman
	E. Mumford	Alderman
	R. Nixon	Alderman
	C. Wall	Alderman

### Officers

Appointed	F. A. Tompson	Council Clerk
	A.H. Bolton	Town Surveyor and Inspector of Nuisances

Commencing in 1858 River Paddle Steamers plied the Murrumbidgee as far as Wagga Wagga and beyond, when the conditions were favourable. In 1879, the Railway line was extended south of the River.

In 1881 the population had increased to 3,975.

The Municipality, by Notification in the New South Wales Government Gazette dated 26 April, 1946, was proclaimed as a CITY on 17 April, 1946. (The area having maintained a population of 15,000 over five consecutive years.)

On 1 January, 1981, under the provisions of the Local Government Areas Amalgamation Act 1980 (as amended), the existing City of Wagga Wagga became amalgamated with the surrounding Shires of Kyeamba and Mitchell, enlarging the area to 488,600 hectares with a population in excess of 50,000. As at 30 June, 1988, the enlarged City's population was estimated by the Australian Bureau of Statistics to be 51,300.

### Location:

Wagga Wagga, situated on the Murrumbidgee River, is 186.6 metres above sea level: is distant 518 km by rail from Sydney and 432 km from Melbourne on the Great Southern Railway Line. It is located on the Sturt Highway, which joins the Hume Highway 48 km distant to the east. It is the junction of the Sturt Highway and the Truck Road known as the "Olympic Way", which enables travellers by road to proceed to and from Sydney via Junee, Cootamundra, Cowra, Bathurst and the Blue Mountains area, instead of via the Hume Highway.

Excellent, regular and frequent rail, coach and air services travel each day to Sydney, Melbourne and other centres.

### The name "Wagga Wagga"

The name of the City is derived from the language of the Wiradjuri Tribe which was the biggest Aboriginal Tribe in New South Wales, embracing the Riverina Area. The name which came into use from Robert Holt Best's "Wagga Wagga Run" means "Crows" or "The place where crows assemble in large numbers".

The Murrumbidgee River, which runs through the City, also derived its name from the Aboriginal language and means "plenty water" or "big water".

A change of name ?????????????? local efforts thwarted !!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!

Extract from Swan, K. "A History of Wagga Wagga" (pages 80-81)

"Although the name "Wagga Wagga" helped to attract attention at the time of the Tichbourne affair some residents did not like it and suggested it might be changed. In the 1860's and 1870's it was pronounced broadly "Warggar Warggar" which a contemporary writer admitted was "neither euphonious, nor impressive, and lacks the liquid melody which so eminently characterises the Aboriginal...names"; he also said that

"When the public began to feel that Wagga Wagga was one of those envied places which would inevitably have greatness thrust upon her, there arose a sort of quixotic crusade against the name of the town and in favour of the substituting something more pleasing and significant to the sense and a worthy, learned and reverend lecturer, a Dr. Tucker, called a monster meeting to debate the propriety of exchanging the savage patismal for that of Alexandrian."

'Our-in-dwellers' rejected this name as they also rejected the name Belmore suggested in the late 1860's when the Earl of Belmore was Governor of New South Wales. They possibly considered the suggested names more euphonious; but 'Wagga Wagga' was evidently becoming famous; it has achieved for itself a place, and who was to say that the prestige acquired as Wagga Wagga might not be utterly lost.

An early prophecy - "a mighty place"

Extract from

Swan, K. "A History of Wagga Wagga" (page 41)

"To return briefly to the theme of great change enunciated at the beginning of this chapter - in twenty years the 'FINE COUNTRY WANTING IN POPULATION' had been extensively settled by pastoralists and urban settlement had begun.

Wagga Wagga, one of those urban centres, had regional responsibility from its beginning because it dispensed justice over a wide area. At the same time its site in 1849, even before gold had been discovered, was on an increasingly important line of communication. Yet not many contemporary observers, looking at its few bark huts, would have been as confident as the person who wrote, in December 1849,

'the site of Wagga Wagga is extremely well chosen, and was selected by some experienced residents originally as the site for a police station. Its public house and blacksmith's shop may appear to many a very weak hypothesis to found the structure of a city upon, but there is no doubt that it WILL ONE DAY BECOME A MIGHTY PLACE, and completely eclipse Gundagai and all those villages struggling into existence with an energy too desperate to last.' (61)."

(61) Sydney Morning Herald, 14 December, 1849.)

STREETS WHICH BORE A PREVIOUS NAME AND SUBSEQUENTLY RE-NAMED

<u>Former Name</u>	<u>Now Named</u>
Albert Street (Lake Albert)	Craft Street
Albert Street (North Wagga Wagga)	Wells Street
Albury Road	(Docker Street (Bourke Street
Anne's Road	College Avenue
Best Street South	Edmondson Street
Cemetery Road	Koorinal Road
Church Street (North Wagga Wagga)	McPherson Street
Coleman Street East	Copland Street
Coleman Street West	Chaston Street
Collins Street (North of Railway Line)	Station Place
Crampton Lane	Lampe Avenue
Docker Street South (South of Railway Line)	Bourke Street
Edward Street East	Hammond Avenue
Fernleigh Street	Dalton Street
Foxborough Avenue (Part)	Harrison Avenue
Forsyth Street East	Small Street
Garland Street (Turvey Park; the original name when Kyeamba Shire)	Blamey Street
Heath Street (Lake Albert)	Inglis Street
Inglewood Road (Part)	Kyeamba Avenue
June Road (Part)	Hampden Avenue
Kennedy Avenue (Part)	Alldis Place
Lakeside Drive (Part)	Eastlakes Drive
Little Gurwood Street	Sturt Street
Morgan Street East	Day Street
Morgan Street (Lake Albert)	Rowe Street
Narrandera Road (Part)	Gardiner Street (Part)
Rowan Street (Lake Albert)	Bocquet Street
Rural Bank Lane	Rural Place
Short Street	Morrow Street (Part)
Tarcutta Road (Part)	Hammond Avenue
Urana Road	Ashmont Avenue
Willans Street	Mitchelmore Street (Part)
Wollundry Street	Oates Avenue

## NOTATIONS OF PARTICULAR INTEREST

1. Certain Streets - this information obtained and supplied by Mr. (Later Alderman) Walter Slade Hardy to Mr. Robert Emblen, Town Clerk. The text regarding the four Streets is quoted from Mr Hardy's letter to Mr. Emblen.

"A feature of the naming in Newtown - I fancy Surveyor Bolton was responsible - and few folks know of this lasting memorial:

BAYLIS	6 letters	First Magistrate	The Crown
PETER	5 letters	First Pastoralist	The Land
BEST	4 letters	First Settler	The People
FOX	3 letters	First Resident C Of E Clergyman	The Church

The Street Names of South Wagga Wagga (Newtown) are corner stones of our progress."

(The above streets run parallel to one another, in north and south direction, in the above order proceeding westwards of Baylis Street.)

2. Newtown - The name 'NEWTOWN' was given to the land opened up in subdivision south of Wollundry Lagoon, following on the survey of such area by Surveyor P.F. Adams "in the initial survey of the "Newtown" Section of Wagga Wagga in 1858". The name was used for many years and was also applied to "Newtown Park" (renamed "Collins Park" on 19<sup>th</sup> April, 1936). However the use of "Newtown" gradually fell into disuse with the growth of the Municipality towards the south.

Hereunder are a few Extracts from "Back to Wagga" Souvenir Booklet, 1927, being the Official Souvenir of Back to Wagga Celebrations, October 16<sup>th</sup> - 22<sup>nd</sup> 1927. ----An article entitled "The Aborigines" by Robert Emblen.

3. Wiradjuri Aboriginal People - "The Murrumbidgee (Wiradjuri) nation occupied a large extent of territory. It embraced all the Murrumbidgee country from about Gundagai to Hay, and practically all of the area between the Lachlan and the Murray. It was probably the most numerous and powerful of all the Australian Tribes."
4. Wagga Wagga - "Wagga Wagga is derived from "Wahga" or "Wahgan", a crow. The repetition of the word was the aboriginal method of expressing the plural, or emphasis, thus 'Wagga Wagga' means "crows", or more generally speaking, "the place where crows assemble in large numbers." -- " At one period in our early history a certain Dr. Tucker, who had a rooted objection to native names, actually called a public meeting having for its object the changing of the name of the town to 'Alexandrina'. However, the meeting unanimously rejected the suggestion with great indignation, and no more was heard of it."
5. Murrumbidgee - "The blacks pronounced it more like 'morum beja' - means "plenty water" or "big water".

6. Wollundry - "The name of the lagoon in the centre of town, is 'place of stones' - probably suggested by the pile of rocks in the Murrumbidgee, where the lagoon connected with the river."
7. Eunonyhareenyha - "(Unanoreena) -- 'Eunong lives here'; this spot having been in the remote times the dwelling place of Eunong, a warrior of considerable renown, and reputed to be of great stature. Mr J.J. Baylis gives another meaning, viz: "fighting blacks lying in ambush," while Mr B.B. Bennett states that the original name was Eunanoreena, and that an old time postmaster was responsible for the altered spelling "Eunonyhareenyha".  
(The name of the Eunony Bridge over the River is an abbreviation of Eunonyhareenyha).





STREETS, ROADS, LANES

ROAD/STREET NAME	LOCATION (SUBURBAN AREA)	YEAR NAMED (where known)	DERIVATION, MEANING, SIGNIFICANCE IN HONOUR/RECOGNITION OF OR TRIBUTE TO
ACACIA Street	Koorungal	1964	From the genus of trees of the Mimosa family; of which the numerous indigenous wattles of Australia form part.
ADAMS Street	Ashmont	1969	P.C. ADAMS, Deputy Surveyor-General of the Colony, who is accredited with the laying-out of the initial design of the area south of Wollundry Lagoon (known as "Newtown") in 1858. C.F. Bolton was a Chainman for this surveyor. Also perpetuates the name of Arthur Leslie ADAMS (1903 - 1982), Chartered Accountant, who served as Alderman of the Council from 7 May, 1955 to 6 Dec. 1959. Qualified as Chartered Accountant in Sydney in 1926 came to Wagga Wagga and entered partnership with Geoffrey Paul Turner in 1928. Became the principal partner in A.L. Adams & Partners until 1966, when he retired due to ill health; actively associated with various Community affairs and was, for very many years, Honorary Treasurer of St. Andrews Presbyterian Church. President of Wagga Wagga & District Ambulance Service for 27 years; was Master, Masonic Lodge Loyalty (Wagga Wagga) in 1941-42; foundation Secretary of Wagga Wagga Apex, Past President, Wagga Wagga Rotary Club, Died at Wagga Wagga, 4 Dec. 1982. Buried Wagga Wagga Lawn Cemetery.
ADJIN Street	Tolland	1973	Aboriginal word for "Water"
AKAMA Street (awaiting dedication & construction by sub-divider)	Glenfield Park	1985	Aboriginal word meaning "Whale"
ALBERT Street	Wagga Wagga	1840's	In the area surveyed in the 1840's. assumed was named after Prince ALBERT (1819 - 1861), consort of Queen Victoria. Three streets in the now city area have borne this name - that in North Wagga Wagga being re-named Wells Street in 1938 and that in Lake Albert Village renamed Craft Street in 1960 (the latter action taken following extension of city boundaries shortly before that).

ALBURY Street	Wagga Wagga	N/K	After the town (now City) of ALBURY - some 130 km to the south of Wagga Wagga on the Murray River. This street formed portion of the old original road leading out of Wagga Wagga towards Albury - skirting the Wollundry Lagoon, before any bridge was constructed across the lagoon.
ALDER Road	Lake Albert	1975	Arboreal derivation. ALDER, (of the Birch family) a group of deciduous shrubs and trees that grow in temperate and cooler regions.
ALEXANDER Street	Ashmont	1960	Field Marshal Harold Rupert Leofric George ALEXANDER (1891-1969); Born Northern Ireland; Served in the British Army in World War I; became a distinguished British Army Commander in World War II participated at the Evacuation of Dunkerque; later served in the campaigns of North Africa; was Supreme Allied Commander Mediterranean Theatre 1944-45; served as Governor General of Canada 1945-52; later entering Politics, he was British Minister for Defence 1952-54.
ALLAMBIE Way	Mt. Austin	1976	Aboriginal derivation meaning "Quiet Place"
ALLAWAH Lane	Wagga Wagga	N/K	Aboriginal meaning "Camp Here" or "Stay Here"
ALLDIS Place	Kooringal	1982	Frederick William ALLDIS - Alderman of the Council from 1 March 1930 to 2 Dec. 1931. Headmaster of Wagga Wagga District Rural School (Gurwood Street) from 28 April 1924 until Dec. 1930. This was the earliest public school in Wagga Wagga. First established in 1861 by Mr George Robinson under the Colonial Education Council. During his term as Headmaster, the School comprised Infants, Primary (to 6 <sup>th</sup> class) and Secondary Education to 3 <sup>rd</sup> Year Status. (Alldis Place was, prior to re-naming, part of Kennedy Avenue).
ALLEN Street	Ashmont	1978	Brian Vivian ALLEN; Chartered Accountant; Alderman of the Council for six years from 1971 to 1977 - including Mayor for one year from 28 Sept. 1976 until 17 Sept. 1977. Served in RAAF in Europe in World War II.
ALLONBY Avenue			From the well-known agricultural property "ALLONBY" which at one time embraced part of the land on which the R.A.A.F. Base and Airport is now situated.
ALPHA Lane	Wagga Wagga	N/K	Old established laneway. Probably named after the

			first letter of the Greek alphabet.
AMAROO Street	Koorinal	1974	Aboriginal word meaning "Beautiful Place".
AMSTERDAM Crescent	Tolland	1975	To recognise the 700 <sup>th</sup> Anniversary of the founding of the City of AMSTERDAM (Holland) in 1975. AMSTERDAM is the commercial Capital and largest city in the Netherlands; it lies at the junction of the Amstel River and the Ij, an arm of a large lake called the Ijsselmeer; the City's name means "Dam of the Amstel" and refers to the dam built there during the 1200's. Also in recognition of the numerous Dutch families who migrated from Holland in the years following World War II and eventually took up permanent residence in Wagga Wagga.
AMUNDSEN Street	North Wagga Wagga	1958	Roald AMUNDSEN (1872-1928) Born in Norway; Antarctic Explorer; reached the South Pole on a journey with four others by dog sled in 1911.
ANDREWS Avenue	Koorinal	1969	John Hayward ANDREWS, City Engineer. He conceived, planned and supervised the construction of the system of flood levee banks 8.04 to 9.7 km in length (5 to 6 miles) on the southern side of Murrumbidgee River in the City area in 1960. Served the Council from July 1947 to Jan. 1949 as Assistant Engineer and from 21 Feb. 1956 to 22 Dec. 1961 as City Engineer. Ultimately became a Deputy Commissioner of the Qld. Main Roads Department and in 1984 was appointed and served a tour of duty as Qld. Agent-General in London.
ANEMBO Place	Koorinal	1970	Aboriginal word meaning "Peaceful"
ANGEL Street	Lake Albert	1960	Henry ANGEL (1790-1881); one of the greatest of old pioneers; a member of the Hume and Hovell expedition in 1824, and the first white man to swim the Murray River; one time part owner of Uardry Station on the lower Murrumbidgee River. He later settled at Lake Albert where he resided until his death aged 91 years. Great grandfather of Wagga Wagga's first Victoria Cross winner, Corporal J.H. Edmondson (early World War II). He was born near Salisbury (England). Came to Australia in the ship "Neptune" in 1817. Farmed for some years near Wollongong and in 1844 took up the "Uardry Run" near Hay. Retired to his property at Lake Albert in 1864. Buried Wagga Cemetery. (Refer to Hume Street)
ANGELA Road	Lake Albert	1987	Sister ANGELA; was the first Irish Postulate to enter the Australian Order of the Presentation Sisters;

			which Order of Nuns set up at Mr. Erin Convent in 1874. (Refer also to Erin Street, Kildare Avenue and Nagle Street)
ANNE Street	Tolland	1962/63	Named by the subdividers, Mr & Mrs B.G. Kennedy after their daughter "Anne" (in Kenilla Subdivision - Stage 2) (refer to Kennedy Avenue)
ANZAC Avenue	Wagga Wagga		"ANZAC", the Australian, New Zealand Army Corps of the 1914-18 World War. Formed in Egypt early in World War I, this force of about 30,000 men took part, with other Allied Forces, in the landing on Gallipoli Peninsula on 25 April, 1915. Name applied at the request of the Wagga Wagga Sub-Branch, R.S.S. & A.I.L.A.. The name is applied to the northern footpath of Morrow Street along the southern elevation of the Victory Memorial Gardens which is lined with Lombardy Poplar Trees.
ARAJOEL Drive	Cartwrights Hill	1974	The land Parish of ARAJOEL, which is within the City boundaries (as a result of the amalgamation with Mitchell Shire on 1/1/1981) and which is situated west of Wagga Wagga near the Village of Galore between the Murrumbidgee River and the Galore Hill and has its boundaries with the Shires of Narrandera and Lockhart. ARAJOEL, an Aboriginal word meaning "Yam growing on plains".
ARNOTT Street	Ashmont	1969	George Chapman ARNOTT, Contractor, who was unsuccessful in the Municipal Election on 13 Feb, 1893, but was elected on 4 Feb, 1896, and served as an Alderman until 12 Feb. 1906, when he was declared defeated on the casting vote of the Returning Officer - both candidates having polled 88 votes each.
ARTHUR Street	North Wagga Wagga	N/K	Named by Surveyor G.W. Commins after his son ARTHUR.
ASCOT Street	Lake Albert	1983	ASCOT: famous English Racecourse near Windsor in County of Berkshire. The Royal Ascot Meeting is held annually in June; is a fashionable race-meeting and important social function traditionally attended by Royalty; the meeting was commenced early in the 18 <sup>th</sup> Century.
ASHMONT Avenue	Ashmont	1955	Perpetuates the original homestead of the Salmon Family known as "ASHMONT" built on Salmon's Hill - south side of Urana Road (now Ashmont Avenue). The old homestead was purchased in 1965 by Sisters of Compassion, as the permanent site of the "Loreto Home of Compassion" - for the care of

			indigent, elderly and sick patients.
ASPEN Road	Tatton	1978	Arboreal derivation. ASPEN - a species of the Popar Tree found in parts of Europe, North America and Asia - introduced into Australia - the wood is used in wood products of many kinds - including matches.
ATHOL Street	Turvey Park	1923	Named by the subdivider James Henry WOODEN after his son. Was part of his "Grandview Estate Subdivision" - allotments submitted for auction on 28 July, 1923. (Approved by Kyeamba Shire Council).
ATKINS Place	Estella	1979	Brian Francis ATKINS - last and final Principal of Wagga Wagga Agricultural College on its transfer to and absorption with the Riverina College of Advanced Education. Mr Atkins was Lecturer in Chemistry (1967 to 1976) prior to becoming Principal.
AVOCET Drive	Estella	1979	Being the name of a variety of irrigation wheat developed and released from the Wagga Wagga Agricultural Research Station. The Minister for Primary Industry, Mr Day named this wheat (after a water bird) at a Field Day held on 2 Nov. 1979. The Minister also named the street in this subdivision.
AVON Avenue	Lake Albert	1972	From the AVON River, on which Stratford-on-Avon, the birthplace of William Shakespeare, stands.
AWABA Avenue	Tolland	1973	Aboriginal word meaning "Plain Surface".
AZALEA Place	Lake Albert	1982	Botanical derivation. AZALEA, a group of flowering shrubs, grown in gardens which have handsome blossoms and is related to Rhododendron.
BACHALI Street	Bomen	1975	The BACHALI family who conducted extensive orchard pursuits at Bomen over very many years known as "Olympic Orchard". Part of the land for the original Municipal Abattoir complex was acquired from the Bachali Family shortly aprior to 1951. The Bachali's also conducted a fruit retailing and greengrocer shop over many years on west side of Baylis Street a few doors to the north of Morgan Street.
BAIRD Avenue	Kooringal	1969	The Reverend Donald Mackenzie BAIRD (1902-1980). Minister of St. Andrews Presbyterian Church, 1948-1976; he created a record for service longer than any previous Minister of St. Andrews; born at Perth W.A. 14 June, 1902; died at Wagga Wagga 4 Apr. 1980 having retired in 1976. The first

			<p>Presbyterian Church Service in Wagga Wagga was held in 1849, with foundation stone of St. Andrews Church building in Cross Street being laid in 1869 by Sir Andrews Stephen, Chief Justice of N.S.W. completed in 1870. The Rev. Baird, in addition to his clerical duties in his parish, was actively associated with the Tulloch Memorial Hostel for Boys in Coleman Street which was rebuilt in 1969.</p>
BALLANTYNE Place (awaiting dedication & construction by the subdivider	Estella	1980	Mr J BALLANTYNE, who was Manager of the Agricultural Research Institute for a number of years. He was also an Agronomist in the District.
BALMORAL Crescent	Lake Albert	1972	So named at the request of the Subdivider, Mr Gerald Scott to perpetuate his family's association with BALMORAL in Scotland.
BANDERA Avenue	Glenfield Park	1976	Aboriginal derivation meaning "Reed" or "Swamp"
BANKS Avenue	Kooringal	1970	Sir Joseph BANKS (1743-1820), English Botanist, who accompanied Captain James Cook aboard HMS Endeavour on its voyage in 1768-71, when, in 1770 Captain Cook discovered the east coast of Australia which he named New South Wales; received a Knighthood in 1781. A reproduction of his portrait together with a Botanical Theme is a feature of the Australian \$5 Bank-Note.
BANKSIA Place	Tatton	1988	Botanical derivation. BANKSIA, a species of flowering shrubs, native to Australia- so named after Sir Joseph Banks, renowned Botanist, who accompanied Captain James Cook on his voyage when the eastern coast of Australia was discovered in 1770. (Refer Banks Avenue)
BANNER Avenue			N/K
BANOOL Place	Kooringal	1985	Aboriginal word meaning "Hill".
BARDIA Street	Ashmont	1960	BARDIA, Cyrenaica, Libya. Mediterranean Sea-port near the Egyptian border; featured prominently in the North African Campaigns in World War II; it had heavy Italian fortifications; was captured for the first time by Australian Forces in January, 1941; later changed hands between opposing Armies and was finally captured by the British in November, 1942. When participating in the initial attack on Bardia, it was the first time the Aust. Army went into action in

			World War II (6 Aust. Div.).
BARDO Lane	Wagga Wagga	N/K	Aboriginal word meaning "Coot".
BAREE Place	Kooringal	1978	Aboriginal derivation for "Mountainside".
BARETTA Lane	Wagga Wagga	N/K	Aboriginal word "Baratta" of the Wiradjuri Tribe - meaning "Cormorant".
BARINYA Street	Kooringal	1963	Wiradjuri Tribal word meaning "A Star".
BARRAND Street	Wagga Wagga	1955	Alderman Leslie BARRAND, M.M. (Military Medal World War I) - (1895-1968) first elected to the Council on 1 Dec. 1934 remaining an Alderman until 3 Sept. 1959, when he resigned on retirement from his business (transport & carrier) leaving the area to reside in Sydney. Was elected Mayor on 13 Dec. 1946, and served in that Office in 1947, 1948, 1949. He ran a Carrying Business in the City for over 30 years. Born in Drysdale (Vic), and, after War Service in the A.I.F. in World War I, settled in Wagga Wagga in 1919; winner of King's Prize for Rifle Shooting (Vic) in 1931. President Wagga Wagga Sub-Branch, RSS and AILA 1938/39 and President RSL Club 1954; President Wagga Wagga Commercial Club 1958-59. Served on the Council as Alderman for 24 years. Died 24 June 1968. Though Barrand Street was so named in 1955, it was not constructed and opened until July 1972.
BASS Street	Lake Albert	1973	George BASS (1771-1803), Navy Surgeon, Navigator, Explorer; first came to the Colony in 1795 with Matthew Flinders made several explorations along the Australian coast; their small boat "Tom Thumb" was a feature of their voyages in the 1790/s; In 1798 Bass and Flinders circumnavigated Van Dieman's Land (Tasmania) proving it to be an island.
BAVARIA Street	Tolland	1972	The State of BAVARIA, West Germany and to perpetuate the association between the cities of Wagga Wagga and Nordlingen (located in Bavaria) as Sister Cities, - such affiliation having been established in 1967. (Refer to Nordlingen Drive)
BAVIN Street	Bomen	1958	Sir Thomas Rainsford BAVIN K.C. (1874-1941) Judge and Premier of N.S.W.; born New Zealand; gained L1.B. at Sydney University 1894; prominent in political moves for Federation of Australian Colonies; was Private Secretary to Prime Ministers Edmind Barton and Alfred Deakin; elected to Legislative Assembly in 1917; served as Premier and

---

Treasurer from October, 1927 until 1932 as Leader of Nationalist and progressive Parties.

---

BAYLIS Street	Wagga Wagga	N/K	Henry BAYLIS (1826-1905), born Edinburgh, Scotland. First Police Magistrate in Wagga Wagga, appointed 1 Jan 1858, occupying the position with marked ability until his retirement in 1896. In 1863 was wounded by the bushrangers, Dan "Mad Dog" Morgan and his partner, Clarke, (whilst travelling by horseback en route to his duties in Urana) and suffered injury to the shoulder. Was an original Committeeman of Murrumbidgee Pastoral & Agricultural Association. After his retirement he lived at Homebush, where he was accidentally killed in a railway accident. Was the second son of Captain T.H. Baylis, of H.M. 17 <sup>th</sup> Regiment, who arrived in the colony with his family on 21 June, 1831. Finished his education at Kings School, Parramatta, after 4 years in a lawyer's office, following some farming pursuits, he entered the Government Service as C.P.S. at Hartley on 9 Aug. 1852 - being appointed Wagga Wagga Police Magistrate on 1 Jan. 1858. At time of his appointment to Wagga Wagga, the town was "exceedingly small" with only five brick buildings and a few scattered wooden ones "with a population of less than 150 souls". He displayed much interest in the advancement of the town and district and used to employ hard-labour prisoners in grubbing and clearing the towns streets. It was largely through his interest that the first bridge over the Murrumbidgee was erected. His family home ultimately "Goonigul" - a large two storied brick home - with frontage to Dobbs & Kincaid Streets and Goonigul Avenue (now the site of the Wagga Wagga R.S.L. Club). (See "Notations of Particular Interest" page) (Some of the information extracted from W. Frederic Morrisson - "The Aldine Centennial History of N.S.W." (1888) Vol. 11 - Appendix - biographical Sketches - under Wagga Wagga.)
---------------	-------------	-----	---

---

BEAUTY POINT Avenue	Wagga Wagga	1940	So named at the request of the subdivider, Mrs Lena Violet Clark when the subdivision was approved by the Council. Name alludes to the commanding view from the street.
---------------------	-------------	------	---

---

BECKWITH Street	Wagga Wagga	1849	One of the oldest streets in the City. Named by Major Sir Thomas Mitchell - Surveyor-General of the Colony in his first subdivisional plan of Wagga Wagga in 1849. Named after one of his fellow officers in the 95 <sup>th</sup> Regiment of Foot with whom he
-----------------	-------------	------	---

---

			served during the Peninsular War (1809) under the Duke of Wellington - viz - Sir Thomas Sydney BECKWITH, K.C.B., K.T.S., appointed to Rifle Bde, 1800; Colonel Commandant 2 <sup>nd</sup> Bn. 27.1.1827; Lt. Gen. 22.7.1830, Gold Medals for VIMIERA 1808, CORUNNA 1809, BUSACO 1810; present at COPENHAGEN; at attack on FERROL; served in WALCHEREN Expedition; died MAHABLESHWUR HILLS, Bombay, 19.1.1831.
BELLEVUE Parade	Kooringal	1966	"Bellevue" - French for "beautiful view".
BELTANA	Mount Austin	1955	Name submitted by the subdividers, T.M. Burke Pty Ltd for approval on the original subdivision plan ("Cherrywood Estate"). Aboriginal word meaning "Running Water".
BENNETT Street	Ashmont	1960	Henry Gordon BENNETT (1887-1962), born Melbourne: General Officer Commanding Australian Forces (8 Aust Div) in Malaya 1941-42.
BERALA Street	Kooringal	1962	Aboriginal Wiradjuri Tribe word for "Musk Duck"
BEREMBEE Road	Bourkelands	1987	"BEREMBEE" an excellent mixed farming and grazing property fronting Old Man Creek - originally portion of "Wagingoberembe"; intensive farming of cereals, fodder production and sheep breeding.
BERRY Street	Wagga Wagga	N/K	Probably named by Surveyor Bolton after an early Surveyor when the Newtown area was surveyed.
BEST Street	Wagga Wagga	N/K	Robert Holt BEST, the first settler in the Wagga Wagga area, who took up land in 1832 on south banks of Murrumbidgee River, west of Flowerdale Lagoon; he named his land holding "Wagga Wagga Run"; the original homestead, built on the river flood plain was destroyed in the 1852 flood, and a new homestead was erected on higher ground - now known as Flowerdale - not far to the south of the original site. The family graveyard of the Best Family still exists in reasonable proximity to the present day "Flowerdale" home. Robert Holt Best died in 1853 (aged 40) following a fall from his horse, and was buried in the family graveyard - his being the first internment therein. His young son, Robert Holt Best Junior, who was also killed in a fall from a horse a short time after his father's death, is buried beside his father. The family graveyard referred to, is a short distance to the north-east of Clowes Place (off Truscott Drive, Ashmont): it has a well-preserved brick enclosure with a cast-iron

decorative fence. There are eleven headstones within the enclosure - two of which bear the following inscriptions carved into the sandstone memorials:

"Sacred to the memory of  
ROBERT HOLT BEST  
Who departed this life  
September 26<sup>th</sup> 1853  
Aged 40 years  
Whilst we are in life  
We are in death".

"Sacred to the memory of  
ROBERT HOLT BEST JNR  
who departed this life  
April 3<sup>rd</sup> 1855  
Aged 13 years  
O death where is thy sting  
O grave where is thy victory?  
1 cor. XV Chap. 55V."

(Refer also to Best Reserve) (See "Notations of Particular Interest" page)

BILLAGHA Street	Wagga Wagga	N/K	Aboriginal word meaning "Head of Belah".
BIMBEEN Street	Wagga Wagga	1923	Aboriginal word meaning "Round-leaved Box".
BINDA Place	Ashmunt	1973	"Binda" - Aboriginal for "Grass Tree".
BINGHAM Place	Tolland	1977	James Frederick BINGHAM - the first Area Director of Education appointed to Wagga Wagga; he was most active in many service and community areas. Upon retirement was appointed and carried out much of the detailed work leading to the establishment and commencement of the Riverina College of Advanced Education. Was President of Wagga Wagga Rotary Club in 1958/59.
BINNAK Place	Mount Austin	1955	Name submitted on subdivisional plan for Council's approval, when the area was subdivided. "Binnak" is Aboriginal word for "Eucalyptus Botryoides", a variety of beautiful dark green foliage, useful for windbreak and shade.
BIRCH Road	Lake Albert	1972	Arboreal derivation. Tree of the Betulace Genus - an ornamental, graceful tree, hardy and deciduous, with small poplar-like foliage which changes colour in autumn. Betula Alba is the well-known Silver Birch.
BIRDWOOD Street	Ashmunt	1963	Field Marshal William Riddell BIRDWOOD (1865-1951); born India; graduated from Sandhurst Military Academy; became G.O.C. Australian and New Zealand Army Corps (ANZAC) in Egypt, Gallipoli and France in World War I. Promoted to rank Field Marshal in 1925.
BIROOMBA Lane	Wagga Wagga	N/K	Aboriginal word meaning "Plover".
BLACKBUTT Road	Lake Albert	1976	Arboreal derivation. BLACKBUTT being the common name for Eucalyptus Pilularis Sm.

BLAKE Street	Wagga Wagga	N/K	William John ("Dinny") BLAKE, an early resident of Wagga Wagga - blacksmith, wheelwright and coach builder, who later acquired "Cockatoo Island" grazing property and later still, resided on a grazing property in Cunnamulla District of Queensland where he died.
BLAKEMORE Avenue	Ashmont	1968	George Leslie BLAKEMORE, first (foundation) Principal of Wagga Teachers' College from 9 June, 1947 until his death on 21 Sept. 1958. Born on 10 Feb. 1900 at Broadmeadow, N.S.W., he attained his Master of Arts Degree at Sydney University. Buried at Wagga Wagga Cemetery. To quote Mr M.E. Hale, successor Principal at the Teachers' College - "Mr Blakemore had as his main attributes, sound academic training, wide experience in teaching and educational administration and boundless energy, all of which were most necessary for the creation of the College".
BLAMEY Street	Turvey Park	1939	Field-Marshal Sir Thomas Albert BLAMEY, G.B.E., K.C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., E.D., (1884-1951), born at Lake Albert (Wagga Wagga); distinguished Australian Soldier of two World Wars; served Aust. Military Forces 1906-1951; including Active Service at Gallipoli becoming Chief of Staff A.I.F. in 1918. After outbreak of World War II he rose to G.O.C. A.I.F. 1939-42; Commander in Chief Aust. Military Forces 1942-45; Commander Allied Land Forces S.W. Pacific Area 1942-45; (General Douglas MacArthur being the Supreme Allied Commander.) Between the two World Wars served as Chief Commissioner of Victoria Police 1925-1936. Had the honour of being the first Australian to be promoted to the high rank of Field Marshal. (Blamey Barracks at Kapooka so named in his honour) (Previously named Garland Street) (Refer also to Historical Markers Section herein - Plaque - Centenary of Birth of Field Marshal Sir Thomas Blamey)
BLAXLAND Road	Wagga Wagga	1958	Gregory BLAXLAND (1778-1853) Australian explorer; a free-settler, he came to the Colony from England in 1806; took up farming pursuits to the west of Sydney; was a member of the expedition in company with Wentworth and Lawson which made the first crossing of the Blue Mountains, in 1813.

BLIGH Street	Lloyd	1988	Captain William BLIGH; (1754-1817) - became Governor of N.S.W. in 1806; Officer of the Royal Navy, he was Captain aboard HMS Bounty in 1789 when a majority of the crew, led by Fletcher Christian, mutinied after leaving Tahiti. The mutineers set Bligh (and a number of the crew) adrift in an open boat, which he ultimately sailed to Timor - a renowned navigational feat. A feature of his term as Governor of N.S.W. was The Rum Rebellion in 1808, when he was arrested by Officers of the N.S.W. Corps.
BLUETT Crescent	Turvey Park	1946	Mr A.R. Bluett - a life-long worker for advancement of Local Government who was born in Wagga Wagga in 1879 - died 1944 - educated at Bathurst and Fort Street High School. Began his legal career as articled Clerk to Mr J. Morgan, who was a State Member for Windsor. For 18 years he wrote a weekly column in the "Herald", which did much to explain the work of Councils to the layman and interpret the complexities of Local Government Law. He was co-author of "Local Government Law and Practice" and "Local Government Handbook". Was a member of the Local Government Superannuation Board and did much to improve and perfect the scheme. BLUETT Memorial Award named in his honour - being annual awards to NSW Councils for Local Government progress.
BOCQUET Street	Lake Albert	1960	The BOCQUET Family - old residents of the Lake Albert area. Son, Gerald, attached to the R.A.A.F., flew first Lancaster from England to Australia on experimental flight: lost his life in C.S.I.R.O. aircraft near Cronulla. (Previously named Rowan Street.)
BOLGER Avenue	Mount Austin	1950s	James BOLGER (1865-1940), who, with members of his family, conducted farming pursuits on his property known as "Mount Austin" acquired by the Housing Commission of N.S.W. to form part of the Mt. Austin Housing estate. Also for Christopher Bolger (1910-1935), who lived at Mt Austin Homestead and was murdered on 28 December, 1935 by a farm hand employed at Mt. Austin. His death was inflicted by a shot gun, with the body thrown down a well at rear of homestead. Christopher Bolger was active in the Wagga Wagga Beach Life Saving Club of which he was a popular and competent member.

BOLTON Street	Wagga Wagga	N/K	Constantine Francis BOLTON, Surveyor (1840-1923) born at "Abbey Green" Singleton, N.S.W., on 3 Mar. 1810, some few months after arrival of his parents in Australia from England; died 1923 at his home in Best Street, Wagga Wagga; was the son of Rev. R.T. Bolton, M.A.(Cantab.), who died after returning to England as Vicar of Padbury (Bucks.); Surveyor C.F. BOLTON was associated with Surveyor P.F. Adams in the initial survey of the "Newtown" Section of Wagga Wagga in 1858, and was afterwards for many years District Surveyor in Wagga Wagga; original owner of "Moorong" Estate; Alderman of the Municipal Council from 11 Feb. 1901 to 2 Feb 1904; President of the Riverine Club 1904-16. (See also Bolton Park) (For further information re C.F. Bolton refer to Swan, K. - "A History of Wagga Wagga" pages 109/10 & 115)
BOMEN Road	North Wagga Wagga	1958	Aboriginal word of the Wiradjuri Tribe meaning "Deep", and apparently taking its name from the deep lagoon on the North side of the Murrumbidgee River, originally known as "Bowmin Lagoon". (Refer to Bomen Suburban Area)
BOOROOMA Street	Estella & Boorooma	N/K	Aboriginal word meaning "Home of the Swan" also "Lake". (Refer to Boorooma Suburban Area)
BOREE Street	Cartwrights Hill	1974	The land Parish of BOREE Creek - South-West of Wagga Wagga. "Boree", aboriginal word for "Fire" - also "North Head" - Port Jackson.
BORNEO Place	Ashmont	1974	BORNEO a large island to the east of the Malayan Peninsula and the Island of Java. Japanese Forces during World War II, invade Borneo in December, 1941 and occupied it thereafter. Australian Forces, towards the end of the war waged several major campaigns at places to the north of the island. (Refer to Tarakan Avenue).
BORONIA Street	Kooringal	1963	BORONIA - botanical derivation - a species of shrub native of Australia; of the family 'Rutaceae': some bear sweet-scented flowers.

BOSWELL Street	Tolland	1973	Mrs. Lina Clarice Boswell who was Official Organist at Wesley (Methodist) Church, Johnston Street, Wagga Wagga from age of 13 years for a period of sixty (60) years - celebrating her 85 <sup>th</sup> birthday in Apr. 1973. She had been President of the 50/50 Club which, up till 1973, raised \$25,000 distributed to charities in the City. A most capable pianist/organist, she used little sheet music and played mainly from memory. For many years she and fellow musicians operated a Dance Band regularly providing the music at public dances held at the "Wonderland Theatre" and adjoining "Coconut Grove" which drew large attendances both mid-week and on Saturday nights. A fitting tribute was paid to her by the Church and Community at a "Salute to Mrs Boswell Service" (at which she was present) held at Wesley Church on 8 Apr. 1973. She died 29 <sup>th</sup> June, 1980 aged 92 years. Buried Methodist Portion, Wagga Wagga Monumental Cemetery beside her late husband, Albert James Boswell, who predeceased her in 1959 aged 71 years.
BOULEVARDE (The)	Kooringal	1951	Name selected (and shown on the original subdivisional plan approved by the Kyeamba Shire Council) by the subdivider, Mr Stanley Nelder Henwood. Was part of the area comprised in an extension of the City Boundaries on 7 Dec. 1951. So named as the street surrounds a large parkland - later named Henwood Park.
BOURKE Street	Various	1945	Michael BOURKE - the original owner of land in the locality traversed by the street. The Wagga Wagga Showground formed part of his holding.
BOWEN Place	Tolland	1977	Constable BOWEN of Wagga Wagga, who led the police in the final "showdown" with bushranger "Captain Moonlite" at Wantabadgery, in Nov. 1879. Constable Bowen was shot by the bushrangers during the affray and died of wounds a few days later. A public monument was erected to him and a pension was settled on his wife, whilst the Government undertook the care and education of his children. "Captain Moonlite", whose real name was Andrew George Scott (37) (together with his accomplices) was tried at Darlinghurst Court House on charge of murdering Constable Bowen (the trial lasting 4 days) and "Moonlite" (Scott) together with his accomplice (Rogan) was hanged at Darlinghurst in 1880.

BOYD Place	Tolland	1977	Benjamin BOYD (c.1796-1851) Scottish born; arrived Sydney 1842; became a trader and pastoralist; founded BOYD TOWN on N.S.W. South Coast at Twofold Bay, where he built a township, sea-port and whaling station.
BRADLEY Place	Tolland	1968	Benjamin BRADLEY who was elected to the first Borough Council, after its proclamation on 15 Mar. 1870. He was elected on 16 June, 1870 and served until 19 Jan. 1871.
BRADMAN Street	Lloyd	1988	Sir Donald BRADMAN; famous Australian Cricketer - born 1908 at Cootamundra. Started his Cricket Test career in 1928, retiring from 1 <sup>st</sup> Class Cricket in 1949 in which year he was Knighted for his sportsmanship and his outstanding career in Cricket.
BROAD Street	Wagga Wagga	N/K	It has been suggested this street named after Stanley (or maybe Sydney) F. BROAD, employed by the Municipal Council who was for a number of years Head Gardener (or Curator) in charge of the "Newtown Park" - the name of which long since changed to "Collins Park".
BROOKLYN Drive	Bourkelands	1987	"BROOKLYN" - a substantial grazing property between Wagga Wagga and Holbrook in the Kyeamba Valley, suited for both sheep and cattle, situated south of Ladysmith; held for many years by John and Alec Wallace-Smith.
BROOKONG Avenue	Wagga Wagga	1920's	"BROOKONG STATION" - a large pastoral property west of Lockhart in the Riverina. Aboriginal word "Brookong" means "Scrub", also "Magpie".
BROOKS Circlet	Tolland	1977	Terrence J. BROOKS, Council's first Town Planner who was responsible for the original Town Planning Scheme. Served the Council from 1952 to 1958. Emigrated to Australia from Southampton (England) after service in British Army in World War II.
BROTHERWOOD Street	North Wagga Wagga	N/K	A family name of an early Licensed Surveyor, George William Commins, of "Springfield", North Wagga Wagga.
BRUCE Street	Tolland	1963	Name submitted on original subdivision plan by subdividers, Mr and Mrs B.G. Kennedy - in honour of their son, BRUCE. (Refer to Kennedy Avenue)

BRUNSKILL Avenue	Forest Hill		Thomas Vincent BRUNSKILL, Farmer and Grazier of Inglewood Road, Forest Hill; life-long resident of the district; former Councillor, and President Kyeamba Shire Council 1945-46. Died 20 <sup>th</sup> July, 1980 - aged 88 years. Buried Wesleyan Portion Monumental Cemetery, Wagga Wagga.
BRUNSKILL Avenue	Lake Albert	1958	The BRUNSKILL Family - pioneer residents of Lake Albert and the Wagga Wagga District. One member, Elizabeth BRUNSKILL (nee Vincent) life-long resident of Lake Albert buried in the Methodist Portion of Wagga Wagga Cemetery 16 Nov. 1963, aged 97, beside her late husband, Christopher Hodgson Brunskill, who pre-deceased her in 1901, aged 39 years. Robert Lancaster BRUNSKILL, one of her sons, served as an Alderman of the City Council from 5 Dec. 1959 to 18 Sep. 1971 (11 years 9 months). Born and raised in Wagga Wagga, he owned the Gobbagumbalin property on the Old Narrandera Road for 30 years and developed it into a highly respected Friesian stud and became Wagga Wagga's largest supplier of milk. He was a Director of the Murrumbidgee Dairy Co. for many years. In 1977 he was awarded the Queen's Jubilee Medal, for services to agriculture and also was the first in NSW to receive a Certificate of Merit from the NSW Dairymens' Association. He was a member of the Southern Riverina County Council, serving as Chairman for 4 years. Was a Life Member of the Wagga Wagga Show Society. A keen, active member of the Wagga Wagga Rotary Club, he was created a 'Paul Harris Fellow' in recognition of his service to Rotary International in 1983. Sold his Gobbagumbalin property in 1980 to live in Koorinal; died 3 Jan. 1984 aged 86.
BUCHANAN Street	Lake Albert	1974	Nathaniel BUCHANAN (1826-1901) born Ireland; Australian Explorer - Pastoralist; in company with his father came to the Colony in 1832; conducted successful exploration expeditions in parts of Qld. and N.T.; on one journey of the Fitzroy River area he and his companion underwent privations of high order.
BUCHHORN Street	Tolland	1973	Richard BUCHHORN, (born and educated at Albury) Registered Surveyor, who, for many years was the principal Registered Surveyor and for a long time the only such qualified person in Wagga Wagga.

BULOLO Street	Ashmont	1963	BULOLO, on Bulolo River Morobe District of New Guinea; about 32 km north of Wau; formerly a famed gold dredging centre; now connected by road with Lea via Bulolo and Markham Valleys. An area of bitter fighting and battles in dense jungles by the Australian and United States forces in World War II.
BUNA Street	Ashmont	1963	BUNA, situated on the north coast of Papua-New Guinea; north-east direction from Port Moresby. It featured prominently in World War II after the Japanese landed at Salamaua (321 km to the North of Port Moresby) on 8 <sup>th</sup> March, 1942. BUNA was one end of the Kokoda Trail and was the scene of heavy and bitter fighting by Australian and U.S. armed forces under difficult, trying conditions due to the enemy opposition coupled with the jungle, the terrain and tropical weather. (Refer to Kokoda Street)
BUNGOWN Place	Mt Austin	1950s	Aboriginal word of the Wiradjuri Tribe meaning "I go to return".
BURILDA Street	North Wagga Wagga	N/K	Aboriginal word meaning "Black Swan" also "To Get".
BURNS Way	Wagga Wagga	1963	Francis Henry BURNS (1898-1960) A Novacastrian by birth; 7 <sup>th</sup> Town Clerk of Wagga Wagga. served as Deputy Town Clerk from 11 Aug. 1937 was appointed Town Clerk in 1940, served continuously thereafter until his sudden death in Calvary Hospital, Wagga Wagga on 19 June, 1960. He served the Council and the City with distinction for 20 years as Town Clerk. He served in the AIF during World War I and was an active member of the RSL and Legacy for many years. A bronze plaque affixed to a granite boulder at southern entrance to Burns Way off Morrow Street, reads:  "BURNS WAY, 1963 - Francis Henry Burns 1898-1960, Served this City from 11.8.1937 to 19.6.1960, including 20 years as Town Clerk."
BURWOOD Street	Wagga Wagga	1928	Apparently named after the Municipality of BURWOOD (Sydney).
BUTLER Drive	Estella	1979	Dr. Frederick Charles BUTLER - noted plant pathologist - Principal of Wagga Wagga Agricultural College - then Assistant Director-General of Department of Agriculture 1962-66. At time of naming of this street he was Chairman of the Dairy Industry Authority of N.S.W..

BYE Street	Wagga Wagga	1976	The late Ronald William BYE, who was the owner of the land (in which the street formed part) for a considerable time. He was born at Wagga Wagga on 11 Nov. 1900 - was a farmer; earthworks and Civil Engineering Contractor and very active within the Community.
BYRNES Road	Bomen	1958	Daniel Terrence BYRNES - Agent, Alderman of the Municipal Council from 12 Feb. 1920 to 1 Dec. 1925; served as Mayor of Wagga Wagga 1924/25. He also held the position of President of Wagga Wagga Sub-Branch, R.S.S. & A.I.L.A. in 1923.
CADELL Place	Wagga Wagga	1950's	Captain Francis CADELL who was in command of the river paddle steamer, "Albury", which arrived at the site of the old wharf at Wagga Wagga on 13 Apr. 1858, with its cargo. It was the first river steamer to navigate the Murrumbidgee River upwards as far as Wagga Wagga. Refer to "Back to Wagga Wagga" Souvenir Booklet 1927 (Article "Wagga Wagga - Its Early History" by Robert Emblen.)
CALLAGHAN Street	Ashmont	1969	Matthew Nicholas CALLAGHAN, Stock, Station & Commission Agent, who was elected to the first Borough Council on 16 June, 1870 and served thereon until 7 Feb. 1871.
CAMELLIA Place	Lake Albert	1974	Arboreal derivation. CAMELLIA, shrub; native of China and Japan; relative of the tea plant; evergreen, it has dark-green leaves (shiny in character), flowers in winter and spring with profusion of blooms of wax type petals in varied colours.
CAMERON Street	Ashmont	1969	Donald Stewart CAMERON - born Victoria 1858 and died in 1931. Served as Council Alderman from 1 Feb. 1908 until 20 Aug. 1920. Coming to Wagga Wagga in 1893 he conducted a Bakery in Fitzmaurice Street until he retired in 1913. He built a house name "Fassifern" in Gurwood Street and later went to live on a property called "Big Plain" near Narrandera. He was a very good rider and rifle-shot and won the C.F. (Connie) Bolton Trophy at the Wagga Wagga Rifle Range.

CAMPBELL Place	Wagga Wagga	1960	The CAMPBELL Family who formerly resided in William Street, North Wagga and which lost three sons (Clive John, George and Maxwell) on Active Service during World War II (1939/45). The father of the family was Christopher Campbell, who was employed by the Council for many years.
CANNA Street	Kooringal	1972	Aboriginal derivation for "Hill"; also botanical derivation, CANNA, a widely grown, hardy, garden plant; broad leaves on stout stems, wide range of brilliant coloured flowers.
CAPTAIN COOK Drive	Willans Hill Reserve	1969	Captain James COOK (1728-1779) famed English Mariner, who, on his expedition to the Pacific in HMS "Endeavour" discovered the east coast of the Australian Continent - landing at Botany Bay on 29 April 1770. Name applied to mark the Bi-centenary of Cook's claiming possession of the land for Great Britain. (Refer also to COOK Street).
CARMODY Street	Kooringal	1972	Margaret CARMODY and the CARMODY Family. For very many years, this family conducted Hotel business - the foremost being the Royal Hotel (at N.E. corner of Baylis and Forsyth Streets and the Victoria Hotel in Baylis Street). The 'Royal' was completely rebuilt in the early 1930's and demolished in 1979. Margaret Carmody was born at Omeo (Vic) and came to Wagga Wagga in 1910 with husband 'Mick' to lease the 'Junction Hotel' she later leased (in turn) the 'Royal George', 'All Nations' and finally purchased the free hold of the 'Royal Hotel'. She had a family of eight children and was affectionately known to her many partons as "Ma".
CASEY Place	Mt Austin	1979	LORD CASEY (Richard Gardiner Casey) (1890-1976). Occupied the high office of Governor-General of Australia from 1965 to 1969. He was the third Australian to be appointed to this distinguished Office.
CASSIA Street	Lake Albert	1973	CASSIA - of Arboreal derivation - being a large, evergreen shrub, with golden, yellow flowers, which almost completely cover the foliage. Of the Leguminoseae family.

CASSIDY Parade	Wagga Wagga	1957	An old established Family, which emigrated from Ireland in (probably) the late 1840's. F. Offr. CASSIDY served in the R.A.A.F. with distinction in World War II being awarded the Distinguished Fyling Medal (DFM). Miss Hope CASSIDY was Head-Mistress of Gurwood Street Public School (Girls Department) - she left the City in Dec. 1962 to take up position of Principal at Plumpton (near St. Marys, Sydney). Her father, David William CASSIDY died at Sydney on 16.8.1970 aged 95 years, having lived almost whole of his life in Wagga Wagga. (Refer also to Cassidy Bridge)
CASTLEREAGH Avenue	Mt Austin	1956	Lord CASTLEREAGH (1769-1822) who was in charge of the British Colonial Office (London) and responsible for the appointment of Lachlan Macquarie as Governor of the Colony of New South Wales.
CEDUNA Street	Mt Austin	1955	Name submitted on subdivision plan ("Cherrywood Estate") approved by the Council for the subdividers T.M. Burke Pty Ltd. Probably derived from the town of the same name in South Australia.
CENTREWAY Place	Wagga Wagga	1939	This cul-de-sac running west of Fitzmaurice Street, derives its name from the fact that at time of naming in 1939, it was in the centre of the main business district. Name was applied in order that an instrument prohibiting the parking of motor vehicles could be issued.

CHAMBERS Place	Wagga Wagga	1988	Mabel Maud CHAMBERS, (1890-1972) the first woman to be elected to Local Government in Wagga Wagga and a pioneer among local government women. Elected as an Alderman of the Municipal Council of Wagga Wagga on 2 <sup>nd</sup> Dec., 1944, she served thereon until 23 <sup>rd</sup> Oct., 1946 (a period of one year and ten months) this being date of her resignation. She conducted several Cafes and a Boarding House at various times. During World War II she was the Chairperson for the local Anti TB Campaign and for some years was Matron at 2WG Old Peoples' Homes ('The Haven') at Bourke Street. Her husband Maurice Chambers was Foreman at the Daily Advertiser and retired therefrom after 48 years service; She was active in the Wagga Wagga Branch of the Australian Labour Party and at one time was a Campaign director for Edgar Graham, the Member for Wagga Wagga who became the Minister for Agriculture. She died at Wagga Wagga in April 1972 - buried at Wagga Wagga Lawn Cemetery.
CHARLEVILLE Road	Turvey Park	N/K	Named by the Surveyor, Alexander Thorley Bolton - probably after the town of the same name in Queensland. The name existed prior to the area coming within the City boundaries.
CHASTON Street	Wagga Wagga	1949	Henry John CHASTON who served as Municipal Engineer with the Council from 1923 to 1947. During his early service, he was also responsible for the control of Electricity Supply from the Wagga Wagga Power Station; the Town Water Supply, as well as being the Gasworks Engineer. He died in Sydney in Aug. 1972. He was prior to his service with the Council, the Shire Engineer with Culcairn Shire and a former Civil Engineer with the Department of Public Works N.S.W. - was President of Rotary Club of Wagga Wagga in 1945/46. (Previously named Coleman Street West.)

CHIFLEY Crescent	Kooringal	1966	Joseph Benedict CHIFLEY (1885-1951) Prime Minister; born Bathurst NSW 22 Sept, 1885 (son of a blacksmith) joined the NSW Government Railways at 17 becoming (at 24) a 1 <sup>st</sup> Class Locomotive Driver; became active in the Union Movement; contested and won his local seat of Macquarie in the Federal Parliament in 1928; served Local Government as Councillor of Abercrombie Shire Council from 1933 for many years. When his Party (Labour) gained power under John Curtin as P.M., Chifley became Treasurer (which office he fulfilled with distinction); appointed Prime Minister on 13 July, 1945 (following Curtin's death) retaining the portfolio as Treasurer. Among the achievements of his Government were the commencement of mass-immigration, the start of the Snowy Mountains Hydro Electric Scheme, establishment of Trans-Australia Airlines and other innovative schemes. Legislation was passed for the Nationalisation of the Banks, but this was successfully challenged in the High Court and an Appeal by the Commonwealth to the Privy Council was lost. His Labor Party suffered electoral defeat in 1949. Chifley died at Canberra on 13 June, 1951 being buried at his home City of Bathurst.
CHISHOLM Place	Llyod	1988	Caroline CHISHOLM (1808-1877): tireless and devoted worker in the interests of immigrants to the Australian Colonies. English born, she settled in Sydney in 1838 with her husband. Her welfare work centred mainly on young women and family groups. She returned to London in poor health in 1866, where she died in 1877. A reproduction of her portrait, together with a sailing ship/pioneer-women design, is featured on the Australian \$5 Bank note.
CHURCH Street	Wagga Wagga	N/K	Evidently bears its name from the Churches fronting the street - viz: Roman Catholic, Church of England and Presbyterian.

CHURCHILL Avenue	Kooringal	1964	<p>Sir Winston Leonard Spencer CHURCHILL (1874-1965); famous British Statesman and writer; educated at Harrow and Sandhurst. Following a distinguished Army and Political career, he became Prime Minister of Great Britain, First Lord of the Treasury and Minister for National Defence in 1940 (early World War II); was renowned for his oratory, statesmanship, leadership qualities, optimism and enthusiasm particularly throughout the dark days of World War II; he became an inspiration to his people and the Armed Forces by his speeches which gave great hope to the British Commonwealth, which, with its Allies, emerged victorious from the War in 1945. The following are a few of famous sentences from some of his speeches;</p> <p>"I have nothing to offer but blood, toil, tears and sweat:</p> <p>With reference to Air Force personnel in the Battle for Britain - "never in the field of human conflict has so much been owed by so many to so few."</p> <p>18<sup>th</sup> June, 1940 in a Broadcast speech - "Let us therefore brace ourselves to our duties and so bear ourselves that, if the British Empire and its Commonwealth last for a thousand years, men will still say 'This was the finest hour'."</p> <p>H.M. Queen Elizabeth II conferred upon him the great honour of Knight of the Garter on 24<sup>th</sup> April, 1953.</p>
CLARE Avenue	Lake Albert	1987	<p>Sister CLARE; the name of one of the Sisters of the Presentation Order to arrive in Wagga Wagga from Ireland in 1874 - preparatory to the establishment of Mt. Erin Convent. (Refer also to Erin Street, Kildare Avenue and Nagle Street).</p>
CLEGG Place	Ashmont	1981	<p>Charles CLEGG, Road Contractor, who served as an Alderman on the Council from 1<sup>st</sup> Dec, 1928 to 2<sup>nd</sup> Dec, 1931.</p>
CLOWES Place	Ashmont	1984	<p>Major-General C.A. Clowes, Commander of the Milne Force at Milne Bay, Papua-New Guinea during World War II.</p>

COBB Street	Tolland	1965	COBB & CO - the company which operated stage-coaches through-out this and other districts during the period 1850-1880. The Wagga Wagga Staging Depot of Cobb & Co was on the south eastern bank of Wollundry Lagoon (now part of the Civic Centre Gardens) and this site was proclaimed a Reserve for "Town Hall" and the buildings and out-houses of Cobb and Co. were purchased by the Borough Council during 1880. The Council Chambers were erected on part of such Reserve in 1881, and the original building still stands. (Refer to Lamber Street). (also refer to Historical Markers Section).
COBBOLA Street	Kooringal	1973	Aboriginal word for "Short".
COCHRANE Street	Kooringal	1951	Name selected (and shown on the original subdivisional plan approved by the Kyeamba Shire Council) by the subdivider Mr Stanley Nelder Henwood. Was part of the area comprised in an extension of City Boundaries on 7 Dec. 1951.
COLEMAN Street	Turvey Park	N/K	George COLEMAN, (1858-?) Solicitor, Alderman and Mayor. First elected to the Council on 5 Feb. 1889 and served (but not continuously) until 11 Feb. 1901 - a total of 8 years 7 months. Served as Mayor in 1893, 1895, 1898 and 1899. *"--another solicitor, George Coleman, who was born near Mudgee in 1858, was educated at Sydney University and began practise in Wagga Wagga in 1882. For many years he was prominent in civic affairs, being an Alderman and Mayor, serving on the Mechanics' Institute, the Hospital and Public School Board and being active in Politics--" *"--" Extracted from Swan, K - "A History of Wagga Wagga". Page 146.
COLLEGE Avenue	Turvey Park	1949	So named as it formed main access roadway to the Wagga Wagga Teachers' Training College, which was established on land at southern end of the street in 1949 - the site having been during the War years used as the R.A.A.F. Hospital and prior to that owned by the Murrumbidgee Pastoral and Agricultural Association. (Previously named Annes Road.)

COLLINS Street	Wagga Wagga	N/K	Derivation of name obscure - it is thought that the name taken from the Melbourne Street of the same name or possibly from Governor Collins. (Definitely NOT named after Alderman E.E. Collins, long-serving Mayor of Wagga Wagga, as Collins Street was in existence before Alderman Collins arrived in the town).
COLONG Place	Kooringal	1960	Aboriginal word for "Wombat".
COMMINS Street	North Wagga Wagga	1933	George William COMMINS, Surveyor, who in 1866 settled on the north side of the Murrumbidgee River at "Springfield". He assisted greatly with the advancement of North Wagga Wagga - died 17 Mar. 1930 aged 87 (was born 1843).
CONDON Avenue	Mt. Austin	1959	Hughie Leslie CONDON, M.B.E., (1895-1962). Born at Benambra (Vic), educated at Omeo Grammar School, came to Wagga Wagga in 1902. Served in both the 1914-18 and 1939-45 World Wars. Early in World War I he trained as a fighter pilot in 2 Sqn., Australian Flying Corps and saw service in France. He was the first President of the Riverina Aero Club formed in 1928 and was the first examiner of airmen in the area. He was for many years the local agent for the Ford Motor Company in the fields of sales and service per medium of his business, Great Southern Motors - was associated with the Wagga Wagga Ambulance Brigade for many years; Chairman of the Technical College Advisory Committee during its formative years in the 1940's and 1950's; was active in the Riverina University League movement; was a Charter Member of the Wagga Wagga Rotary Club (1929). He served as Alderman on the Council from 1928 to 1934 and from 1953 till his death on 31 Aug. 1962; and was Mayor of the City in 1958. Was awarded the M.B.E. in the Queen's Birthday Honours List in 1961 for his active participation in public affairs. Buried Methodist Portion of Wagga Wagga Monumental Cemetery.  (Personal and family details supplied (1987) to W.R. Ellis by Mr Keith Condon elder son of H.L. Condon.)
CONDOR Avenue	Estella	1980	From the well-known variety of Wheat developed at the Wagga Wagga Agricultural Research Institute.

CONNORTON Street	Ashmont	1968/69	"CONNORTON" the original large pastoral holding west and south of Wagga Wagga, which was taken up by Dr. Morgan O'Connor an early medical practitioner in the District. Dr. O'Connor was honoured in 1874, when Pope Pius IX conferred on him the Papal Knighthood of the Civil and Military Order of Saint Sylvester. He lived at "Connorton" and used to drive the 9.6 km (six miles) daily to Wagga Wagga Wagga in a 'four-in-hand' to attend his medical practice. (Also refer to O'Connor Street)
COOEBONG Lane	Wagga Wagga	N/K	An Aboriginal word meaning "Frost" - also "Echo".
COOGAN Street	Mt. Austin	1969	William Daniel COOGAN, Solicitor, educated Christian Brothers, Lewisham (Sydney) - first entered articles with Murphy and Moloney, Solicitors of Sydney soon after leaving school. Completed his articles with the late J.C. Sheekey of Wagga Wagga - admitted to practice on 4 June, 1930. Commence his own practice at Narrandera in 1933. In 1940 joined the firm of Walsh & Blair at Tumbarumba staying there till 1953 when joined the firm's Wagga Wagga Office where he became a Senior Partner. Was active participant in sporting, Service Clubs and Charitable Organisations. (St. Vincent de Paul Society; Legacy; Ambulance Service etc.). Served in the R.A.A.F. as Ft. Lieut in New Guinea during World War II of 1939/45. A keen golfer and bowler he was also a Life Member of Murrumbidgee Turf Club. Died 1969 - aged 63 years.
COOINBIL Crescent	Kooringal	1960	"Cooinbil" means "Bunyip" - Wiradjuri Aboriginal Tribe language.
COOK Street	Kooringal	1958	Captain James COOK (1728-1779) British Navigator, who discovered the eastern coast of Australia in 1770. Landing ex HMS Endeavour at Botany Bay on 29 Apr. 1770; and there claimed the land as a possession of Great Britain - naming it New South Wales. (Refer to Captain Cook Drive)

COOLAMON Road	North Wagga Wagga	N/K	Being the main road connection to the town of COOLAMON, 29 km (NNW) of Wagga Wagga. "COOLAMON", the common Aboriginal term for the dish made of wood or bark, used for many purposes such as carrying water, seeds (and mixing them with water to make flour), carrying babies, and small objects. It was made from a swelling or excrescence growing on box trees, and was therefore, applied to the excrescences as well as to the dish made from them. Natural shallow water holes found in level country in the area around the town sometimes had the appearance of such dishes and were, and still are, referred to by farmers, as "Coolamon Holes". - (Information supplied by Mr M.J. Curtis, Shire Clerk (retired) of Coolamon Shire Council to W.R. Ellis - 1987)
COOLIBAH Street	Kooringal	1966	Aboriginal word meaning "Black or Flooded Box" tree (Eucalyptus Microtheca).
COORADOOK Street	North Wagga Wagga	N/K	An Aboriginal word of the Wiradjuri Tribe meaning "Native Companion".
COORAMIN Street	North Wagga Wagga	N/K	Aboriginal word meaning "Kangaroo".

COPLAND Street	Wagga Wagga	1949	<p>David COPLAND (1842-1920); emigrated from Scotland. Following a period in Melbourne settled in Wagga Wagga and in 1872 opened a general storekeeping business under the name of Copland &amp; Roberts (subsequently changed to David Copland &amp; Co. Ltd.) - acquired an interest in Pomingalarna Station with Angus Mackay and later became the sole owner of the station. David Copland &amp; Co. operated a large Department Store in Fitzmaurice &amp; Gurwood Streets until the early post-war years after World War II when the business reverted to and the name changed to David Jones Ltd. (Sydney Company). David Copland was appointed to the Council as an Alderman by the Governor on 24 Aug. 1876, and served a total of 5½ years (but not continuously). He built and lived in a large home on land to the east of Macleay Street and south of Coleman Street - which land now occupied by the Wagga Wagga College of Technical and Further Education. He was Parliamentary Representative for the Murrumbidgee Electoral District in the NSW Legislative Assembly in 1889-91. Part of the above information extracted from Swan, K. - "History of Wagga Wagga" pages 105 and 193.</p> <p>Previously named Coleman Street East. (Refer to Pomingalarna Reserve)</p>
CORELLA Place	Estella	1989	CORELLA - a well-known variety of Wheat.

COTTEE Street	Ashmont	1969	William Alfred COTTEE, (1833-1904) - migrated to NSW in 1858 to join Australian Joint Stock Bank as Clerk - became acting Manager Wagga Wagga Branch in 1861 and appointed Manager the same year. Resigned 1876 and appointed Manager of Australian Mortgage and Finance Co. in Sydney until retiring in 1897. Elected to the Australian Board of Advice to A.M.L. & F. Coy. And to Board of Directors of Bank of New South Wales, serving thereon until his death in 1904. He was Manager of the Bank Branch with which the Borough Council opened its first Account in 1870. As a result of a letter he wrote to the Borough Council on 5 May, 1871, it was resolved that permission be granted to ratepayers to plant ornamental trees on footpaths within two feet of the kerb and 25 feet apart. He can in this regard, be named as one of the first responsible for commencement of street tree planting in the City. (Details re W.A. Cottee, extracted (in part) from Swan, K. - "A History of Wagga Wagga Wagga". Pages 102/103.)
COX Avenue	Forest Hill		Former Councillor Ian Richard COX, Grazier and member of the well-known Cox Family of the Big Springs area. His property being "Cajaldura". He represented 'B' Riding on the Kyeamba Shire Council; Forest Hill being a part of that Riding.
COX Avenue	Wagga Wagga	N/K	John COX, a wealthy grazier who emigrated to Australia from Ireland in 1837; one-time owner of Mangoplah Station; took an active part in the establishment of Mt. Erin Convent in 1874.
COYNE Street	Mt. Austin	1973	Dennis Francis COYNE born Phillipstown Kings Country, Ireland; married Agnes May Hopkins (who was born Inverness). He died 15 May, 1950 aged 76 years. Mrs Coyne died in 1943. He conducted the "Coronation" Bakery at 151 Fitzmaurice Street and resided there for about 50 years.

CRAFT Street	Lake Albert	1960	<p>After a Lake Albert Family - members of which were among the original settlers in that area. John CRAFT settled his farm "Glen Murray" about 1874. His homestead was built on part of his land on the east side of to-day's Lake Albert Road, a short distance northerly from Fay Avenue. Albert CRAFT, a son of John conducted the Post Office/Store at Lake Albert Village. Another son, James, was one of the first pupils at Lake Albert School, and as a youth went as a pupil-teacher to Narrandera. (Previously name Albert Street).</p> <p>(Personal and family details supplied (1986) by Mrs Dudley Graham (nee Graft) to W.R. Ellis)</p>
CRAMPTON Street	Wagga Wagga	1849	<p>One of the original streets in the City. Included in the first survey and named by the then Surveyor-General of the Colony, Sir Thomas L. Mitchell, after one of his fellow-officers in the 95<sup>th</sup> Regiment of Foot, with whom he served in the Peninsular War (1809) under the Duke of Wellington; Jeremiah CRAMPTON, appointed Rifle Bde. 17.3.1802; Captain 20.6.1805; died at CIUDAD RODRIGO on 18.9.1812 of wounds received at BADAJOZ on 6.4.1812.</p>
CRAWFORD Street	Ashmont	1971	<p>Ernest John CRAWFORD, (1914-1969), who was employed by the Council from 13 Nov. 1941 until his death on 23 June, 1969. Served as Works Overseer with the City Engineer's Department from July 1956 until date of his death.</p>
CRISP Drive	Ashmont	1972	<p>Harold Keith CRISP (1898-1971). Electrical Engineer and Manager to the Municipal Council from 18 Sept. 1939 to 17 July 1945 when the Southern Riverina County Council assumed the control, ownership and management of the Electrical Supply Undertaking. He transferred to the County Council and took up the position of Chief Electrical Engineer which position he occupied until his retirement on 10 Apr. 1963; was President of the Wagga Wagga Rotary Club in 1943/44. His body was cremated at Wagga Wagga Crematorium: the cremated remains are memorialised in the Lily Columbarium Wall in close proximity to the Crematorium Chapel.</p>

CROAKER Street	Turvey Park	1946	Charles Hawthorne CROAKER, Past Mayor of Wagga Wagga - born 3 Sept. 1849; entered service of Bank of New South Wales on 15 Nov. 1867, and was Manager of Wagga Wagga Branch from 27 Jan 1878 until he resigned on 31 May, 1882. Was Mayor of Wagga Wagga in 1890. After leaving the Bank of New South Wales, joined the staff of T. Edmondson & Co. Ltd. General Merchants of Gurwood Street. First elected Alderman on 3 Feb. 1885 and served continuously until retirement on 9 Feb. 1891. Died 22 June 1898.
CROSS Street	Wagga Wagga	N/K	So named on early plans as the street leading across Tarcutta Street to the Murrumbidgee River.
CULLEN Road	Wagga Wagga	N/K	Isaac CULLEN (1870-1953) Alderman of Municipal Council 1914 to 1928. Mayor of Wagga Wagga 1920-1921 - previously was Mayor of Moss Vale in 1913. For many years a Stock & Station Agent in Wagga Wagga - Secretary of Riverine Club 1939-1949. President of Wagga Wagga Golf Club 1920.
CUTLER Avenue	Kooringal	1967	Sir Arthur Roden CUTLER, V.C., C.B.E., K.C.M.G., K.St.J., - Governor of New South Wales; 1966 to 1981 born 1916; served 2/5 Field Regiment A.I.F. 1940/42 - awarded V.C. for exceptional bravery in Syria on 19 June, 1941; badly wounded in one leg by heavy machine gun fire on 6 July, 1941, the leg being subsequently amputated. In the early post-war years was State Secretary (NSW) of RSS & AILA, later holding several overseas Governmental Posts followed by a series of Diplomatic and Ambassadorial appointments. Became Governor of N.S.W. on 20 Jan, 1966 holding that high office until 1981 (a term of 15 years). Acted as Administrator of the Commonwealth of Australia on several occasions from 1975 onwards until relinquishing the office of NSW State Governor.
CYPRESS Street	Forest Hill		Arboreal derivation. CYPRESS, a genus of coniferous trees, evergreen; the majority being large-growing.
DAISY VINCENT Drive (Access road within Lake Albert Recreation Reserve)	Lake Albert	1969	Mrs Daisy VINCENT of Lake Albert - in recognition of the excellent work performed by her in the interests of Lake Albert Village, including that of Honorary Secretary of the Lake Albert Recreation Ground Management Committee for many years in voluntary capacity, such Committee being reappointed from time to time by the Council.

DALKEITH Avenue	Lake Albert	1965	Named result of request from subdivider, Gerald Scott - from two sources - firstly from "DALKEITH" a select, residential suburb of Perth (WA) and secondly from the town of the same name being 9.6 km (6 miles) from Edinburgh (Scotland).
DALMAN Parkway	Glenfield Park	1976	Aboriginal derivation from "Plant" also "Place of Plenty".
DALTON Street	Turvey Park	1940	"DALTON" was the maiden name of the mother of James Halloran who resided at "Fernleigh" a large home at the corner of Bourke Street and Fernleigh Road (N.E. corner). He requested the street be so named, as he had dedicated the necessary land. (Previously named Fernleigh Street) (Refer also to Halloran Street)
DAMPIER Street	Bomen	1958	The English Navigator, William DAMPIER (1652-1715). Born in village of East Croaker, England: he visited the N.W. of Australia in 1688 and again in 1699 - but explored only the barren areas of the North and West. An educate man of good family, he kept careful records of his discoveries and observations. These were of great value to subsequent navigators. Gave his name to Dampier Strait and Archipelago. His records show that he was not at all impressed by the barren, dry coast-lines he saw of N.W. Australia.
DARLOW Street	Wagga Wagga	N/K	Thomas DARLOW, who, with A.G. Jones, established "The Wagga Wagga Advertiser" in 1868; he owned "Moombooldool" Station from 1861 to 1872.
DARRI Street	Glenfield Park	1985	Aboriginal word for "Track".

DAVIES Place	Tolland	1977	The Right Reverend Robert E. DAVIES, Bishop of Tasmania. Rector of St. Johns Church of England, Wagga Wagga from 1953 to 1959; was appointed as Rector following death of Archdeacon S.J. West, who was Rector for 25 years; during this period there was no separate Parish of South Wagga Wagga. Chaplain in the R.A.A.F. from 1942 to 1945 and saw Active Service in the Middle East. Married Miss Helen Boucher of Boorowa soon after appointment as Archdeacon of Wagga Wagga. Had two daughters - Elizabeth and Margaret - who both graduated from Collegiate School, Hobart. Left Wagga Wagga in 1959 to become Warden of St. John Theological College at Morpeth, N.S.W.; consecrated Bishop in 1960 and was appointed Assistant Bishop of Newcastle same year. In 1963 took up appointment of Bishop of Tasmania. Endearred himself throughout Wagga Wagga & District during his service as Archdeacon as a man of "energy, devotion, great humour and gentle understanding".
DAVISON Street	Cartwrights Hill	1958	Dr. R DAVISON probably the first storekeeper in Wagga Wagga, who opened his store in 1849. Swan, K. "A History of Wagga Wagga", page 60/61..." Early in 1855 R. Davison & Co. of Gundagai, who had conducted a store in Wagga Wagga since 1849, advertised that their extensive business has been remodelled and by the end of Mar. 1855 this business had been sold to G. Forsyth & Co."
DAWES Street	Wagga Wagga	1988	William DAWES; (1762-1836); Marine Officer, Astronomer and Explorer; arrived at Sydney Cove with the First Fleet on 26 <sup>th</sup> January, 1788 as a British Marine Officer; Set up an Observatory at Port Jackson (Sydney); carried out a series of exploratory expeditions in the Hinterland around Sydney and on one such journey discovered the junction of the Nepean and Hawkesbury Rivers. He left the Colony in 1791 on the recall of his Marine Unit to England. DAWES Point on the southern shores of Port Jackson bears his name.
DAY Street	Wagga Wagga	1949	William Frederick DAY, who was Mayor of Wagga Wagga in 1928. An Officer of the Lands Department for 49 years and Chairman of the Wagga Wagga and Hay District Land Board 1911-1923. Was Master of Masonic Lodge Harmony No. 22 (Wagga Wagga) in 1920. Died 25 Sept. 1956, aged 98 years. (Previously named Morgan Street East)

DENNIS Crescent	Tolland	1977	Herbert Keith DENNIS ("Jack"). Born at Bathurst in 1912. Came to Wagga Wagga with parents when aged 11 years. Educated at Wagga Wagga District Rural School (Gurwood Street) to Intermediate Certificate Standard. On leaving school went to work at Daily Advertiser Office in 1927 when aged 15 years becoming Cadet Journalist. In 1940 enlisted in Permanent Military Forces, served 2 years and then transferred to the Australian Imperial Force. Discharged from Army 1946 (after termination of World War II) - took job as Journalist (Civic Roundsman) with Sydney Daily Telegraph. Returned to Wagga Wagga 1947 and again employed by Daily Advertiser. Served as Sporting Editor until 1963 when he was promoted to EDITOR - which position he held continuously until retirement in Jan. 1978. His sister, Mrs George Woods (Lorna) a life-long resident of Wagga Wagga, was a prominent business woman in the City for many years and was a Charter member of the Quota Club of Wagga Wagga Wagga.
DEPAZZI Close	Lake Albert	1987	Mother DEPAZZI was the Mother General of the Presentation Order who came to Mt. Erin Convent and was responsible for the building of St. Marys (erected 1915) and Mt. Erin High School (erected 1938). (Refer also to Erin Street, Kildare Avenue and Nagle Street)
DERNA Place	Ashmont	1978	DERNA, Cyrenaica, Libya. A coastal town on the Mediterranean (145 km - 90 miles) west of Tobruk; developed by the Italians during their occupation; and centre of the main areas of Italian settlement at outbreak of World War II. In 1941 Derna fell to the advancing British Forces (including some components of the A.I.F.) after they had taken Tobruk. It was later re-captured by the German Afrika Korps under Rommel, but ultimately retaken by the British.
DOBBS Street	Wagga Wagga	1849	One of the oldest streets in the City - named by Major Sir Thomas Mitchell (then Surveyor-General of the Colony) in his first subdivisional plan of the town in 1849 - after one of his fellow-officers who served with him under the Duke of Wellington during the Peninsular War 1809. John DOBBS, Lieutenant 52 <sup>nd</sup> Regiment (Oxford Shire Light Infantry).

DOBNEY Avenue	Wagga Wagga	1945	Thomas DOBNEY (1858-1942), who settled in Wagga Wagga in 1897. Conducted storekeeping business in Fitzmaurice Street for many years. Actively associated with many public bodies in the town. Foundation President Eight-Hour Association. Member of Base Hospital Board; President of Chamber of Commerce; Committeeman of Murrumbidgee Pastoral & Agricultural Association; was Master of Masonic Lodge Harmony No. 22 (Wagga Wagga) in 1904; Alderman of the Municipal Council for 16 years - occupying the Office of the Mayor in 1910 and 1911.
DOCKER Street	Wagga Wagga	N/K	Named after the Judge of first Circuit Court.
DODWELL Street	Forest Hill		Named 1 June, 1983 by City Council - after Sidney DODWELL, an old district identity who owned the property "Alween" situated in Baker's Lane at the rear of the former Drive-In Cinema. The name was selected by the Kyeamba Shire Council prior to the Amalgamation with the City on 1 Jan. 1981, for ultimate application when the street was opened in subdivision.
DOMAN Street	Estella	1979	Richard Bernard DOMAN - first Principal of Wagga Wagga Agricultural College 1949 - following its re-classification and naming from Wagga Wagga Experiment Farm - Plant Breeder; President Wagga Wagga Rotary Club 1953-54.
DONNELLY Avenue	Wagga Wagga	N/K	John DONNELLY (1813-1879) born Edenderry, Kings County, Ireland. Entered business in his native land, becoming owner of a line of trading boats on the Grand Canal plying between Dublin and Limerick. Disposing of his business interests, he arrived in the Colony with his wife and eldest son in 1841, taking up land on the Yass River near Gundaroo, and remaining on his Big Springs Station in the Murrumbidgee District in 1864 - subsequently acquiring Bywong property for some years before acquiring Burthong, Nubba, Jerilderie, Borambola and Cunningdroo Stations. He retired to his Gumly Gumly property two years prior to his death. He took active interest in the foundation of Mt Erin Convent in 1874 and, in addition to financial assistance, gave an area of 16.2 ha (40 acres) of land on which the Convent complex was, (and is still) established.
DORSET Street	Bomen	1978	Poll DORSET, a breed of sheep produced in Australia for the lamb trade.

DOVE Street	Mt Austin	1978	Ornithological derivation. DOVE, a bird being a kind of pigeon; has become over the years to be linked with gentleness, innocence, affection, peace and goodwill.
DOYLE Avenue	Mt Austin	1957	John St. Vincent DOYLE (1891-1987); born at Balmain; settled in Wagga Wagga 1923 and joined Hardys Ltd. as a Trainee Accountant; left Hardys to develop his own practice but later returned to Hardys where he remained until his retirement as Company Secretary & Director in 1962. He enlisted in the A.I.F. in 1914 and was assigned to the Engineers' Regiment which served at Gallipoli. Alderman of the Council for 13 years and Mayor 1945-46; first elected as Alderman 1 Dec. 1934 and served until 6 Dec. 1947; was Mayor when the Municipality was proclaimed a City on 17 Apr. 1946. Died at Wagga Wagga 1987 and buried at Lawn Cemetery.
DUNN Avenue	Forest Hill		Gordon Keith DUNN, Grazier and owner of Book Book Station; former Councillor 1956-1980 on the Kyeamba Shire Council and was President thereof 1959-1966. During all such service on the Shire he was either President or Deputy President; acted as Chairman of Directors of Riverina Television Ltd (RVN-2) for a number of years.
DUNN Street	North Wagga Wagga	1930	Thomas William DUNN (1870-1948); Grazier of "Sandridge" North Wagga Wagga; Alderman of the Municipal Council from 6 Feb. 1906 to 10 Aug. 1910 and from 4 May 1922 to 1 Dec. 1928 - a total of 10 years 8 months; was an Elder of St. Andrews Presbyterian Church and in his youth was a Champion foot-runner; was Chairman of Wagga Wagga Pastures Protection Board.
DWYER Avenue	Wagga Wagga	1950	Joseph Wilfred DWYER, first Bishop of Wagga Wagga (1869-1939) - born East Maitland 12 Oct. 1869, ordained Priest at Rome on 19 May 1894, consecrated Bishop of Wagga Wagga on 13 Oct 1918, died at Wagga Wagga 11 Oct, 1939. Was closely associated with foundation and commencement of Lewisham (now Calvary) Hospital, laid the foundation stone of the permanent hospital buildings on 1 May, 1927.
EAST Street	North Wagga Wagga	N/K	A Street, which originally occupied the eastern-most location of any street in the then Municipality on the northern side of the Murrumbidgee River.

EASTLAKE Drive	Lake Albert	1976	Skirts of eastern foreshores of Lake Albert. The original intention was that the name Lakeside Drive (which exists on the western side of Lake Albert) would be applied to the whole length of the street for the full perimeter of the Lake. This intention was changed to overcome confusion, so the name EASTLAKE Drive was applied to the section of the street on the east side surrounds of the lake.
EATON Street	Ashmont	1981	<p>William Henry Filmore EATON, who was a Common Brewer and served as a Council Alderman from 1899 to 1902. His father, William Seymour EATON, a native of Hartford, Connecticut, USA, Mining Engineer, was attracted to Vic. By a gold rushes in 1850s; failing to make his fortune there, he studied the science of brewing in Melbourne. After several years as a brewer and cordial manufacturer in Victoria he moved to Wagga Wagga in 1870, where after concentrating on manufacture of cordials and partnership with Wildman, he, in about 1880 purchased the brewery business of his former partner, Wildman and transferred his business to the Johnston Street premises, trading as EATON &amp; Co., producing cordials of all sorts, lager beer, bottled ale, stout and vinegar. The Company's strong ale was awarded a gold medal at the International Exhibition held in Melbourne in 1888, and the firm's exhibits won many prizes at Wagga Wagga shows.</p> <p>Information re William Seymour Eaton and Eaton &amp; Co.'s brewery, extracted from an article by Sherry Morris, "Early Industries in Wagga" (Part 3) published in Wagga Wagga and District Historical Society Newsletter No. 247 - June/July 1987) (Page 5)</p>
EDGHILL Place	Tolland	1977	Albert Charles EDGHILL - born at Orange and educated at Wagga Wagga - Practiced as a Solicitor with the legal firm of Lusher, Young & Stellway, of which he became Senior Partner. Acted as the Council's Solicitor 1952-1970, when he relinquished his interests in the firm and took a position in Sydney and resided at Randwick, where he died some years later. President of the Wagga Wagga Sub-Branch, R.S.S. & A.I.L.A. and R.S.L. Club in 1950; Life Member of Wagga Wagga League's Club which he was a Director for many years.

EDISON Road	N/N	1958	Thomas Alva EDISON (1847-1931), noted American Inventor. Among his inventions were the phonograph, the incandescent electric light bulb, and the kinoscope, (from which the cinema developed) as well as numerous electrical and mechanical apparatus. He was deaf for the latter part of his life.
EDMONDSON Street	Wagga Wagga	1945	Previously named Best Street South. Renamed in honour of Corporal John Hurst EDMONDSON V.C., who died of wounds near Tobruk on Easter Monday, 14 Apr. 1941, aged 26 years after taking part in a platoon offensive with 2/17 Australian Infantry Battalion, A.I.F. For his valour in saving the life of his platoon commander, Lieut. A. Mackell, M.C., he was posthumously awarded the V.C. Born in Wagga Wagga, 8 Oct. 1914; he moved with his family to Liverpool NSW., when 2 years old. He joined the Militia in 1939 and became a Corporal. In May 1940 he enlisted in the A.I.F. (NX 15705) A memorial plaque erected in St. Johns Anglican Church, Wagga Wagga, (wherein he was baptised) by the Wagga Wagga Sub-Branch, .R.S.S. & A.I.L.A., pays tribute to his bravery.
EDNEY Street	Koorinal	1966	George Welsh EDNEY (1879-1967); Clerk, Octogenarian, a native of Wagga Wagga and a well-known, highly respected citizen- actively associated with many public and charitable organisations, including Wagga Wagga Wagga Show Society, Eisteddod Society, School of Arts and Historical Society. A grand-son of James Brown EDNEY, Farmer, who was an Alderman of the Wagga Wagga Borough Council from 1895-1898.

EDWARD Street	Wagga Wagga	N/K	<p>On a very early map, the general location of this street was shown as a dotted line, marked "Edward River Track". Letter received from Mr. E J. Bushby, Hon. Research Officer, Deniliquin, dated 21 Feb. 1965, in reply to an enquiry, reads: --"The Edward River was named by John Webster and James McLaurin on 3 Jan 1841, after their employer, EDWARD Howe. The Howe's - Ephraim, Edward and John - came from "Glenlee", Cowpastures. Their Head Station appears to be "Wyengolong", Murrumbidgee River (267 miles from Sydney). George and Henry Howe were younger brothers - they both died from consumption in 1840. That your Edward Street was originally the OLD EDWARD RIVER TRACK, I could agree with."</p> <p>(Refer to - Swan, K. - "A History of Wagga Wagga" (Page 39) for reproduction of "Surveyor T.S. Townshend's Plan of Wagga Wagga" (1849) which shows a dotted line track (as mentioned above) marked "From the Edward River..... to Tarcutta".)</p>
EGRET Place	Estella	1980	<p>After the highly successful variety of Wheat, (named after the bird of lesser White Heron) developed at Wagga Wagga Agricultural Institute. Released in 1973, 'Egret' found wide acceptance in the farming community.</p>
ELANORA Place	Glenfield Park	1989	<p>ELANORA, a word of Aboriginal Derivation meaning "Home by the Sea".</p>
ELDERSHAW Drive	Forest Hill		<p>The ELDERSHAW Family who owned and occupied the property "Sackville" for many years up to the time it was sold for subdivision in stages for ultimate residential development.</p>

ELGIN Place	Lake Albert	1989	<p>ELGIN, a small City in Scotland in the Moray Area of the Grampian Region. A Market Town, it has among its industries, a whiskey distilling and woollen mills. A noted educational centre, Gordontoun Boys' School (founded 1934) is nearby, which school, as well developing academic qualities, stresses character building coupled with simplicity and endurance. Near the city there is a ruined castle of the 12<sup>th</sup> century which was destroyed in 1314 in the Battle of Bannockburn. Also named for Elgin Street in Hobart.</p> <p>(The street name was recommended by the subdivider creating the street, Mrs. Margaret Foster, (nee Scott), a principal in Dandaloo Pty Ltd; to continue the precedent established by her late father, Gerald Scott, who, when subdividing much of his land to the west of Lake Albert, recommended street names mainly of Scottish origin to record his original family's migration from Scotland and their settling in Tasmania.)</p>
ELIZABETH Avenue	Forest Hill		In honour of H.M. Queen Elizabeth II, who, on her official visit to the City of Wagga Wagga on 13 Feb 1954 drove from the Airport in a motorcade, along this thoroughfare and again on her return from the City to the Airport.
ELIZABETH Street	North Wagga Wagga	N/K	Named by Surveyor George William Commins in honour of his first wife, ELIZABETH.
ELLIMO Place	Koorinal	1962	Aboriginal word meaning "Our Home".
ELM Road	Lake Albert	1972	ELM - Tree of the Ulmaceae Genus. Large growing ornamental species - handsome foliage. Useful for shade and as a street tree. Deciduous.
EMBLEMEN Street	Wagga Wagga	1920's	Robert EMBLEMEN (1867-1935). Native of Wagga Wagga - Educated at Public School, Gurwood Street. Was the 5 <sup>th</sup> Town Clerk of the Municipality. Served as such for 37 years from 1897 to 1934. In conjunction with his duties as Town Clerk he also acted as Municipal Engineer for several periods. Also greatly interested in the Wagga Wagga History and carried out much research on street names and other facets of the town's history. Was Master of Masonic Lodge Harmony No. 22 (Wagga Wagga) in 1911. Died 6 July, 1935; buried in Anglican Portion of Wagga Wagga Cemetery. (Refer Emblen Park)

EMU Place	Koorinal	1981	After the Australian native bird "EMU".
ENDEAVOUR Street	Koorinal	1969	Named in association with the Captain Cook Bi-Centenary Celebrations 1970 - to perpetuate the H.M.S. ENDEAVOUR, which Captain James Cook in 1770 made his famous voyage of exploration and to his discovery of the East Coast of Australia.
ERICA Street	Mt Austin	1969	A hardy flowering shrub, with a dwarf, bushy habit, mostly winter flowering - several colours.
ERIN Street	Wagga Wagga	N/K	Takes its name from the adjacent "MOUNT ERIN" Presentation Convent, which was founded in 1874. The Freedom of the City of Wagga Wagga was conferred on the Sisters of the Presentation Order Mt. Erin in 1974. (Refer to Kildare Avenue and Nagle Street).
ESPLANADE, THE	Wagga Wagga	N/K	So named by reason of being a street fronting and overlooking the Wollundry Lagoon. Named "Wollundry Esplanade", but by common usage over the years the name developed into "The Esplanade".
ESSEX Road	Mt Austin	1956/59	"Essex", an English County - the word appearing to mean "East". Essex East was a Saxon Kingdom.
ESTELLA Road	Estella	1980	ESTELLA, the name of the farming property of 155.5 ha (385 acres) purchased by the City Council from John Alexander Dinnell in 1978; for the purpose of gradual subdivision (as part of a residential suburban area), with sale of allotments by the Council to individual purchasers on which to erect homes. Was originally part of Gobbagumbalin Station. (Refer also to ESTELLA SUBURBAN AREA)
EULONG Lane	Wagga Wagga	N/K	Aboriginal word "Oolong" means "Resort of Native Companions", also "Swampy Plain".
EURDEIN Lane	Wagga Wagga	N/K	Presumed to be of Aboriginal derivation - but meaning not known.
EVANGELIST Avenue	Lake Albert	1987	Sister EVANGELIST; the name of one of the Sisters of the Presentation Order to arrive in Wagga Wagga in 1874, preparatory to the establishment of Mt. Erin Convent; She was one of the Foundresses of the Wagga Wagga Presentation Congregation. (Refer also to Erin Street, Kildare Avenue and Nagle Street)

EVANS Street	Wagga Wagga	N/K	William Griffith ("Gent") EVANS, a speculative building contractor, who built many of the old homes of Wagga Wagga Wagga - an Alderman of the Municipal Council from 1876 to 1882. He died in office on 18 June 1885; after having been re-elected only 4 months previously - total service 6 years 4 months.
EYRE Street	Lake Albert	1973	Edward John EYRE (1815-1901) - noted Australian Explorer - born in Yorkshire 5 August 1815. Migrated to Sydney at age of 18. Most notable feat was the crossing of the arid area from Adelaide to Albany (Western Australia) which he reached on 7 July, 1841. He returned to Britain in 1853.
FAIRBAIRN Crescent	Kooringal	1972	The Hon. Sir David Eric FAIRBAIRN, K.B.E., D.F.C., M.A. (Cantab). Born 3 Mar 1917 Claygate, Surrey, England. Member for Farrer (Federal) 1949-1975; Liberal Party; as such represented Wagga Wagga in the House of Representatives. He held the following portfolios during his parliamentary career - Minister for Air 1962-64; Minister for National Development 1964-69; Minister for Education and Science 1971; Minister for Defence 1971-72. Elected to the House of Representatives 10 Dec. 1949 - retired 11 Nov. 1975. Was appointed Australian Ambassador to the Netherlands 1977-1978. Knighted 1977. (The above details supplied by courtesy of the office of the Hon. Wal C. Fife, M.P.)
FAIRVIEW Street	Kooringal	1967	The name chosen as an indication of the extensive views from this location.
FALCON Place	Kooringal	1971	Name "FALCON" selected and applied to variety of 'hard' wheat developed by Mr Ron Martin, Plant Variety Breeder working at Temora and Mr Les Bird working at Wagga Wagga Agricultural Institute. "FALCON" was recognised as the No. 1 hard wheat for southern New South Wales and was released in 1960.

FARRER Road	Cartwrights Hill	1958	William James FARRER, (1845-1906), born in England; graduate of Cambridge University; came to Australia in 1870; noted Australian Wheat Experimentalist who was associated with Wagga Wagga Experiment Farm during the 1890's and carried out experiments both there and at his property (near Queanbeyan). He produced and introduced the wheat "Federation" which, for many years, was grown for its disease resisting qualities and from which many other such disease - resistant varieties have been developed. "Federation" was released in 1902. A reproduction of his portrait (together with a wheat design) appeared on the Australian \$2 Bank-note - such note having been withdrawn from circulation in late 1988 on the issue of the \$2 coin.
FAY Avenue	Koorinal	1963	Group Captain Alexander T. Fay, M.B.E., who was the Officer Commanding, R.A.A.F. Base, Wagga Wagga, on the occasion of the Grant of the Freedom of the City to that establishment on 29 July, 1961 - the 21 <sup>st</sup> Anniversary of the foundation of the Base. This was the second term in which he was associated with the unit, as he served at Wagga Wagga for a period during World War II. Gp. Capt. Fay was awarded the O.B.E. in Queen's Birthday Honours List in June 1965 and retired with the Rank of Honorary Air Commodore on 3 Jan. 1966.
FEATHERWOOD Drive	Tatton	1989	Arboreal derivation. "FEATHERWOOD" is a polyosma species - a small tree found in Central and Northern Regions of N.S.W.
FERNLEIGH Road	Turvey Park Mt Austin Ashmont	N/K	Named by usage, being the road leading past the old family homestead "FERNLEIGH", purchased in 1882 by Thomas Halloran (1824-1886) from the Hon. James Gormly, M.L.C.

FIFE Street	Forest Hill	<p>The Hon. Wallace Clyde FIFE, M.P. ("Wal") born Wagga Wagga 2 Oct, 1929. Educated Gurwood Street Public School and Canberra Grammar School. First elected as Member for Wagga Wagga (Liberal Party) in the N.S.W. Legislative Assembly on 14 Dec. 1957 at the election following the death of the Hon. E.H. Graham; he gained appointment to Ministerial Rank in 1965 and thereafter held a total of six different portfolios, viz: Assistant Minister of Education 1965-67; Minister for Mines 1967-75; Minister for Conservation 1971-72; Minister for Power 1972-75; Assistant Treasurer 1972-75; Minister for Transport and Minister for Highways, 1975. On 15 Oct, 1975 Mr Fife resigned as Member for Wagga Wagga (State) to contest an election for the Electorate of Farrer in Federal House of Representatives, and was elected thereto on 13 Dec. 1975. Appointed to Ministerial Rank in the Fraser Government. He has held portfolios in the Shadow Ministry viz: Housing and Construction 1983-84; Vice Chairman, Commonwealth Parliamentary Public Works Committee 1983-84; 21 Apr. 1987 Shadow Minister for Defence, relinquished that responsibility on 1 May 1987 and then appointed Shadow Minister for Primary Industry.</p> <p>The bulk former Farrer Electorate became the Hume Electorate in 1983, and at elections in that year Mr Fife became the Member for Hume (in which the City of Wagga Wagga is now located). The Freedom of the City of Wagga Wagga was conferred on Mr Fife at the public ceremony on 9 July 1982, in recognition of his parliamentary services to the City. (Also refer to Fife Gardens) (Personal Parliamentary Service details supplied (in part in 1987) from the Wagga Wagga Office of the Hon. Wal C Fife M.P.)</p>	
FINCH Place	Mt Austin	1977	<p>Ornithological derivation. FINCH, a numerous species of small birds, seed-eating with conical beaks; mainly found in Europe and Central Asia, but a number of the species is native to Australia.</p>
FITZHARDINGE Street	Wagga Wagga	N/K	<p>A past Mayor of Wagga Wagga - Alderman Henry Berkley FITZHARDINGE, Solicitor. Served as Mayor from 1879-1881 and from 1887-1889. First Chairman of the local Public School Board. Was accidentally killed by a train at Wagga Wagga Railway Station. (For various references to H.B. Fitzhardinge peruse - Swan, K. - "A History of Wagga Wagga".)</p>

FITZMAURICE Street	Wagga Wagga	1849	One of the original streets of the City included in the first survey, and named by the then Colonial Surveyor-General, Sir Thomas Mitchell, after 1 <sup>st</sup> Lieut. John G. FITZMAURICE, one of his fellow-Officers in the 95 <sup>th</sup> Regiment of Foot with whom he served during the Peninsular War (1809) under the Duke of Wellington. John FITZMAURICE was appointed to Rifle Bde; Major-General 7 May 1861. Silver Medals for FUENTES d'ONOR 1811, CIUDAD RODRIGO 1812, BADAJOZ 1812, VITTORIA 1813, PYRENEES 1913, NIVELLE 1813, IVE 1813, TOULOUSE 1814, WATERLOO Medal; leg broken at storming of BADAJOZ; died at Drayton Green Ealing 24 Dec. 1865.
FLINDERS Street	Wagga Wagga	N/K	Probably named for Matthew Flinders (1774-1814) early Australian Navigator and Explorer, who chartered a great portion of the Australian Coastline. With George Bass, sailed round Van Diemen's Land (now Tasmania) and proved it is an island (1798). In 1802/03 Flinders circumnavigated the entire coastline of Australia. Possibly named after a street of same name in Melbourne.
FLOWERDALE Road	Wagga Wagga	1958	Adjacent to FLOWERDALE Lagoon, near which the first settler, Robert Holt Best took up land in 1832 and later established his homestead.
FLYNN Place	Tolland	1977	The Reverend Doctor John FLYNN (1880-1951) of the Australian Inland Mission (Presbyterian Church of Australia) - the Founder of the Royal Flying Doctor Service.
FORGE Street	Wagga Wagga	1970	As this street is located in an industrial subdivision, this name was chosen as being synonymous with industry. The FORGE was an integral part of the blacksmith's shop, which, in pioneering days, was the focal point of activity for all sections of the community.
FORREST Street	Lake Albert	1973	Sir John FORREST (1849-1918) led expeditions across Western Australia between 1869 and 1874. When the colony gained responsible government in 1890, he became its first Premier. In 1901 he was elected to the first Federal Parliament. In 1918 he became the first Australian - born Peer when he created First Baron Forrest of Bunbury.

FORSYTH Street	Wagga Wagga	N/K	George FORSYTH, originally a Storekeeper at Tarcutta; later settled in Wagga Wagga in Aug. 1855, and acquired R. Davison's general store in Fitzmaurice Street. He became a wholesale distributor in 1868 when he opened his 'Bonded Store' in Kincaid Street. In addition he conducted an auctioneering and stock and station agency business; afterwards owning several grazing properties. First Mayor of the Borough of Wagga Wagga - holding office from 1870 to 1874. (Refer Swan, K. "A History of Wagga Wagga" for elaboration of some of the above extracts.)
FOSBERY Street	Tolland	1970	Leonard Arthur FOSBERY, an Alderman of the Wagga Wagga Municipal Council from 6 Feb. 1900 to 6 Feb. 1906. His occupation was Land Agent.
FOX Street (See "Notations Particular Interest" Page)	Wagga Wagga	N/K	Probably named after Thomas FOX, original owner of the land upon of which Mt. Erin Presentation Convent and South Wagga Wagga Public School now stand - Hotel Proprietor - built (but did not occupy) the original Commercial Hotel in 1857, and "Foxborough Hall" in about 1858. (For various references to Thomas Fox peruse - Swan, K. - "A History of Wagga Wagga".)
FOXBOROUGH Avenue	Wagga Wagga	1920's	So named by the subdivider, Richard Joseph Ernest Gormly, after "Foxborough Hall", the old original residence of Thomas FOX, built about 1858, and destroyed by fire about 1887 - rebuilt by the Hon. James Gormly, M.L.C. - in 1893, later to be the temporary Lewisham (now Calvary) Hospital in 1926.
FRASER Street	Mt Austin	1971	So named in response to a request from and after the subdivider, Ronald H. Fraser, who lived in Bourke Street for many years. A well-known Building Contractor, who built many residential homes in the City.
FREDERICK Street	North Wagga Wagga	N/K	Named by Surveyor G.W. Commins after his son, FREDERICK.

FREER Street	Wagga Wagga	1849	One of the original streets of the City, included in the first survey and named by the then Colonial Surveyor-General (Sir Thomas L Mitchell) after one of his fellow-officers in the 95 <sup>th</sup> Regiment of Foot with whom he served during the Peninsular War in 1809 under the Duke of Wellington - Richard Bruin FREER, Rifle Brigade; appointed Barrack Master at TOBAGO 8 Nov. 1825; served in WALCHEREN Expedition; WATERLOO Medal; died TOBAGO 1832.
FRENCH Place	Tolland	1977	Arthur Edward FRENCH; born Temora 15 Oct. 1906; Alderman of the City Council for two separate periods - from 21 Apr. 1952 to 1 Dec. 1956 (defeated) and 5 Dec. 1959 to 18 Sept. 1971 (retired). Delegate to Southern Riverina County Council from Apr. 1953 to Feb. 1955 and from 1959 to 1962; in all his Aldermanic Service was a member of the Council's Parks Committee; Member of Volunteer Defence Corps, Australian Military Forces 5 Jan. 1942 to 30 Sept. 1945. Life Member of the Wagga Wagga Leagues' Club of which he was a Director for many years; did outstanding work as an Alderman as was involved in numerous sporting activities. (See als French Fields)
FREYBERG Street	Ashmont	1963	Lieutenant-General Sir Bernard Cyril FREYBERG, V.C., (1889-1963) G.O.C. New Zealand Armed Forces during World War II (1939-1945), who subsequently became Governor-General of New Zealand in 1946, holding such Office until 1952. He became a Peer in 1952.
FROME Street	Lake Albert	1973	Lake FROME, a large salt lake in South Australia - noted for its deposits of prehistoric animal bones.
FULLER Street	North Wagga Wagga	1958	Sir George Warburton FULLER (1861-1940); Premier of N.S.W. from 1922-1925. Became State Member for Kiama in 1889; and entered Federal Politics in 1901 gaining the portfolio of Minister for Home Affairs in the period 1909/10 during which time he guided the Bill through the House creating the present Federal Capital; returned to the State Parliament in 1915 (State Seat of Wollondilly), gaining the appointment as Chief Secretary, ultimately becoming Premier from 1922-25. He later served as NSW Agent General in London from 1928, retiring in 1931. Knighted in 1919.

GARDENIA Avenue	Lake Albert	1973	Botanical derivation. A well-known popular shrub bearing highly perfumed flowers much used as corsages for ladies.
GARDINER Street	North Wagga Wagga	1958	Mr Walter S. Hardy advised - "I am inclined to think this Street was named after a well-known Banker of Wagga Wagga and a personal friend of Surveyor G.W. Commins".
GARLAND Street	Turvey Park	1933	James Robert GARLAND, who practised as a Solicitor in Wagga Wagga. At one time was a Partner in the legal firm of Garland, Seaborn & Abbott in Sydney; died at Bundanoon. Served as an Alderman for three years from 13 Feb. 1882 to 3 Feb. 1885.
GENEVA Crescent	Lake Albert	1973	GENEVA, the largest lake in Switzerland. It is traversed by the River Rhone. It is 80.4 km (50 miles) long and averages 8 km (5 miles) wide.
GEORGE Street	North Wagga Wagga	N/K	Named by Surveyor G.W. Commins after his son, GEORGE.
GIBBES Close	Kooringal	1988	William GIBBES; born 15 Oct. 1928, died 10 Jun. 1877 at Murrurundi (NSW) where he was buried; arrived in Wagga Wagga in July 1865 where he set up practice as a Lawyer; he became the Attorney for Thomas Castro (who was conducting a Butchers Shop in Gurwood street at the time). Castro confided in Gibbes from the legal standpoint, and lodged a Claim that he was the rightful heir to the wealthy Tichborne Estate in England. He claimed to be Roger Tichborne the heir- it being later found that his real name was Arthur Orton. GIBBES was subpoenaed as a Witness and gave evidence at The Great Tichborne Trial held in London from 23 Apr. 1873 to 6 Jun. 1873. On 24 May 1984, Mrs. P.L. Mussared (nee Gibbes) of Adelaide, a great grand daughter of William Gibbes presented to the City Council on behalf of her father, Mr. Alister Gibbes (Then 82 living in Beaumont, S.A.), four valuable plaster figurines being models of the Principals who featured prominently at the Tichborne Trial. This generous action was due to the close link that Wagga Wagga had with the Claimant's case and the Tichborne Trial.  (Refer Tichborne Crescent) (see Council Resolution No. 84/1445 of 28 May, 1984)
GIDYA Street	Kooringal	1972	Aboriginal word meaning "Little" or a species of Acacia.

---

GILES Place	Lake Albert	1974	Ernest GILES, Australian Explorer, (1835-1897); came to Australia in 1850; in 1861 started his exploration journeys with an expedition in Qld and Western N.S.W.; between 1872 and 1876 was leader of a series of expeditions in various parts of Central Australia, and crossing the continent from South Australia to Western Australia and north to the Murchison River in W.A.
GILLARD Road	Wagga Wagga	1958	After an old local Family which conducted a dairy adjacent to this road site.

---

GILMORE Avenue	Mt Austin	1959	<p>Dame Mary GILMORE, D.B.E., - (1865-1962) Poet and Author - early member of Teaching Profession in Wagga Wagga district. Born at Cottawalla a village outside Goulburn, her father Donald Cameron being a builder. In 1874 the family moved to the Wagga Wagga District, when Donald Cameron took over the wayside Inn at Houlaghan's Creek Bridge on Coolamon Road, and Mary attended the little school at Brucedale. She was later a pupil at "Mr Pentland's Academy" or "The Grammar School" at North Wagga Wagga, the fore-runner of the present day North Wagga Wagga Public School - then became a pupil-teacher at the District School (Gurwood Street) under Head Master, Mr Peter Durie. During the School Centenary Celebrations in 1961, Dame Mary was honoured as the School's outstanding pupil. Her contribution to Education in Wagga Wagga was marked by Memorial Gates erected at the Teachers' Training College in 1955. At the age of 30, Dame Mary went to South America as a member of an Australian Socialist Colony and whilst there married William GILMORE. This colony was conceived by a young Brisbane Journalist, William Lane who rallied a number of idealists into a scheme to begin a Socialist Utopia in South America. They raised 30,000 pounds capital, bought a ship, and set out for Paraguay, where the Government had agreed to a land grant of ½ million acres for the Colony. Before long the Colony broke into factions and Mary with her husband went with one break-away faction to Patagonia. When the Patagonian venture also failed, the Gilmores and their young son returned to Australia in 1902. Mary then threw herself into politics and campaigns for social justice, retaining her great interest in these matters until her death. Throughout her long life, Dame Mary displayed her great affection for the District where she spent her youth - referring to it in many of her poems. Prior to her death she lived for 25 years in the same flat in Kings Cross (Sydney) and remained active and alert to the end. She was accorded at State Funeral in recognition by the Commonwealth and State Governments, of her notable contribution to Australian life and literature. In 1937 Dame Mary became the first Woman ever to be created a Dame of the Order of the British Empire "For Services to Literature".</p>
----------------	-----------	------	---

GIRRA Street	Tolland	1965	Aboriginal word meaning "A Place"/
--------------	---------	------	------------------------------------

GLENFIELD Road	Ashmont	N/K	<p>"GLENFIELD" - a farming property which bore this name being an area of 96ha (237 acres) (Portion 177) on the western side of Glenfield Road. This land was granted to Margaret Lloyd, wife of Theophilus George Lloyd on 1 Dec. 1860. She was born Margaret Clarke in Kilkenny, Ireland - married her husband in St Peter and Paul's Cathedral, Goulburn on 4 Jan. 1860. She bore 7 children. She was widowed when her children were still young and continued to work the farm "Glenfield" until her death on 4 Apr. 1899. The original land granted to her was added to by her youngest son John Edward, who lived and reared his family on the western side of the Glenfield Road property.</p> <p>(Refer to Lloyd Road)</p> <p>(Information re Lloyd Family members extracted from an article by M. Sylvia Walsh (nee Lloyd) "the Maher and Lloyd Families" published in Wagga Wagga &amp; District Historical Society Journal No. 2 - 1969; pages 47-53).</p>
GIENVALE Place	Bourkelands	1987	<p>"GIENVALE" was the name of the agricultural property prior to the area being named Bourkelands and subdivided for residential development.</p>
GOBORRA Street	Glenfield Park	1981	<p>Aboriginal derivation meaning "Dwarf Box", a species of Eucalyptus.</p>
GOONAROO Street (awaiting dedication and construction by the subdivider)	Glenfield Park	1985	<p>Aboriginal word meaning "Whistling Duck".</p>
GOONIGUL Avenue	Wagga Wagga	N/K	<p>Named after Henry Baylis' old home "GOONIGUL" which faced Dobbs Street but also had frontage to Kincaid Street and Goonigul Avenue. Henry Baylis was the first Police Magistrate of Wagga Wagga. The name derived from the language of the Wiradjuri Aboriginal Tribe meaning "A Plain". (Refer to Baylis Street).</p>

---

GORDON Place	Kooringal	1988	<p>Francis David GORDON; (1893-1972); Master Builder and Developer; born in Wagga Wagga where he lived all his life; son of David Gordon who was a Boiler Attendant at Murrumbidgee Flour Mill, Edward Street. Attended South Wagga Public School; served apprenticeship in Carpentry in Wagga Wagga and whilst still an apprentice was employed for a time (with others) on the building of Big Springs homestead when he and he other workmen rode their bicycles daily to and from work at Big Springs. He purchased and resided in the old home (from 1939 to the early 1950's) at 46 Coleman Street and short way west of the Wagga Wagga High School; he acquired the old home and surrounding land at 75 Coleman Street (which was used as a Girls' Hostel) and later sold such property to the Seventh Day Adventist Church which was thereafter used as a Church Office and School - with the Church some years after, erecting thereon a modern brick Church and Primary School. He caused the subdivision of the same and erected some of the houses in Roma Street, and others in Edward, Beckwith and Coleman Streets (as well as other areas) and was Contractor/Builder of the Presbyterian Church (St. Aidens) Coleman Street. He was an Aprairist of some note and from about 100 bee hives he produced honey for sale and supplied same to various grocery stores in Wagga Wagga including Huthwaites, Slatterys, Bullocks, Edmondsons and others. He was the father of 11 children (8 girls and 3 boys) - all of whom attended South Wagga Wagga Public and Wagga Wagga High Schools. Died at Wagga Wagga 7 June, 1972 and was buried in S.D.A. Portion of the Monumental Cemetery.</p> <p>(Personal details supplied verbally (in part) to W.R. Ellis (1989) by Donald Gordon, one of his sons)</p>
--------------	-----------	------	---

---

GORMLY Avenue	Wagga Wagga	N/K	Named by the Subdivider, Richard Joseph Ernest GORMLY after the Family name. The Hon. James GORMLY, M.L.C.(1836-1922) arrived in Australia from Ireland in 1840; was one of the survivors of the disastrous Gundagai Flood in 1852 and settled in Wagga Wagga in 1858. Originally engaged in mail contracts, entered pastoral pursuits in 1874. Served as Alderman of the Council for 3 years and Mayor of Wagga Wagga 1884/1885. Member of the N.S.W. Legislative Assembly for 20 years and later entered the Legislative Council serving there for 17 years. (For more detailed information re James Gormly refer to Swan, K. - "A History of Wagga Wagga", pages 126, 164, 193)
GOSSETT Street	Wagga Wagga	1849	One of the original streets of the City. Was included in the first survey, and named by the then Colonial Surveyor-General, Sir Thomas L. Mitchell, after one of this fellow officers in the 95 <sup>th</sup> Regiment of Foot with whom he served during the Peninsular War, 1809, under the Duke of Wellington.
GOWRIE Parade	Mt Austin	1957	Lord GOWRIE - Brigadier-General Alexander Gore Arkwright Hore-Ruthven V.C., G.C.M.G., C.B., D.S.O., (1872-1935), Baron of Canberra and Dirlton; Governor of South Australia (1928-1934) - Governor of New South Wales (1935-1936) and Governor-General of Australia (1936-1944).
GRACE Avenue	Lake Albert	1973	Lake GRACE; in south-eastern Western Australia; surrounded by the wheat-belt areas; north of Albany and east of Wagin; reportedly, the salt content of its freshwater has been increasing due to the surrounding country having been cleared of timber over the years.
GRAHAM Street	Lake Albert	N/K	Edward GRAHAM (1833-1916) - father of the Hon. Edgar Hugh GRAHAM, M.L.A., State Member for Wagga Wagga and Minister for Agriculture and Food Production. Born Londonderry, County Tyrone, Ireland, 1 Dec. 1833. Came to Australia in 1850 and to the Wagga Wagga District in 1860. Died 9 Oct. 1916. He was the first man to drive a bullock team from Wagga Wagga to Sydney and back; also drew the piles for the first bridge over the Murrumbidgee at Wagga Wagga - built as a toll bridge in the early 1860's by the Wagga Wagga Bridge Company. Took up farming and grazing at the Lake Albert and continued living there until his death. (Refer also to Graham Park)

GRANDVIEW Avenue	Turvey Park	1929	So named by the Subdivider, James Henry Wooden - the street being in an elevated locality, commanding scenic views overlooking the city.
GRAY'S Lane	Wagga Wagga	1958	Bertie GRAY - the owner of land and property in this area for many years. He built a petrol/service station on the South West corner of Baylis Street and Station Place.
GREGADOO Road	Lake Albert	1958	Being the Road leading to the village and area of "GREGADOO".
GREGORY Crescent	Lake Albert	1973	Sir Augustus Charles GREGORY (1819-1905) Explorer and Surveyor; born in England; came to Australia in 1829; commenced a career in surveying with the W.A. Depart. Of Lands during which he led exploration expeditions in North Australia and Central Queensland; Ludwig Leichhardt became lost in 1858 and Gregory featured in the unsuccessful search for this explorer; the survey and marking of the border between N.S.W. and Qld. was performed by him in 1859 - he gained appointment as Qld. Surveyor-General in that same year; became a member of the Qld Legislative Council in 1882 and was created a Knight in 1903.
GREVILLEA Crescent	Lake Albert	1974	Arboreal derivation. GREVILLEA, a group of shrubs and trees for the most part native to Australia, with a big portion of them being found in W.A. The foliage is mostly harsh and tending to be prickly, with distinctive flowers in a range of colours; belongs to the "Proteaceae" plant family.
GRINTON Avenue	Ashmont	1974	Norman William GRINTON (1899-1980) who was member of City Council staff from 1926 to 1964 - a total of 38 years - retiring as Chief Clerk. Died 11 Oct. 1980 aged 81 years. Was active in many local organisations and after his retirement was actively associated with the local Tourist Information Centre and the Riverina Tourist Committee. He was a keen historian and was the first Secretary of the Wagga Wagga Historical Society when it was originally formed prior to it lapsing for a few years but being later revived.

GROVE Street	Kooringal	1951	Named by the subdivider, Stanley Nelder Henwood (on the subdivision plan supplied to and approved by the Kyeamba Shire Council prior to extension of the City boundaries on 7 Dec. 1951) after his rural property having frontage to the Murrumbidgee River known as "GROVE MEADOW" (a short distance upstream from the City Centre). (Refer to Meadow Street)
GUNDAGAI Road	North Wagga Wagga	N/K	Being the original road to GUNDAGAI from Wagga Wagga in the early days - generally following the river upstream through Oura, Wantabadgery and Nangus (a distance of 80-85 km east) 'Gundagai', Aboriginal derivation from 'Gundabandoo Bingee' (was locally shortened to 'Gundy'.) (Gundabandoo - sinews at back of the knee) (Bingee - cut with a tomahawk) Some options vary and claim the term Gundagai could mean "Going upstream". (Information re meaning of the Aboriginal word supplied by the Gundagai Tourist Information Centre.)
GUNN Drive	Estella	1980	J.A. GUNN (1860-1910) Manager of Borambola Estate from 1895 - 1905. He was also Superintendent of Stations in Southern N.S.W. for Goldsborough Mort and Co. Ltd. for this same period. In 1905 he devoted himself to his own property "Braehour" 12.8 km (8 miles) east of Wagga Wagga. Carried out important scientific investigations into the control of anthrax in sheep with Arthur Devlin in the 1880's and 1890's. He was a Vice President of Murrumbidgee Pastoral and Agricultural Association Chairman of Wagga Wagga Pastures Protection Board, a Councillor of Kyeamba Shire Council and became a Member of the Legislative Council of N.S.W. in 1908. (Information re J.A. Gunn extracted from Swan, K. - "A History of Wagga Wagga" pages 137-138)
GUNYAH Place	Glenfield Park	1987	Aboriginal word meaning "Hut or bark shelter".
GURWOOD Street	Wagga Wagga	1849	One of the original Streets in the City included in the first survey, and named by the then Colonial Surveyor-General, Sir Thomas L. Mitchell - after one of his fellow officers with whom he served in the Peninsular War (1809) under the Duke of Wellington; John GURWOOD, Captain 10 Hussars; wounded WATERLOO.

HAKEA Place	Tatton	1985	Arboreal derivation. Genus HEKEA, part of the plant family "Proteaceae"; close relative of the Grevillea; native trees and shrubs of Australia mostly found in W.A.
HALE Street	North Wagga Wagga	1958	<p>The HALE Family - members of which for many years conducted dairy farms in the area adjacent to this road. Robert James HALE of "New Lawn" died aged 80; Garnett Evelyn HALE of "Alfalfa" died aged 77; both born at Coolamon; they both served in the A.I.F. in World War I and acquired their holdings soon after their discharge from active services; both were sons of Charles James HALE, Dairyfarmer, who farmed at Brushwood (near Ganmain) - later moving to Lake Albert. He had a family of 7 boys and 3 girls.</p> <p>Albrey Samuel HALE (born Ganmain 26 Sept. 1902) another son, was employed by the City Council as Street and Traffic Inspector from 17 Mar. 1952 to 28 Sept. 1973. He won the singles championship of the South Wagga Bowling Club for the season of 1948-1949.</p> <p>William Barry HALE (a son of Robert James Hale) born Wagga Wagga 6 Feb. 1925, died 2 Jul. 1982, commenced duty with the City Council 20<sup>th</sup> May, 1940 - was appointed Chief Health Inspector on 27 Sept. 1957. He died on the aforementioned date whilst still occupying that position. He served overseas in the A.I.F. during World War II.</p>
HALLORAN Street	Turvey Park	1926	Named by the subdivider, James Halloran (1876-1955), Grazier - lived at "Fernleigh" Bourke Street. Was Alderman of the Wagga Wagga Municipal Council from 16 Mar. 1940 to 2 Dec. 1944 (retired).

HAMMOND Avenue	Wagga Wagga	1956	<p>(Previously named Tarcutta Road and Edward Street east) Mrs Dorothy C. HAMMOND, resident of Wagga Wagga and distinguished member of the local branch of the C.W.A., which was founded by her in association with Mrs E.E. Collins, Mayoress who was the first President of the Branch. Mrs Hammond was President in 1926-27 and became President of the Riverina Group from 1932 - 1935. She died in 1936. The avenue of plane trees along Hammond Avenue was planted in her honour and a memorial cairn was erected by the C.W.A. The granite cairn standing on the footpath (south side of Hammond Avenue at front of Moore Paragon Factory), bears the following inscription; "Dorothy C. Hammond Memorial. This avenue is dedicated to her memory as a mark of appreciation of her devoted service to Country Womens' Association, 19<sup>th</sup> August, 1937." The C.W.A. is a non-sectarian and non-political organisation, with the object of providing service for country women and children in Australia. The first Association was established in 1922 in N.S.W., and now exists in all Australian States.</p>
HAMPDEN Avenue	North Wagga Wagga	1938/39	<p>Viscount HAMPDEN (1841-1906) governor of New South Wales from 1895 to 1899, and in whose honour HAMPDEN BRIDGE across the Murrumbidgee was named in 1895. (Previously named Junee Road). (Refer to Hampden Bridge)</p>
HANN Street	Wagga Wagga	1973	<p>Phineas HANN (1839-1919), born Tintinhull, Somerset. He first engaged in a storekeeping business, trading as Forsyth and Hann; subsequently was partner of Wilkinson, Lavender, Hann and Minchin; Stock and Station Agents. He built Invermay House (east side of Baylis Street in 1867 or 1868); was an Alderman of the Municipal Council from 8 Mar. 1900 to 1 Feb. 1908; Secretary of Riverine Club from 1906 to 1914. (Refer to Invermay Lane).</p>

HARDY Avenue	Wagga Wagga	1924	<p>Name applied by the subdivider in honour of the HARDY FAMILY. Charles HARDY, was born in 1833 in the village of Corfe Castle Dorset - arrived in Australia in 1854, proceeding to Wagga Wagga approximately 1860 - set up business as Building Contractor; died 1908. He built many of the notable buildings locally, including the Council Chambers, A.N.Z. Bank, Post Office, Bomen Railway Station, Wagga Wagga Railway Station, Gurwood Street School and residence. His wife was born in a tent on the Beach Quarantine Ground, Manly on 1 Apr, 1837; married at Quenbeyan in 1857, and lived in Yass, Gundagai and Wagga Wagga. His son Walter Slade HARDY a notable citizen and Alderman of Wagga Wagga was born 15 Mar. 1878 and died 24 Mar. 1951. Charles HARDY was, in 1870, appointed the first Municipal Valuer and served as Mayor of the Municipal Council in 1902 and 1903. The Family's business pursuits expanded later to embrace Timber Mills, Joinery Works and Hardware Merchandising. (Some references to Charles hardy extracted in part from Swan, K. - "A History of Wagga Wagga") (Refer also to Rhoda Avenue)</p>
HARGRAVE Street	Lloyd	1988	<p>Lawrence HARGRAVE; (1850-1915); aeronautical pioneer in Australia. English born, he came to the Colony in 1865/6. He developed plans and models of "flying machines", beginning his experiments in the 1880's and gradually built various types of machines. Much of his testing and flight experiments were conducted at Stanwell Park (on the coast south of Sydney) where a monument has been erected in his honour on the cliffs overlooking the sea. A reproduction of his portrait, together with an aviation theme design, is featured on the \$20 Australian Bank-Note.</p>

HARRIS Road	N/N	1979	Named by Mitchell Shire Council prior to its Amalgamation with the City on 1 Jan. 1981; after Ronald Frederick HARRIS. Born 1921; Farmer; Councillor on Mitchell Shire Council 1971 - 1980, and Shire President 1973-1978. Elected as Alderman of the City Council on 6 Dec. 1980 (following the Amalgamation of the Shire with the City); elected Mayor on 23 Sept. 1985 serving as such through to September, 1989. Delegate of the City to the Southern Riverina County Council from 1982. Served 5 years on N.S.W. Bush Fire Council. Active in United Farmers and Woolgrowers Association and Livestock and Grain Producers Association over the years. In 1986 appointed to Federal Meteorological Policy Review Committee by the Federal Minister for Science. Served in A.I.F. in World War II from 1942 to 1946 and was (and still is) one of the three Trustees of the Wagga Wagga Sub-Branch of the R.S.L.
HARRISON Avenue	Wagga Wagga	1950	John Andrew HARRISON, who served as Alderman of the Municipal Council from 1938 to the time of his death in 1948. Carried on business as the Estate Agent for many years and Crown Land Agent in Wagga Wagga for lengthy period - served overseas in A.I.F during World War I. Was Municipal Valuer for a number of years. Was Foundation President of Wagga Wagga Sub-Branch, R.S.S. & A.I.L.A. in 1919 and again elected President thereof in 1929-1930. (Previously named Foxborough Avenue)
HAWKES Place	Tolland	1967	John HAWKES, B.A., the 3 <sup>rd</sup> Town Clerk of the Borough of Wagga Wagga from 1883 to 1893.
HAYES Street	North Wagga Wagga	1930	Joseph HAYES (1845-1934) - born at Gisburn, Yorkshire - arrived in Australia in 1883; took up residence in Wagga Wagga in September, 1891 and established a wool scour in North Wagga Wagga. He returned to England in 1908, where he lived in retirement until his death at Southport, Lancashire. Served as Mayor in 1897, 1906, 1907 and 1908.
HEATH Street	Turvey Park	N/K	Henry Oliver HEATH, born Wagga Wagga 1864. Admitted as Solicitor on 28 May, 1887, after being articled to the legal firm of Garland and Anderson at Wagga Wagga; practised in partnership with Henry Ernest Mitchelmore - the firm being Heath and Mitchelmore. Died 1922. Served as Alderman of the Municipal Council from 7 Feb. 1893 to 20 Feb., 1896.

HELY Avenue	Turvey Park	N/K	Named by the Subdivider, A.T. Bolton, after John Hely, one time Hotelkeeper who drove Lord Carrington's carriage and four on his visit to Wagga Wagga.
HENLEY Lane	Wagga Wagga	1940	HENLEY Flats (a 3-storied brick block of home units) erected on the western side of Henley Lane and fronting Tarcutta Street, erected in 1939 by Mr and Mrs William Wallace Horsley of "Yarri" (Part of the original Yabtree Station), Tumblong (near Mundarlo). The name 'Henley' was selected for the flats at the outset by the owners, as Mr Horsley's grandfather (Richard Frederick Horsley) originated from Henley-on-Thames, (England) in the mid 19 <sup>th</sup> Century. (Refer to Yabtree Street) (Information supplied per courtesy of Mr W.W. Horsley)
HENRY Street	North Wagga Wagga	N/K	Named by the Surveyor, G.W. Commins after his son, HENRY.

HENSCHKE Avenue	Tolland	1964	<p>The most Reverend Francis Augustin HENSCHKE, D.D., 2<sup>nd</sup> Roman Catholic Bishop of Wagga Wagga - (1892-1968); born of Polish/German parents at Hookina, S.A. being one of seven sons (all more than 6ft in height) and four daughters. Received his early education from his parents and at a small local school, then attended the Sacred Heart College at Glenelg, where he completed secondary studies under the Marist Brothers. He taught for some time with the S.A. Education Department in Adelaide before joining the Priesthood. The Bishop of Port Augusta, the Most Rev. John H. Norton, D.D. sent him to study Philosophy at the Melleray College in Ireland's County Waterford - from there he went to Propaganda College, Rome to complete reading Theology and was ordained at St. John's Lateral Basilica, Rome on 3<sup>rd</sup> June, 1917. His first appointment was the Curate at Hawker, S.A. followed by 19 years at Jamestown as Curate-Administrator and finally Parish Priest until elevation to Episcopacy, when he was consecrated Titular Bishop of Praenetus and Auxiliary Bishop to the Most. Rev. Joseph Wilfred Dwyer of Wagga Wagga on 15 Aug., 1937 at Peterborough, S.A. Appointed Parish Priest of Junee and Vicar General of the Diocese early September, 1937, he remained Parish Priest of Junee until Bishop Dwyer's death in 1939 when he was appointed to the See of Wagga Wagga by Pope Pius XII on 16 Nov. 1939 and was solemnly enthroned in St. Michael's Cathedral as 2<sup>nd</sup> Bishop of Wagga Wagga on 31 Mar. 1940. He was responsible for extension of educational facilities in the City - enlarging Calvary Hospital; introduction of the Home of Compassion from New Zealand; and the unique Community Settlement of San Isidore - all monuments to his zeal. On 31 May, 1967, the Wagga Wagga City Council conferred on him the FREEDOM OF THE CITY to mark his Golden Jubilee as a Priest on 2 June that year - also to recognise his great contribution to the public and religious life of the Community as a whole. Bishop Henschke died on 24 Feb. 1968, aged 76 years, and following a period of lying in state and a Solemn Procession through the Streets of the City, he was laid to rest in the crypt of St. Michael's Cathedral on Thursday, 29 Feb. 1968.</p>
--------------------	---------	------	---

(References to the life and career of Bishop Henschke extracted from paper by Bishop F.P.Carroll headed "Bishop Francis Augustin Henschke (1892-1968)", published in the Wagga Wagga Wagga & District Historical Society Journal No. 3 - 1970 - entitled "People and Events of Wagga Wagga and District" - pages 18-34)

HENWOOD Avenue	Kooringal	1973	Stanley Nelder HENWOOD Pastoralist, Landholder, and Developer, who subdivided this land and other extensive areas in the Kooringal locality.
HERON Place	Estella	Early 1980's	"HERON" a special soft-grain variety of wheat - bred and developed at the Wagga Wagga Agricultural Research Institute by Dr A.T. Pugsley and released in 1959.
HEYDON Avenue	Turvey Park	1946	Richard Sutton HEYDON (1837-1915), past Mayor of Wagga Wagga; conducted business as Coachbuilder in Gurwood Street and resided in Wagga Wagga for 55 years. Member of the first Volunteer Fire Brigade, Town Band, M.U.O. Lodge, Amateur Dramatic Society; member of Methodist Church Choir for 48 years. Alderman of the Council for 22 years - being Mayor in 1895 and 1986. Was a Committeeman of the Murrumbidgee Pastoral and Agricultural Association and Hospital Board; was also prominent on the School Board and in the Mechanics Institute. (Refer to Swan, K. - "A History of Wagga Wagga") (Page 107)

Extract from Wagga Wagga & District Historical Society Journal No. 1 (1968) entitled "Some Men of Wagga Wagga" (page 18) - an article headed 'Richard Sutton Heydon 1837-1915' being a revised text of an address to the Society on 17 June, 1968 by P.R. Heydon C.B.E., speaking of his grandfather, Richard Sutton Heydon, as Mayor: "The prominence of my grandparents in this City brought several unexpected honours. For example, when General William Booth, the founder of the Salvation Army came to Wagga Wagga, he stayed in the old house in Kincaid Street, possibly while grandfather was Mayor. My grandparents were never members of the Salvation Army, but I think they must have been supporters of it and their agreeing to put up the General as an indication of their attitude." (Refer also to Hampden Avenue and Hampden Bridge)

HIGGINS Avenue	Wagga Wagga	1964	<p>After the subdivider, Walter Henry HIGGINS, who owned the land in the area comprised with his "Bolton Park" Subdivision; born at Manly N.S.W. 1894, his mother being the former Miss Minnie Hardy, daughter of Charles Hardy (former Mayor of Wagga Wagga 1902-03, founder of Hardys Pty Ltd). His father was Walter George Higgins, son of Robert Higgins, both residents of Wagga Wagga. Robert Higgins featured in a classic horse ride from Booligal Station to Hay and back seeking medical aid. Walter Henry Higgins resided at Wagga Wagga throughout his life. Attended South Wagga Wagga and Gurwood Street Public Schools, at the latter, was taught for a time by Student Teacher, Thomas Albert Blamey (who was subsequently Field Marshal Sir Thomas A. Blamey in World War II). In 1911 he went to London with the Australian Coronation contingent of Military Cadets to attend celebrations for the Coronation of King George V on 30 June 1911. Served in the A.I.F. with 1<sup>st</sup> Field Coy Aust. Engineers in World War I; landed at Gallipoli on 27 Apr. 1915 and later served in France and Belgium.</p> <p>Promoted to Lieutenant in 1916, served to end of war with 1<sup>st</sup> Field Coy, when his unit disbanded in Belgium in 1919; was awarded the M.C. at Polygan Wood (Ypres). He served as President Wagga Wagga Sub-Branch, R.S.S. &amp; A.I.L.A. in 1924; President of Wagga Wagga Golf Club in 1925 and 1927 and President Wagga Wagga Country Club 1947-1948 and Club Champion in 1931. Was one of the original debenture holders of the latter club in 1928. In 1919 he married (in England) Miss Kathleen Craig-Hill of Hove, Brighton, Sussex, then returned to and lived in Wagga Wagga (with his family) for the rest of his life. Mrs Kathleen Higgins occupied a prominent place in the cultural life of the City. She was a Journalist of note and regularly contributed articles (on widely diverse subjects of particular interest to women) published in the Daily Advertiser under the nom-de-plume of "Dianthus".</p>
HIGHFIELD Place	Kooringal	1971	So named because of the high elevation of the locality.
HILL Street	Wagga Wagga	1923	(No record) Presumed to be because the street is on the western slope of Willans Hill, running in East-West direction.

HILLARY Street	North Wagga Wagga	1958	Sir Edmund Precival Hillary, New Zealand Mountaineer; born 1919; Leader of Everest Expedition in 1958, when, with Tensing Norgay (Nepalese mountaineer/guide) became the first man to climb Mount Everest (the world's highest peak) reaching the top of 29 <sup>th</sup> May, 1953. Knighted by H.M. Queen Elizabeth II for this outstanding feat.
HINKLER Street	North Wagga Wagga	1958	Herbert John Louis HINKLER ("Bert") (1892-1933); born Bundaberg, Qld; famous Australian Pioneer Aviator; first man to fly solo in a single engined aircraft, from England to Australia. He left Britain on 7 Feb. 1928 arriving in Darwin 23 Feb, 1928 - the total elapsed time being 15½ days. Served in the Royal Naval Air Force in World War I; He performed various other successful record-breaking flights, losing his life in a crash in 1928 in Italy on a flight trying to break the speed record between England and Australia. Soon after his record-breaking flight from England to Australia, he flew his Arvo Avian airplane to Wagga Wagga from Sydney; landing in the ring at the Showground before a large crowd. His plane was wheeled into and hangared in the Kyeamba Smith Hall overnight.
HOBKIRK Street	North Wagga Wagga	N/K	Walter Slade Hardy stated - "Possibly after an English town where Commins' folk lived". The name obviously applied by Surveyor G.W. Commins.
HODSON Avenue	Turvey Park	1946	After a Past Mayor of Wagga Wagga Thomas HODSON, a Building Contractor for a time in partnership with Charles Hardy - Mayor in 1875 and 1877.

---

John HOLLOWAY, (1840-1916); elected as an Alderman at the first Municipal election following proclamation of the Borough of Wagga Wagga on 15 Mar. 1870. Elected 16 June, 1870 and served until 4 Feb. 1873. In the early 1860s.....in partnership with a family relative Abraham Booth ....(1) "John HOLLOWAY, purchased Gobbagumbalin (north of the river at Wagga Wagga) and Tooyal Station; they came with both capital and experience; both participated in Wagga Wagga's developing urban society."

(2) "HOLLOWAY.... Was and Englishman, who came to Victoria when a lad; his father bring the family out to a property he had purchased on the Loddon in Victoria. As he grew up and got experience he came into N.S.W. settling on a property, Estella, near Wagga Wagga (this being part of Gobbagumbalin). From there he inspected Moombooldool and Bygoo, buying both properties which were still wild bush country."

(3) "For a time he lived on in Wagga Wagga, leaving a man named John Dill in charge of Moombooldool, ....putting every penny he made back into the property; he was a hard-working determined man and an outstanding character."

(4) "John HOLLOWAY of Goobagumbalin Station" ...."was frequently irritated by payment of tolls since this station was North of the River. He was among the prominent members of an association which operated a Free Punt for a time in 1871-72. The Free Punt Association was given enthusiastic support but was doomed to ultimate failure because Section 26 of the Act of 1861 gave the (Bridge) Company 'exclusive right of ferry over the said River Murrumbidgee for the full and clear distance of two miles' on each side of the Bridge.

...."The opposition to the bridge Company was neither short-lived nor the preserve of a few people. Both newspapers thought the tolls must be reduced or removed.".... the Bridge Company took that matter to Court and ...."in August 1872..... the Supreme Court by a majority decision found for the Company in its case against the Free Punt Association in the person of John HOLLOWAY on the ground of the exclusive rights conferred by the Act."

(1) & (4) - Extracted from Swan, K. "A History of Wagga Wagga" pages 102, 86-87.

(2) & (3) - Extracted from Webster, Rob. "Bygoo and Beyond" page 41

(3) (See also Estella Surburban area.)

---

HOLMES Place (awaiting dedication & construction by the Subdivider)	Wagga Wagga	1973	<p>Dr Raymond Maxwell Glennie-HOLMES (1909-1971) General Practitioner; born Warialda; educated Sydney University (St. Pauls College). He was the son of a Doctor and had two brothers who were doctors. After graduating, practiced in Wollongong and came to Wagga Wagga Wagga in 1937, where he entered partnership with Dr N.F. Benjamin at the surgery at 69 Baylis Street (later Telecom Offices). In about 1953 moved to the corner of Edward Street and Cox Avenue where the partnership with Drs Millard, Oliver and Dowe was established. His home was at 27 Peter Street (purchased by Huthwaites on which a supermarket was established). Shortly before his death he sold his Peter Street home to Huthwaites and moved (with his wife) to Cook Street, Koorinal. His wife, Jean Glennie-Holmes was active in the pre-school kindergarten movement, which established the Koala, Kookaburra and Kingfisher Kindergartens. She was responsible for the formation of the Wagga Wagga Sea Rangers Company (Girl Guides). Dr Glennie-Holmes was a member of the Rotary Club of Wagga Wagga at the time Rotary established the Youth Camp at Borambola. He was most active in the Wagga Wagga Male Choir; was President of the A.B.C. Subscribers Concert Committee between 1954-1968, and was a member of the Rostrum Club of Wagga Wagga.</p> <p>After his retirement, he became the Education Department Medical Officer; responsible for the health and welfare of school children throughout the South-Western Region.</p> <p>(Details supplied (in part) verbally to W.R. Ellis in 1987, by Mr. Malcolm Glennie-Holmes, son.)</p>
HONEYSUCKLE Place (awaiting dedication and construction)	Lake Albert	1981	Botanical derivation. A genus of deciduous bushy or climbing shrubs - bearing scented flowers.
HOPKINS Street	Mt Austin	1973	Walter Patrick HOPKINS, who was Foreman at "Coronation" Bakery for many years and still resided at 107 Peter Street at time of naming of this street. Died 15 <sup>th</sup> June, 1974 aged 81 years.

HORSLEY Street	Kooringal	1980	<p>Ralph Charles HORSLEY ("Charlie") born 1910 at Tumbarumba. Came to Wagga Wagga with his parents during World War I. Attended St Josephs School and Christian Brothers High School - left school aged 14. Then started work with Anstice and Mackay, Mens' Wear Store at Cnr Fitzmaurice and Johnston Streets in the School of Arts building. He remained with the same store for the whole of his working life, retiring in 1975 after almost 51 years employment there. He served in the A.I.F. during World War II, for 4 years including service in new Guinea for 2½ years. Soon after discharge from the army he became actively associated with the St Vincent de Paul Society in a voluntary capacity in the Society's charitable work and over the years held the various positions on the Executive of the South Wagga Wagga Conference of the Society. He was a voluntary worker to the sick, attended at Calvary Hospital from 1946 to 1984 on most nights, lending assistance by the preparation of male patients prior to their going to surgery the following day and shaving those requiring same. The Wagga Wagga Sub-Branch of the R.S.L. donated electric razors to him to assist in his work in this regard. A member of Wagga Wagga City Bowling Club, he was active in lawn bowls from the early 1950's to 1984.</p> <p>(Personal details supplied verbally by Mr. Ralph C. Horsley to W.R. Ellis, 1986)</p>
HOWARD Street	Kooringal	1972	<p>Name applied at request of Lloyd HOWARD, Chairman of Directors of HOWARD Homes Pty Ltd. He was born, raised and educated in Wagga Wagga. Achieved local prominence for his company's housing development over a 13 year period during which he was responsible for the erection of over 400 residential homes, in Wagga Wagga.</p>
HUDSON Drive	Lloyd	1988	<p>Mr R HUDSON in view of his long association with the building industry in Wagga Wagga and his ownership of a substantial area of land in the suburb of Lloyd.</p>

HUME Street	Lake Albert	1960	Hamilton HUME (1797-1873), Australian Explorer; birthplace Parramatta area; in company with William Hilton Hovell, some soldiers and convicts; led an expedition from near Yass, NSW on 17 <sup>th</sup> October, 1824, trekking overland southwards to the west part of Port Phillip Bay arriving there (near Geelong) on 16. Dec. 1824 - thus finding the first overland route between the now Metropolitan cities of Sydney and Melbourne. The HUME highway and HUME Reservoir both perpetuate the name of the leader of this expedition of discovery. (Refer to Angel Street.)
HUNTER Street	Mt Austin	1959	William Cowan HUNTER, founder of HUNTER Bros. in Wagga Wagga in 1866. Stationers, Jewellers, Sports Good Retailers of Fitzmaurice Street (opposite Court House). Served as an Alderman for 3 years 8 months - being elected 27 June, 1889, retiring on 16 Feb. 1893.

---

HURD Street

Ashmont

1974

BILL HURD and his wife Amy

William Lewis HURD, M.B.E., born at Kempsey NSW, Chief Water Supply Engineer with the Southern Riverina County Council 1946-1966. Son of Rev. Lewis Hurd, Methodist Minister, who was for part of his ministry, Chaplain of the Goulburn Goal and Trial Bay Goal at Kempsey. Bill was educated at Milton (Sth Coast), Goulburn High School, Sydney Boys' High and Sydney University from where he graduated in 1921 as Bachelor of Engineering. Started work as a surveyor with Wilson and Reid of Sydney in 1922, later went as Design Engineer with Qld. Govt. Railways. Took up appointment as Shire Engineer, Lockhart Shire in 1924. Qualified as an Electrical Engineer in 1939, and gained his Town and Country Planning Certificate in 1947. During World War II, he first worked for Allied War Council for 2 years, then enlisted in the R.A.A.F. serving as Ft. Lieut. (Engineering). On cessation of hostilities he returned to Lockhart for 1 month then took up the appointment as Water Supply engineer with Southern Riverina County Council at Wagga Wagga. He was later designated as Chief Water Supply Engineer and remained in that position until his retirement in 1966. During his working life was a Consultant Engineer (Water and Sewerage design) for a number of other authorities including the Wagga Wagga Sewerage Scheme. After retirement he continued as a Consultant to the Wagga Wagga City Council on the expansion of both the Narrung Street and Koorringal Sewer Treatment Works (Design and Supervision) in the work of ultimate doubling of both works. For some years he held the position of President, Wagga Wagga School of Arts; Eisteddfod Society and Choir-Master at Wesley Methodist Church, also a Past Master of Masonic Lodge Lockhart No. 260 (1933/34) and a member of the Rotary Club of Wagga Wagga from 1960.

---

---

Amy Isabella HURD, M.B.E.; (born Redfern 1901. Died 16 Aug. 1989 - buried Wagga Wagga Lawn Cemetery). As a joint effort, Bill and Amy greatly assisted with the community effort to establish the Wagga Wagga Branch of the Sub-Normal Childrens' Association and, by degrees, the establishment of the Kurrajong School, which first operated at the Girl Guides Hall in Johnston Street, then in the CUSA Hut (Croaker Pavilion) at Showground and then at Lord Baden Powell Drive where the first permanent brick school building was erected with assistance for the Wagga Wagga Jaycees. Both worked most actively for Kurrajong School. Amy ultimately became, in 1957, Chief of Administration of the School (and ultimately the hostel), also of the Activity Centre. She retired from full time work in 1980. Joining the Girl Guides in 1927, she was, for about 20 years, active in the Guide Movement in Wagga Wagga and District. She was District Commissioner for many years, and as well, served on Girl Guides State Council. Bill and Amy had the honour of extending hospitality in their home to Lady Baden Powell (World Chief Guide) when she officially visited this City. When Bill and Amy were visiting the U.K. in 1961 and 1966, they were on both occasions house guests of Lady B.P. at her "grace and favour" apartment at Hampton Court.

#### Honours received

Both were awarded the M.B.E. - Amy in 1978(c) and Bill 1983(c) - such being for Distinguished Community Service. Both were also made Paul Harris Fellows by the Rotary Club of Wagga Wagga - Amy in 1981 and Bill in 1983/4. Bill was earlier in his career awarded the George A. Taylor Memorial Medal (founded by the Local Government Engineers' Association of N.S.W.) on two occasions (1952 and 1964) for the Best Local Government Thesis on both occasions.

(Personal details of both Bill and Amy Hurd supplied verbally by the former to W.R. Ellis (1987)).

---

HURON Crescent	Lake Albert	1973	Lake HURON, one of the Great Lakes of North America, the waters of which form part of the international border separating the U.S.A. and Canada.
----------------	-------------	------	--

---

HURST Street	North Wagga Wagga	1930	Robert John HURST, (1867-1960); born at Oura; Assistant Wheat Propagator at Wagga Wagga Experiment Farm; Alderman of the Municipal Council from 2 Apr. 1910 to 5 Jan. 1922. Uncle of Wagga Wagga born V.C. Winner in 1941 John Hurst Edmondson (Refer Edmondson Street)
HUTHWAITE Street	Mt Austin	1965	William George Fitzroy HUTHWAITE (1880-1942), Native of Wagga Wagga, Founder and Proprietor of W.G. HUTHWAITE & Co. Pty Ltd, established in 1906 - west side of Baylis Street between Morgan and Edward Streets. The Company continued in continuous business as General Merchants and Department Store until being taken over and traded as "Miller-Huthwaite" being closed in 1985/86. He was one of the original Debenture Holders for the establishment of the Wagga Wagga Country Golf Club in 1928.
IDSAL Road	Turvey Park	N/K	Named by the Subdivider, Charles Lewis. No record of the significance of the name can be found, the name was applied when the land was within the Kyeamba shire, or probably before the Shire was established.
ILEX Street	Lake Albert	1973	Arboreal derivation. HOLLY (of various species comprised within the genus ILEX), a handsome shrub with dark green, shiny leaves edged with prickles - bears bright red berries in season. Sprigs of HOLLY used widely for Christmas decorations.
IMMARNA Place	Kooringal	1966	Aboriginal word meaning "Camp".
INCARNIE Crescent	Wagga Wagga	1980	Aboriginal derivation meaning "to laugh".
INDI Place	Kooringal	1972	Aboriginal word meaning "Water Plant".
INGA Street	Kooringal	1973	Aboriginal word meaning "Rest".
INGLEWOOD Road	Lake Albert	1955 & 1961	Named after the pastoral property bearing same name which was settled in the 1890's by Anthony Brunskill.
INGLIS Street	Lake Albert	1960	Betsy INGLIS, who acted as mid-wife at practically all the births in the Lake Albert area in the early days; including that of Thomas Albert Blamey, (later Australian Field-Marshal) born at Lake Albert 1884. She was also general nurse, dentist, etc for the Lake Albert Village area. (Previously named Heath Street).

INVERARY Street	Wagga Wagga	1923	Derivation and reason for application of name cannot be traced - however, assumed could have been selected by the Subdivider or the Council for INVERARY, a Royal Burgh, post-town and sea-port, county-town of Argyleshire and one of the assize-towns of Scotland.
INVERMAY Lane	Wagga Wagga	N/K	Took the name from "INVERMAY HOUSE" Baylis Street which was built by Phineas Hann (1839-1919) in 1867 or 1868. (in 1960's (?) became the Commonwealth Bank Building, South Wagga Wagga). Phineas Hann was born in Tintinhull, Somerset. He first engaged in storekeeping business, trading as Forsyth and Hann; subsequently was partner in firm of Wilkinson, Lavender, Hann and Minchin, Stock and Station Agents. He was secretary of the Riverine Club from 1906 to 1914. "Invermay" an Estate and Mansion on the River May, which flows into the Earn in Perthshire, near Forteviot about 12 to 14km south of the County-Town, Perth in Scotland. (Refer to Hann Street).
IOWA Street	Tolland	1974	"IOWA" a Mid-Western State of the United States of America; neighbouring State of Missouri and Kansas.
IRIS Street	Lake Albert	1976	Botanical derivation - hardy ever-green plant with pointed-flat leaves, bulb type roots and handsome flowers.

IVAN JACK Drive	Wagga Wagga	1962	Ivan John JACK, (1892-1972) born at Oxley (Vic), and came to Wagga Wagga District in 1906; farmed at Uranquinty until 1929, when he became Managing Director of Motor Car Sales and Service Agency. Returned to the land in 1945. First elected an Alderman of the Council 16 Oct. 1948; elected Deputy Mayor for year 1954; elected and served as Mayor in the years 1955, 1956, 1957 and from 1959 to 1966 inclusive (a total of eleven years); Delegate of the City Council to the Southern Riverina County Council from March 1949 to December, 1968; Chairman of the Southern Riverina County Council 1956-1964 inclusive. Performed the Official Opening of the Civic Theatre 29 June, 1963; Unveiled monoliths at each end of this drive on 23 Nov. 1963 in presence of the Mayoress and Aldermen of the City Council; was awarded the M.B.E. by H.M. the Queen Elizabeth II on 1 Jan, 1966 and later the Grant of the Freedom of the City of Wagga Wagga in 1967. Died 17 July, 1972 (at Young) - Buried Presbyterian Portion, Wagga Wagga Monumental Cemetery. (Refer to Jack Avenue)
JACARANDA Drive	Lake Albert	1974	Arboreal derivation. JACARANDA, a widely cultivated tree; native to Argentina; a most popular, beautiful tree; it has fronds of fern-type foliage; deciduous; bears masses of bright bluish coloured clumps of flowers in the summer season.
JACK Avenue	Mt Austin	1959	Ivan John JACK (1892-1972) Mayor of Wagga Wagga for eleven mayoral terms (Refer to "Ivan Jack Drive").
JACKSON Street	Wagga Wagga	N/K	Named by the subdivider after the original land owner.
JAMES Street	Kooringal	1951	Name selected (and shown on the original subdivisional plan approved by the Kyeamba Shire Council) by the subdivider, Stanley Nelder Henwood; was in the area comprised in an extension of the City Boundaries on 7 Dec. 1951.
JAMIE Place	Tolland	1984	Name submitted by the Subdivider Kerry David Pascoe after his son.
JANNALI Place	Glenfield Park	1976	Aboriginal derivation for "Moon".
JARICK Street	Turvey Park	1937	Name requested by the subdivider, Richard Charles JARICK (1898-19 ), Building Contractor; served overseas in World War I.

JASMINE Crescent	Lake Albert	1976	Botanical derivation. JASMINE of the plant family Oleaceae; a climber; the white variety bears highly perfumed flowers, pure in white in colour.
JEEBA Place	Glenfield Park	1978	Aboriginal derivation - meaning "Springtime Corrobboree".
JENKINS Street	Ashmont	1968	<p>Thomas Henry JENKINS (1886-1968); born and married "Caerleon, Newport, Country Monmouthshire, Wales." Migrated to Australia, landing at Melbourne 1912. There met J.J. McGrath and Wal Higgins Snr of Wagga Wagga who were in Melbourne at the time and who suggested he go to Wagga Wagga. They gave him a letter of introduction to Charles Hardy Joinery and Timber Merchants. Worked for Hardys for 10 years. Then started own business conducting same for 2 years, went back to Hardys for 1 year, then worked for E.A. Bourne Timber Merchants. Again started own business in 1926 at Tarcutta Street. Trading as Thos. H. Jenkins and sons moved across the lagoon in 1945, site being in Baylis Street (east side) between Morrow and Tompson Streets. At request of City Council, voluntarily and without monetary compensation, dedicated a strip of land along the lagoon to make possible the reclamation of the lagoon, the dedication and construction of O'Reilly Street. Alderman of the Council from 16 Oct. 1943 to 2 Dec. 1944; Master Masonic Lodge Harmony No. 22 1946/47. Associated with various Church Choirs and Wagga Wagga Wagga Male Choir for many years (President of the latter at one stage); buried Wagga Wagga Cemetery.</p> <p>(Personal references re: Thomas Henry Jenkins supplied to W.R. Ellis (retired town clerk) Oct 1986 by Mr Reginald Jenkins, Son of T.H.Jenkins)</p> <p>Name also commemorates the service of John Francis JENKINS, Alderman of the Borough Council from 7 Feb. 1873 to 1 Feb. 1876.</p>
JENNIFER Place	Wagga Wagga	1964	<p>Name submitted by the subdivider, Walter Henry Higgins and his son, Bruce, in honour of JENNIFER Higgins, daughter of Bruce Higgins.</p> <p>(Refer to Higgins Avenue)</p>
JEREMY Place	Ashmont	1981	John JEREMY, Auctioneer, who served as Alderman of the Council from 1890 to 1893.

JOHN Street	Kooringal	1951	Name selected (and shown on original subdivisional plan approved by Kyeamba Shire Council) by the subdivider, Stanley Nelder Henwood. Was in the area comprised within an extension of the City Boundaries on 7 Dec. 1951.
JOHNSTON Street	Wagga Wagga	Lands Dept. Alignment plan dated 1871	One of the original streets of the City, included in the first survey and named by the Colonial Surveyor-General (Sir Thomas L. Mitchell) after one of his fellow Officers in the 95 <sup>th</sup> Regiment of Foot, with whom he served during the Peninsular War 1809, under the Duke of Wellington; William JOHNSTON, Rifle Brigade; Major 24 Dec. 1829; Waterloo Medal; died at sea off Cape of Good Hope 5 Apr. 1836.
JONES Street	Wagga Wagga	1979	Auber George JONES, who, in partnership was Thomas Darlow established the Wagga Wagga Advertiser in 1868. A dynamic Pastoralist, he came to Wagga Wagga District in about 1860. Further reference to A.G. Jones refer to page 102 "A History of Wagga Wagga" by Keith Swan.
JORDAN Place	Tolland	1977	The Honourable Sir Frederick Richard JORDAN, Lieutenant-Governor of New South Wales, by whose command was authorised the Proclamation of the Municipality as the City of Wagga Wagga, vide Government Gazette NO. 43 of 26 <sup>th</sup> Apr. 1946.
JOYES Place	Tolland	1970	Mrs August JOYES (afterwards Mrs A Swallow by re-marriage), founder and Proprietress of Wagga Wagga Commercial College in 1920, continued in that capacity until 1936, during which time some 400 students passed through the College; a Fellow of the Royal Phonetic Society (London); Member of Institute of Commercial and Specialist Teachers (London); personally taught at three Sydney Centres, Randwick High School, Balmain and Arncliffe at request of the Education Department. Died at Mona Vale aged 85. (Personal details supplied by Don Joyes her son).
JULIE Place	Tolland	1984	Name submitted by the subdivider Kerry David Pascoe, after his daughter, JULIE.

JUNEE Road	Bomen	N/K	<p>A main road leading north east (37km) to the Town of JUNEE; such name being of Aboriginal derivation officially accepted to mean "Speak to Me" also "Green Frog" . Junee Road did not originally lead to the present-day town of Junee, but what is now "Old Junee" and the road was the old coaching road northward to Sydney. The main town was moved to present site (with the advent of the railway) where there was a small settlement. The railway arrived at to-day's Junee in 1878.</p> <p>(Information supplied by Junee Shire Clerk, Mr Alan McEwan).</p>
KANSAS Drive	Tolland	1969	<p>"KANSAS" a mid-west State of the United States of America in which Wagga Wagga's Sister-City Leavenworth is situated; the latter laying claim to being the first City of Kansas 1854; "Where History of the West Began". KANSAS was admitted as the 34<sup>th</sup> State of the Union in 1861; takes its name from a local tribe of Indians, known as the Kansa Tribe. (Refer to Leavenworth Drive)</p>
KAREN Street	Tolland	1963	<p>Name submitted on original subdivision plan by subdividers, Mr and Mrs B.G. Kennedy-after their daughter KAREN.</p>
KAROOM Drive	Glenfield Park	1980	<p>Aboriginal word meaning "Current".</p>
KATANDRA Lane	Wagga Wagga	N/K	<p>"KATANDRA" an Aboriginal word meaning "Song of the Birds".</p>
KATOA Street	Mt Austin	1980	<p>Aboriginal derivation - meaning "Short".</p>
KAURI Street	North Wagga Wagga	1983	<p>Arboreal derivation. KAURI, a species of pine tree of the family Araucariaceae - survives in full sun or semi-shade. Is related to the Bunya Pine.</p>
KELVIN Street	North Wagga Wagga	1958	<p>Lord KELVIN (William Thomson) (1824-1907), British Scientist; discoverer of principles of refrigeration.</p>

KENNEALLY Street	Kooringal	1971	Matilda KENNEALLY (nee Elliott) (1881-1975), born Wagga Wagga 12 July, 1881 - where she lived whole of life; died Wagga Wagga 24 Apr. 1975 aged 93. Buried old R.C. Portion, Wagga Wagga Cemetery. In a competition conducted by the Council during its Centenary Celebrations in March, 1970, Mrs Kenneally won the Award, from the entries received, for the oldest-born resident, at the time being 88 years old. An accomplished pianist, she led a popular band known as "Kenneally's Jazz Band" in her younger days.
KENNEDY Avenue	Kooringal	1957	Name submitted for approval when the area was being subdivided by Brian Gerald KENNEDY, land developer. Born at Tumut, 1931; attended St. Marys Primary School and Christian Brothers High School. Was employed as an Accountant at Walsh and Blair, Solicitors (Wagga Wagga) prior to becoming a developer; later served as an Alderman of the City Council from 9 Dec. 1978 to 24 Sept. 1983.
KENNY Place	Tolland	1977	Sister Elizabeth KENNY (1886-1952) An Australian nurse, world famous for her work to assist children and adults afflicted by Poliomeyelitis (Infantile Paralysis). The Elizabeth Kenny Institute was established in Minneapolis (U.S.A.) in 1942; she died in Toowoomba (Qld) during a visit to Australia from the U.S.A. where she lived from 1941.
KENT Crescent	Wagga Wagga	1946	H.R.H., the Duke of Kent (1902-1942), 4 <sup>th</sup> son of King George V; In 1934, as Prince George, received his title before his marriage to Princess Marina of Greece; accidentally killed on active service in an air crash in Scotland during World War II. Shortly prior to his accidental death was named for appointment as Governor-General of Australia. (Refer to Duke of Kent Park)

KERR Street	Ashmont	1974	<p>James KERR (1835-1901), born England; came to Australia on "Katherine Adamson" (c.1852) to the goldfields. Married Eliza Canning at Young, NSW in October 1861 and had a large family. "turned to hotel keeping in Wagga Wagga to accumulate capital to put his sons on the land; during the 1890's the family acquired land in Kildary Valley naming the properties "Ferniehurst" and "Jedburgh". Owing to droughts the Banks foreclosed 1906, James having died in 1901. The Kerr Clan came from the Scottish side of the border with England. Jedburgh and Ferniehurst was one of the small castles or "keeps" built to protect the Scots from the "murdering English".</p> <p>James Kerr served as an Alderman on the Council from 9 July, 1885 to 9 Feb. 1891. (Personal details re James Kerr and the Kerr family supplied to Mr R.L. Palmer by Mrs Eva Braid (nee Kerr) grand-daughter of James Kerr. Such information was transcribed into the Council's Aldermanic Register)</p>
KERRIA Place (awaiting dedication and construction)	Kooringal	1973	KERRIA, a hardy, deciduous shrub of the family Rosaceae, bearing bright yellow flowers.
KIAH Street	Kooringal	1974	Aboriginal word meaning "Beautiful Place".
KILDARE Avenue	Wagga Wagga	N/K	Application of the name by the subdivider, Charles Henry King (1874-1917), after County KILDARE, Ireland; the home of the original Sisters who were the first Presentation Nuns to take up residence at Mount Erin Presentation Convent, in 1874. (Refer to Erin Street and Nagle Street)
KILLARA Avenue	Mt Austin	1955	Name submitted for approval by the subdividers, T.M. Burke Pty Ltd, when the area subdivided; (Part of Cherrywood Estate subdivision); Aboriginal word meaning "Always There".

KILPATRICK Street	Kooringal	1963	<p>Matthew KILPATRICK, M.L.A. ("Mat") (1875-1949), *born 8 Dec. 1875; County Donegal, Ireland; arrived Vic. 1875 (as a baby); carried on farming and dairying in Goulburn Valley (Vic) till 1890 when he left for the Riverina (NSW) where he engaged in agriculture and grazing in the Berrigan and Oaklands districts; Member of Wagga Wagga Land Board; Exec. Member Farmers and Settlers' Association 1920-21; Country Party; Councillor 1925, 1933, 1942, Whip 1932-35. M.L.A for Murray Dec. 1920 (casual vacancy) to Sept. 1927, for Wagga Wagga Oct. 1927 to Apr. 1941 (defeated)*. He took an active part in all branches of sport, especially Aust. Rules Football. He was defeated at the Election of 1941 by Edgar Hugh Graham who became the A.L.P. representative for the State seat of Wagga Wagga.</p> <p>*"....."* - Extracted for Biographical register of New South Wales Parliament 1901-1970" page 157 (supplied 1987 per courtesy of Mr J.J. Schipp, M.L.A. Member for Wagga Wagga Wagga) (Refer to Kilpartrick Park)</p>
KIMBERLEY Drive	Tatton	1989	The KIMBERLEY Ranges, which spread over a wide area of the north-west section of Western Australia - popularly referred to as "The Kimberleys".
KINCAID Street	Wagga Wagga	1849	One of the original streets of the City included in the first survey, and named by the then Colonial Surveyor-General (Sir Thomas L Mitchell) after one of his fellow-officers in the 95 <sup>th</sup> Regiment of Foot with whom he served during the Peninsular War, 1809, under the Duke of Wellington. John KINCAID; Rifle Brigade; Captain 25 Nov. 1826; retired 21 Jun. 1831 - Silver Medals for Fuentes d'Onor 1811, Ciudad Rodrigo 1813, Badajoz 1812, Nivelles 1813, Salamanea 1812; Vittorial 1813, Pyrenees 1813; Nive 1813; Toulouse 1814, Waterloo Medal; served in Walcheren Expedition; died at Hastings 22 Apr. 1862.
KINDRA Lane	Wagga Wagga	N/K	No record can be traced why name selected.

KING Street	Lake Albert	1978	Phillip Parker KING (1791-1856) born at Norfolk Island; son of Phillip Gidley King the 3 <sup>rd</sup> Governor of N.S.W.; joined the Royal Navy in 1807; was given command (in 1817) of an expedition to carry out the remainder of the survey and charting of the Australian Coastline which was originally taken on by Matthew Flinders. He ultimately took up agricultural pursuits and gained appointment to the N.S.W. Legislative Council in 1850. He was still an M.L.C. at time of his death.
KINGSFORD-SMITH Street	North Wagga Wagga	1958	Sir Charles KINGSFORD-SMITH (1897-1935) Renowned Australian Pioneer Aviator; born in Brisbane; enlisted in A.I.F. in 1915 later transferring to the R.F.C.; established a number of daring aerial records in the 1920's and early 1930's. In 1928, with Charles Ulm, made the first flight across the Pacific Ocean in his 3-engined Fokker aircraft "Southern Cross". Undertook other pioneer flights: some within Australia - other overseas: from N.S.W. to New Zealand; Australia to Britain (and vice versa); Britain to New York and San Francisco. Undertaking an attempt on the record between Britain and Australia he disappeared somewhere off Burma in 1935. He was Knighted in 1932. A reproduction of his portrait with an aviation design is a feature of the Australian \$20 bank note.
KITE Place	Estella	1980	From "KITE" a well known variety of wheat developed at Wagga Wagga Wheat Research Institute.
KOBI Place	Glenfield Park	1988	"KOBI" - Aboriginal derivation meaning "Medicine Man".

KOKODA Street	Ashmont	1960	KOKODA Trail in Papua-New Guinea; a mountain foot-track leading from the town of KAKODA (in the highlands) across the Owen Stanley Ranges to the Sogeri Plateau some 40 km from Port Moresby. Scene of bitter jungle and mountain warfare under most trying and difficult conditions during World War II between Australian Forces and the Japanese Invaders. Heavy concentration of Japanese after landing at Buna and Gona in July 1942, pushed inland towards Kokoda with the Australians being forced back but finally retaking Kokoda on 2 Nov. 1942 from where the enemy was forced back to the coast. Numbers of native Papuans offered humane assistance to the Australians by acting as guides and/or stretcher bearers and justly earned for themselves the affectionate title "Fuzzy-Wizzy Angels". (Refer to Buna Street)
KOORA Place	Mt Austin	1955	Name submitted for approval by the Council when the area subdivided by T.M. Burke Pty Ltd ("Cherrywood Estate" subdivision). Aboriginal word meaning "Sweet".
KOORINGAL Road	Wagga Wagga Kooringal	Late 1950's	Name taken from the KOORINGAL property and homestead, which was at one time, the centre of a large pastoral holding originally taken up in about 1860; came into the ownership of Mr D.C.F. Brown in 1946; used in the 1960's for dairying and grazing. On 21 <sup>st</sup> June, 1968, the then owner, Mr D.C.F. Brown advised that he understood the name to mean "Side of a Hill" in Aboriginal language. It has been said that it could also be an Aboriginal word for "Home near the water", but the latter cannot be reliably traced. (Refer also to Kooringal Suburban Area). (Previously known as Cemetery Road)
KULGOA Street	Kooringal	1972	"Kulgoa" (or "Culgoa") Aboriginal word meaning "Connecting" or "Running through".
KURRAJONG Avenue	Forest Hill		Named 7 Feb. 1983 - Arboreal derivation; KURRAJONG, an evergreen native tree which grows widely in the inland areas of the Eastern States of Australia as well as the Northern Territory; member of the 'Sterculiaceae' family; dark-green leaves, they bear small white flowers developing seed pods which, after turning black, disgorge seeds which were used by Aboriginal People for Food.

KYEAMBA Avenue	Lake Albert	1966	So named as it was one of the thoroughfares providing access to the KYEAMBA Shire which was proclaimed in 1906; and amalgamated with the City of Wagga Wagga (together with Mitchell Shire of 1 <sup>st</sup> Jan, 1981). "KYEAMBA" is Aboriginal word for "Forehead Band" and is a small village to south-east of Wagga Wagga on the Hume Highway and a renowned Sheep Station established by the Smith Family in the pioneering days. (Previously named Inglewood Road (part of))
KYWONG Place	Kooringal	1966	Aboriginal word for "Resting Place".
LAE Avenue	Ashmunt	1964	LAE, Papua-New Guinea; administrative, industrial and sea-port town in the Morobe District on the north coast where the Markham River flows into the Huon Gulf; has an important airport (established 1928). In World War II, LAE featured in the fighting between Australian and Allied forces and the Japanese invaders; Taken by the Japanese in Mar. 1942, Lae was re-taken in Sept. 1943 in which battle Australian forces played a prominent part.
LAKE Street	Lake Albert	N/K	As its name implies, so named because it leads to and terminates on the shores of LAKE ALBERT.
LAKE ALBERT Road	Kooringal/Lake Albert	N/K	By common usage for very many years so named, as the main roadway leading from Wagga Wagga to LAKE ALBERT Village. (Refer to Lake Albert Suburban Area)
LAKEHAVEN Drive	Lake Albert	1987	So named due to the location at the southern extremity of LAKE ALBERT and the closeness of the roadway to the lake foreshores.
LAKESIDE Drive	Lake Albert	1965	Runs parallel to and generally following the shoreline of LAKE ALBERT on the west bank; hence the derivation of the name.

LALOR Place	Tolland	1977	<p>Peter LALOR (1827-1889); gained fame at the Eureka Stockade at the Goldfields of Ballarat (Vic.) in 1854; Irish born, came to the Colony of Vic. in 1852; went to the Goldfields becoming a committeeman of an Association championing the rights of the miners in their disagreement with the administration; this led to the Eureka Stockade which was attacked by the Military; though injured in such attack; Lalor escaped capture. He ultimately (in 1855) gained election to the Victorian Legislative Assembly remaining one of the Members for Ballarat until 1887; being Speaker of the House between 1880 and 1887 (when he retired).</p>
LAMBER Street	Tolland	1969	<p>John B LAMBER, one of the four Americans who, with Freeman Cobb, founded and operated the stage coach lines of Cobb and Co. Lamber came to Australia from Leavenworth, Kansas, U.S.A. (which in 1962 became affiliated with Wagga Wagga as a Sister City.) (Refer to Cobb Street and also to Historical Markers section)</p>
LAMPE Avenue	Wagga Wagga	1939	<p>Henry Dedrick LAMPE (1874-1939) Master Carrier. Born Wallacetown NSW 25 Aug, 1874. In recognition of his lengthy residence in the Crampton Street area:- his service as an Alderman of the Municipal Council 1931-34; his association with sporting bodies and activities for many years. He was prominent in sporting circles especially Australian Rules Football and was the first Wagga Wagga local to play in the V.F.L. He played for 14 seasons. (Personal reference re Henry Dedrick Lampe supplied in 1986 to W.R. Ellis by Mr W.H. Lampe, his son.)</p> <p>His son, William Henry LAMPE born Fitzroy Vic, 29<sup>th</sup> Aug, 1902, came to Wagga Wagga aged 10 years. He was Secretary of Wagga Wagga Show Society for 21 years; Councillor of the Mitchell Shire Council in 1948-50 and served as Shire President in 1950. An outstanding sportsman, represented N.S.W. in Sheffield Shield Cricket in 1928. He died at Wagga Wagga 22 Dec., 1987 (Formerly known as Crampton Lane)</p>

LANGDON Avenue	Wagga Wagga	1964	Name submitted by the subdivider in honour of Reginald LANGDON (1882-1957), born and educated in Surrey, England. He was widely travelled, served in the 1914-18 World War. Met his bride, Miss Eileen Acton on a trip to Japan in 1918; came to Wagga Wagga in 1919 and joined the Lands Department remaining with the Department until the 1950's. He built the second house in Wollundry Avenue in 1919 and it was from the name of that house that the "Glynde" Male Quartette (which he founded) took its name. This combination delighted local residents for many years. His main interests were music and the Legacy Club. Was a prime mover in the formation of the Wagga Wagga Eisteddfod Society in 1921; foundation member of the Wagga Wagga Male Choir. Was active in Legacy Club until his death. His two sons served in the 1939-1945 World War; one son (Max), who was in the Army Ambulance Corps, volunteered to remain behind with the Nursing Sisters when Rabaul fell to the Japanese forces in 1942. He was taken prisoner-of-war, and on the subsequent voyage to Japan, the ship on which the prisoners were being transferred, was torpedoed by an American ship and he lost his life.
LANDSDOWNE Avenue	Lake Albert	1965	From the Estate of same name in Scotland formerly owned by the Scott Family, who emigrated to Tasmania about the year 1821 and applied that name to their property near Deloraine. These Scottish emigrants were the forebears of Gerald SCOTT, who owned land on west foreshores of Lake Albert known as Dandaloo, which was subdivided by him and who recommended this street name.
LASSWADE Street	Lake Albert	1972	Name applied at the request of the Subdivider, Gerald Scott to perpetuate his family's origin and association with Scotland.
LATHE Street	Wagga Wagga	1973	Derived from the industrial machine used for shaping pieces of material by rotating them

LAUGHTON Drive	Forest Hill		Named selected by Kyeamba Shire Council prior to amalgamation with Wagga Wagga Wagga City Council from 1 Jan. 1981 - in honour of Raymong Allan LAUGHTON, born Peshurst (Sydney) 1925, Shire Clerk, Kyeamba Shire 1959-1980. On amalgamation from 1 Jan. 1981, he transferred to Wagga Wagga City Council as an Assistant Deputy Town Clerk, resigning therefrom on 13 Nov. 1981 to take up appointment as Shire Clerk, Culcairn Shire. He was Kyeamba Shire clerk when that Council acquired extensive land at Forest Hill for gradual subdivision and sale for residential development.
LAUREL Road	Lake Albert	1973	Arboreal derivation. LAUREL, a name applied to evergreen shrubs/trees - In ancient Greece and Rome, LAUREL leaves were arranged as a Crown placed on the heads of victors performing feats of valour, honour etc; they are still featured in wreaths of remembrance. The species of LAUREL most popularly grown in gardens is a spreading type tree which reaches a height of about 6 m. (20 ft).
LAVENDER Place	Lake Albert	1981	Botanical derivation, LAVENDER ( <i>Laveandula vera</i> ), evergreen plant, bushy in character; narrow leaves greyish-green in colouring containing a scented oil; bears purple flowers of high fragrance on long spikes. LAVENDER is most popular for manufacture of perfumes, toilet soaps etc.
LAWSON Street	Wagga Wagga	1971	William LAWSON (1774-1850); born in London; arrived in N.S.W. as an Ensign with the N.S.W. Corps in 1800 who in 1813 accompanied Blaxland and Wentworth exploration of the first crossing of the Blue Mountains.

---

LEAVENWORTH Drive	Tolland/Mt Austin	1966	<p>So named in honour of the sister City Affiliation established in 1962 between Wagga Wagga and LEAVENWORTH, Kansas, U.S.A. The City of Leavenworth is situated on the Missouri River; marks its real commencement as the year 1854, when the Town Company (the local authority in the early years) commenced the sale of allotments of land. It is the oldest incorporated city in the State of Kansas, older than the State by seven years. Fort Leavenworth the present home of the United States Army Command and General Staff College, was first established as a cantonment in 1827, when Colonel Henry LEAVENWORTH departed from St Louis, Missouri, with accompanying troops, proceeding along the Missouri River to select a site for a Permanent Army Post. He chose a camp on a commanding site on a long, western bluff - high above the river. Fort Leavenworth, as it was later designated, took its name in honour of its first Commander, who was killed in 1834, whilst on an expedition with an aide and many of his troops --"in the task of reducing Indians along the Santa Fe route into submission". His promotion to Brigadier-General reached his Command, four days after his death. When settlers started west from St Louis, they went to Leavenworth by the Missouri River - there purchased wagons and oxen from Majors, Russell and Waddell who had 45,000 animals in the area between the Fort and present City of Leavenworth. Bronze markers to-day, indicate the wagon wheel traces on the face of the bluff, at Fort Leavenworth where the branches of the Santa Fe and Oregon Trails crossed the Missouri River. The City is the Headquarters of Saint Mary College, a famed School for girls; Veterans' Administration Centre, Kansas State Penitentiary and the United States Federal penitentiary, the latter being built at the turn of the century, at a cost of \$20 million with cell space for 2,000 prisoners in the main building and is used to confine the older, more professional type of offender. The famous wild-west character, William F. "Buffalo Bill" Cody went to Leavenworth with his family when about 10 years of aged. He later became a hunter, guide, Pony Express Rider and supplier of Buffalo meat for the crews of the Kansas Pacific Railroad and became a prominent figure in Wild West Shows.</p>
-------------------	-------------------	------	--

Some of the information relating to Leavenworth obtained from the booklet "Other Days Other Ways" published by the Leavenworth Centennial Committee 1961 in honour of the Kansas Centennial Commemoration at Leavenworth, Kansas, June 11-17, 1961.

---

LEENA Place	Wagga Wagga	1988	"LEENA" an Aboriginal word meaning "Possum".
LEWINGTON Street	Bomen	1975	Frederick Thomas LEWINGTON (1913-1960); Farmer and Grazier. Born at Uranquinty and reared on his parents farm there. Started farming on his own account at Coolamon- then Collingulie and later purchased property on the Junee Road known as "St Elmo" which he farmed and where he lived in his youth and early adult life; played Australian Rules Football and was a keen supporter and devotee of horse racing. It was from his estate and being part of the "St Elmo" land at Bomen that the Council purchased land for Saleyards purposes and which is now the site of the Livestock Selling Centre.
LEWIS Drive	Wagga Wagga	1963	Daniel Edward LEWIS (1892-1982) who, prior to retirement served as Member of Board of Directors, Wagga Wagga Base Hospital for 36 years from 1925 to 1961; Chairman, Board of Directors of same hospital for 17 years from 1944 to 1961; Health Inspector and Chief Health Inspector, Wagga Wagga City Council from 11 <sup>th</sup> May, 1921 to 27 <sup>th</sup> September 1957 - 36 years 4 months. Was a life member of South Wagga Wagga Bowling Club, and Master (1935-1936) of Masonic Lodge Loyalty No. 358.
LEWISHAM Avenue	Wagga Wagga	1920's	LEWISHAM Hospital (later re-named Calvary Hospital) to which it gives access. Lewisham Hospital first established (temporarily) in Foxborough Hall in 1926, the foundation stone of a new modern structure being laid on 1 <sup>st</sup> May, 1927.
LINCOLN Avenue	Tolland	1984	Abraham LINCOLN (1809-1865) 16 <sup>th</sup> President of United States of America; served as President during the American Civil War from 1860-1865; Assassinated on 14 <sup>th</sup> April, 1865 and died the following day.
LINDSAY Street	Turvey Park	1923	Named by the subdivider James Henry Wooden after his son "LINDSAY". Included in his "Grandview Estate" subdivision; approved by Kyeamba Shire Council 13 <sup>th</sup> July, 1923.

---

LLOYD Road	Tatton	1958	<p>(Previously known as Lloyd's Lane). After the LLOYD Family, early and long standing residents of Wagga Wagga. Theophilus George LLOYD, born at Flint (Wales) in 1837, settled with his Irish wife Margaret on land being Portion 170 (the grant being dated 5<sup>th</sup> Nov. 1860) in area 40 acres on the eastern side of Glenfield Road. He carried stores by bullock wagon from Sydney to Country Areas and the Goldfields; and died whilst his seven children were young. On 10 Jan, 1881, Portion 177 with an area of 237 acres was granted to Margaret Lloyd, on the western side of Glenfield Road; Both portions adjoined Daniel Maher's land. Mr and Mrs Lloyd lived in a house on their land on the eastern side of Glenfield Road.</p>
			<p>Telacon LLOYD, born 28<sup>th</sup> Mar, 1868 on his parents' farm was the son of Theophilus and Margaret Lloyd. He married Catherine Frances, third child of his neighbour, Daniel Maher. They had a family of eight children (2 boys and 6 girls). After a turn of wood cutting which he sold to townsfolk he operated a butcher's cutting cart which he drove about the town. By 1899 (the year of his mother's death) he had set up a business in town as a Master Butcher. From butchering he went on to stock dealing and raising sheep and cattle. About 1899 he went into a partnership with Anthony Brunskill ("Allonby" Forest Hill) for stock and property dealing and this continued for many years. He took part in large stock deals and purchased a number of properties. Unfortunately, he gradually began to lose his hearing until at middle age, he was totally deaf, but this did not make much difference to his activities. At time of his death in Sept, 1942, he still owned 8 properties, including "Hillside" and "Sunnyside" between which the road which was formerly known as "Lloyd's Lane", and since officially named "Lloyd Road", perpetuates his name and that of his family. (Information re Lloyd Family members extracted from an article by M. Sylvia Walsh (nee Lloyd) "The Maher and Lloyd Families published in Wagga Wagga &amp; District Historical Society Journal No. 2 - 1969; pages 47-53)(Mrs Walsh is descended from both families the subject of the article) (Refer to Glenfield Road also Lloyd Suburban Area).</p>

---

LOCKETT Place	Tolland	1977	John Henry LOCKETT, migrated to Australia in 1858 and selected 1,000 acres of land below Wagga Wagga in 1859.
LONERGAN Place	Wagga Wagga	1973	The Lonergan Family members of which were actively associated with the Riverina Sawmilling Coy. which operated its timber sawmills on this land for many years. Mrs Jean White, whose husband Alderman Frederick Charles White owned and operated the Sawmill, was a member of the Lonergan family (Annie Jean White, died 12 <sup>th</sup> Oct, 1985, Aged 73 years). (Refer to White Avenue)
LORD BADEN-POWELL Drive	Willans Hill Reserve	1957	<p>Lord BADEN-POWELL, of Gilwell (Robert Stephenson Smyth Baden-Powell, Lt. Gen) (1857-1941). Founder of the Boy Scout Movement and distinguished British Soldier; featured in various foreign campaigns; gained fame as result of his leadership at the Defence of Mafeking in 1900 (Boer War) the relief of which came following a 215 day siege. He visualised and established the Boy Scout Movement in 1908 continuing thereafter as World Chief Scout; awarded a Knighthood in 1922 becoming a Baron in 1929; was the author of books with subjects on Military, Scouting and Guiding. Lady Olave Baden-Powell (1889-1977), his widow, worked arduously at all times fostering the Girl Guide Movement (founded 1912); she visited Wagga Wagga on several occasions as a guest of the local Girl Guides Association.</p> <p>This thoroughfare was named in his honour in 1957 being the Jubilee Year of Scouting and the 100<sup>th</sup> Anniversary of the birth of Lord Baden-Powell. An archway erected over the western end of Lord Baden-Powell Drive bears the following inscription on a granite plaque affixed to the northern pillar: "This Archway was erected by the 4<sup>th</sup> Wagga Wagga Rover Scout Crew as a memorial to Lord Baden-Powell 22.9.1962".</p>
LORU Close	Kooringal	1985	Aboriginal word meaning "Ascend".
LOTH Street	Ashmont	1975	Michael Patrick LOTH (1893-1962) who, in 1927 became the first Superintendent of Wagga Wagga Ambulance Station and who served in that capacity continuously until his retirement in 1953.
LOWANA Place	Glenfield Park	1980	Aboriginal derivation meaning "Girl".

LOWESTOFT Avenue	Lake Albert	1965	After a grazing property north of Hobart, Tasmania; which was formerly owned by the great-grandfather of the subdivider of the land, Gerald Scott, who submitted such name for application by the Council.
LUSHER Avenue	Turvey Park	1961	Edwin Fenn LUSHER an Alderman of the Council from Feb, 1928 to Dec, 1937 and Council's Solicitor from 27 <sup>th</sup> Feb, 1941 to date of his death on 8 <sup>th</sup> June, 1952; a principal of the legal firm of Lusher, Young and Stellway. He was President of Wagga Wagga Rotary Club in 1946/47. His wife Jean Fenn LUSHER was District Commissioner for Girl Guides Association for many years.
LYONS Crescent	Forest Hill		Captain William Henry LYONS, Sea Captain; Canadian by birth; emigrated to Australia in 1882 with his English wife (Agnes Mary) and family from Liverpool, England. Shortly after arrival in the Colony, the family travelled to Wagga Wagga where he purchased a tract of land at Forest Hill and settled thereon which he named "Sackville"; he caused his land to be cleared by his sons and the family then engaged in wheat farming with some sheep raising. Early in World War II a large part of the Sackville Farm was taken over by the Commonwealth Defence Department for the establishment of the R.A.A.F. Flying Training Base. The original Sackville property embraced the land acquired by the Kyeamba Shire Council together with that remaining at the time of transfer to Wagga Wagga City Council from 1 Jan 1981 (on amalgamation) and which was subdivided by degrees for residential purposes. (Information re Captain William Henry Lyons, supplied by a descendant of his Mrs May Mitchell (nee Lyons) to W.R. Ellis in 1984)

MACARTHUR Street	Ashmont	1964	<p>General Douglas MACARTHUR (1880-1964) - United States Army; educated at U.S. Military academy, from which he graduated in 1903. Following various commands, executive positions and service in 1914-1918 World War, he became Supreme Commander of the Allied Forces in the South West Pacific Area in 1945, and participated in the Japanese capitulation in 1945. A famed statement made by him on retreating from Manila (Phillipines) "I Shall Return" gained world-wide recognition. Highly decorated, his Honours included the Congressional Medal of Honour. He commanded the Occupation Forces in Japan following the end of World War II but lived in retirement in the U.S. for some years prior to his death.</p>
McCOULLOUGH Drive	Tolland	1973	<p>Allan Malcolm McCOULLOUGH and his wife June Patricia McCOULLOUGH, owners and subdividers of land in the area. Allan Malcolm McCOULLOUGH, born Wagga Wagga 1923, was educated at Wagga Wagga District Rural School (Gurwood Street) and Wagga Wagga High School; served in A.I.F. in World War II in New Guinea and Balikpapan (Borneo); at cessation of hostilities he joined the British Commonwealth Occupation Force and served therein in Japan. By trade, a carpenter, he took on the building and sale of homes and purchased 72.8ha (180 acres) of land formerly owned by the Bolger Family "Mt Austin" and converted the old homestead into residential flats. In association with his building activities, became a land developer and opened residential estates in Mt Austin, Tolland, Ashmont, Koorinal and Lake Albert.</p> <p>(Personal details supplied verbally to W.R. Ellis (1986) by Allan McCoullough)</p>
McDONOUGH Avenue	Mt Austin	1957	<p>Henry McDONOUGH (1874-1956) former Wagga Wagga Hotelkeeper; well known for his "Advance Australia" Hotel, Baylis Street (east side between Morrow and Tompson Streets) - Alderman of the Council 1931-1947, and Mayor in 1935, 1936 and 1937.</p>

McGRATH Street	North Wagga Wagga	1930	John Joseph McGRATH who was born at Campbelltown on 19 <sup>th</sup> July, 1852, died at Wagga Wagga 12 Sept., 1934; noted horse-breeder, who conducted a successful saddle and harness making business; took an extremely active part in public affairs of Wagga Wagga; was Director of both the Murrumbidgee Co-Op. Dairy Co. Ltd., and Murrumbidgee Milling Co. Ltd; Served as Mayor of Wagga Wagga in 1891, 1892 and 1894.
MACINTOSH Place	Kooringal	1974	The MACINTOSH Family, old established District Family who held land in area of this street for a long period.
McKELL Avenue	Mt Austin	1959	Sir William John McKELL (1891-19 ) - Premier and Treasurer of N.S.W. 1941-1947. Governor-General of Australia 1947-1953. Attended public school at Surry Hills (Sydney) leaving at age 13, became an apprentice then journeyman boiler maker ultimately turning to senior posts in the Boiler Makers' Union. In 1917 became the Parliamentary Member for Redfern Electorate in the State Legislative Assembly holding the seat for 30 years and occupying a number of Ministerial Portfolios. Served as Leader of the Opposition 1939-1941; Premier 1941-1947 in which latter year took up appointment as Governor-General.
McKEOWN Street (awaiting dedication and construction by the subdivider)	Estella	1980	G.M. McKEOWN, first Superintendent of Wagga Wagga Experiment Farm, which started operation in 1892. He carried out extensive research into wheat varieties alongside William Farrer. Was also involved in experimental work on cross breeding of sheep. (Refer further to Swan, K. "A History of Wagga Wagga" - page 140)
McKINNON Street	Wagga Wagga	1849	One of the original streets of the City included in the first survey, and named by the then Colonial Surveyor-General, Major Sir Thomas L. Mitchell after one of his fellow Officers in the 95 <sup>th</sup> Regiment of Foot with whom he served during the Peninsular War (1809) under the Duke of Wellington; Daniel McKINNON; Coldstream Regiment of Foot Guards, in which he served from the early age of 14 to the day of his death in 1836 in every rank from Ensign to Lieutenant Colonel through the Peninsular War and at Waterloo, where he was wounded; Author of "Origin and Services of the Coldstream Guards".

MACLEAY Street	Turvey Park & Mt Austin	N/K	<p>Sir William MACLEAY (1820-1891) who was appointed as one of the first Magistrates for the territory of the Lower Murrumbidgee; original proprietor of the "Wagga Wagga Express &amp; Murrumbidgee Advertiser" first published on 30<sup>th</sup> Oct., 1858; owned "Mulberygong" Run - later acquired other pastoral properties; one of the original founders of the University of Sydney. Represented the Murrumbidgee Electoral District in NSW Legislative Assembly 1850-74. (For further information on William Macleay refer to Swan, K. - "A History of Wagga Wagga" - Pages 35, 45, 68-69, 126, 139, 193)</p>
McNICKLE Road	Wagga Wagga	1962	<p>So named at the request of the Mitchell Shire Council when it was a boundary road between the City and the Shire. Named for John James McNICKLE (1840-1917), Farmer. Born County Tyrone, Ireland; migrated to Australia 31<sup>st</sup> Jan., 1857 on the ship "Emma"; lived at Picton for a few years and conducted a bullock-team carrying service between Picton and Wagga Wagga; he selected land "Kurrajong", Oura Road and lived there for the rest of his life. He also opened and conducted a Butchers Shop for some years next to the Hotel at Bomen at the time the trains terminated at Bomen Railway Station (this being before the construction of the railway viaduct and the extension of the rail line to Wagga Wagga). He was elected a Councillor of the Mitchell Shire Council following the formation of the Shire in 1906, and was the FIRST Shire President 1906-1907, the first meeting of the Shire being held on 3<sup>rd</sup> Dec., 1906. (Personal details relating to John James McNickle supplied (1987) by his grandson John Jarvie McNickle to W.R. Ellis)</p> <p>Also can refer to his grandson, John Jarvie McNICKLE; Farmer, born Kurrajong Park 1923; served as Councillor Mitchell Shire Council 1974-1980 and as Shire President 1978-1980, and was the LAST and final President of that Shire at the time of its amalgamation with the City of Wagga Wagga from 1<sup>st</sup> Jan., 1981. He was elected to and served as an Alderman of the City Council from 6<sup>th</sup> Dec., 1980 to 24<sup>th</sup> Sept., 1983.</p>

McPHERSON Street	North Wagga Wagga	1938	<p>John McPHERSON (1884-1959); Master Butcher. One of the most public-spirited residents of North Wagga Wagga. Born Yarrawonga (Vic); arrived Wagga Wagga in 1910; established his own butchery in Baylis Street (west side between Edward and Morgan Streets) on 1<sup>st</sup> Apr., 1931, which was continued after his death by his sons Herbert John and William Frederick. Popularly bore the nickname "Frosty" and was a prominent player and supporter of Australian Rules Football. Served in the A.I.F. during World War I. Was President of Wagga Wagga Sub-Branch, RSS &amp; AILA 1946-49; Foundation President Wagga Wagga RSL Club 1946-49; Trustee of North Wagga Wagga Public Hall; Active in North Wagga Wagga Progress Association. (Previously named Church Street; was renamed to avoid confusion with Church Street on south side of the river).</p> <p>(Personal details verbally supplied (in part) to W.R. Ellis (1986) by Herbert John McPherson, eldest son of John McPherson)</p>
MACQUARIE Street	Mt Austin	1956	<p>Lachlan MACQUARIE (1762-1824) Distinguished fifth Governor of New South Wales 1809-1821; Born Scotland; entered the Army at 15 years of age, rising to the rank of Lieutenant Colonel in the 73<sup>rd</sup> Regiment; later promoted to Major-General; succeeded Governor Bligh in 1809 when the Colony had a total population of only 11,509. He left Sydney on 15<sup>th</sup> Feb., 1822; died in London 1<sup>st</sup> July, 1824.</p>
MADANG Street	Ashmont	1964	<p>MADANG, town and sea-port on Astrolabe Bay on the north coast of New Guinea; has a good harbour and air services connect it to the highlands; featured prominently as a battle area during World War II it having been taken by the Japanese invaders during their occupation of Papua-New Guinea. Bitter fighting took place in this area in 1943-44 against the Japanese by Australian and U.S. Forces.</p>
MAGNOLIA Parade	Lake Albert	1974	<p>Arboreal derivation. MAGNOLIA, trees and shrubs famous for their beautiful flowers.</p>

MAHER Street	Tolland	1964	<p>Daniel MAHER, (1834-1927) original owner of land being about 485.6ha (1200 acres), extending from Fernleigh Road southwards along Bourke Street and westerly to the Great Southern Railway Line. Born in 1834 in County Clare, Ireland, came to Australia in 1857. In the early 1860's married Harriet Fitzgibbons (born Kilmore, Vic) at Orange. Came to Wagga Wagga about 1865 and their first home was a small weatherboard cottage situated in Sturt Street (where Kilnacrott now stands). Such cottage was later swept away in flood. In 1867 he bought "Mount Pleasant", with 32.3 ha (80 acres) of land, from David Buchanan and in the 1870's added land on both sides from Laycock, O'Brien, Fitzhardinge and Lockett and in 1876 added Crown Land to the West. He bought the land on which "The Haven" is now located from a Clergyman, the Reverend Fox. The Mt Austin Public School is built on land formerly owned by him. He died on 28<sup>th</sup> Dec., 1927. The land at the S.W. corner of Fernleigh and Glenfield Roads, on which the Riverina Australian Football Club has been established was part of the pastoral property owned by Daniel Maher.</p> <p>(Information re Daniel Maher extracted (in part) from an article by M. Sylvia Walsh (nee Lloyd) entitled "The Maher and Lloyd Families" published in Wagga Wagga &amp; District Historical Society Journal No. 2 - 1969 - pages 39, 40, 41. Mrs Walsh is descended from both families.)</p>
MAIN Street	Lake Albert	1958	<p>Constituted the principal street of Lake Albert and would have been referred to as such dating back to the early days of settlement of Lake Albert Village in the 2<sup>nd</sup> part of the 19<sup>th</sup> Century.</p>
MAIR Street	Turvey Park	1946	<p>A past Mayor of Wagga Wagga, Alderman George MAIR (1811-1892) - born Aberdeen Shire, Scotland and lived in New South Wales for 54 years; died at "Douro", Yass 23<sup>rd</sup> July, 1892 aged 81 years, 7 months. Buried at Wagga Wagga. Mayor of Wagga Wagga in 1878; acted as the Returning Office for the first Borough Council election in 1870; was owner of "Bringenbrong" and "Khancoban" Stations on the Upper Murray in 1860.</p>

MALAYA Drive	Tolland	1973	Resulting from the association of Wagga Wagga and the town of Termerloh in Malaysia in the 1970's, when a group of local citizens formed the Wagga Wagga-Termerloh Good Neighbour Association and raised money resulting items of aid being made available to Termerloh. (Refer to Termerloh Avenue).
MALEBO Place	Tatton	1989	MALEBO - a prominent hill and range to the north-west of Wagga Wagga City and being immediately north of the Murrumbidgee River, downstream of the City Centre.
MALLEE Road	Tatton	1978	Arboreal derivation. MALLEE the commonly used name for a species of Eucalyptus trees; scrubby in growth it is native to drier areas of Australia; has a prolific root system; grows to some 4.5 metres (15ft) with many slender stems topped with dense leaves. A large area of the North-West portion of Victoria is widely referred to as "The MALLEE".
MALLORY Street	Ashmont	1972	Sir Trafford Leigh-Mallory (1892-1944) Air Chief Marshal R.A.F.; in World War I had service with R.F.C.; held various high-ranking posts after outbreak of World War II; gained rank of Air Chief Marshal in 1943; occupied the high posting as Commander in Chief of the Allied Expeditionary Air Force (some 9000 aircraft) in 1943-44; following his appointment as Allied Air Commander-in-Chief for the South East Asia area of operations he was lost while flying to take up such duties.
MALTA Crescent	Ashmont	1961	After the island of MALTA in the Mediterranean Sea and to commemorate the award of the George Cross to the island by King George VI in recognition of the part played by the Island and its People in the dark days of World War II (1939-45).
MALUMBA Crescent	Koorinal	1971	Aboriginal word meaning "Rocks".
MANOORA Avenue	Mt Austin	1955	Aboriginal word from language of a South Australian Tribe meaning "A Spring" (Name was submitted for Council approval by the subdividers, T.M. Burke Pty Ltd when the area was under subdivision as part of "Cherrywood Estate" subdivision).

MAPLE Road	Lake Albert	1973	Arboreal derivation. MAPLE, a genus of shrubs and trees; deciduous; many varieties; beautiful leaf tonings in autumn. The MAPLE leaf has been adopted by Canada as a symbol and has been incorporated in the design of the National Flag.
MARAH Street	North Wagga Wagga	1958 (continuation)	After an old home known as "MARAH Lodge" which was situated in what now know as Marah Street. The Aboriginal word "Marrar" had a number of meanings viz: "Tarantula Spider", "Grass", "Good", also "Fish".
MARAMA Parade	Mt Austin	1955	The word "MARAMA" is Polynesian in origin. Partly within T.M. Burke Pty Ltd, "Cherrywood Estate" subdivision.
MARCONI Street	Kooringal	1958	Guglielmo MARCONI (1874-1937) Italian electrical and wireless engineer, and inventor; figured prominently in the fields of wireless, telegraphy, telephony; invented much apparatus associated therewith; following World War I he continued his experiments in England; awarded the Nobel Prize for Physics in 1909; created marquess in 1929.
MARGARET Avenue	Mt Austin	1956	H.R.H. Princess MARGARET Rose - born 1930 - daughter of H.M. King George VI and sister of Queen Elizabeth II.
MARK Avenue	Tolland	1959	Name selected by the subdivider of the land Mr Brian Gerald Kennedy. "MARK" being the Christian name of one of his sons. (Refer to Kennedy Avenue)
MARLOO Crescent	Kooringal	1967	"MARLOO" - an Aboriginal word for kangaroo.
MARNOCK Place	Ashmont	1968	Robert Morrison MARNOCK - second Town Clerk of Wagga Wagga. He served as Council Clerk from 29 <sup>th</sup> July, 1882 until 26 <sup>th</sup> Apr., 1883.
MARNS Street	Wagga Wagga	N/K	Charles MARNS, the original grantee of land in the vicinity of Marns Street.

MARSHALL Street	Ashmont	1969	Anthony MARSHALL, who was the step-father of Basil Barnett Bennett (Council Alderman 1892-95) who claimed that as a small boy, he assisted Marshall in the planting of the first wheat crop of 3.3ha (8 acres) in 1846, and was employed in scaring off the cockatoos. Marshall an employee of the first settler, Robert Holt Best, had his home on the creek, which afterwards took his name - Marshalls Creek. This can be seen on early maps of the area. (Refer Swan, K. "A History of Wagga Wagga" page 24 and "Back to Wagga Wagga Souvenir Booklet 1927".)
MARTIN Street	Tolland	1964	<p>Dr W.W. MARTIN, Medical Practitioner, who served the Wagga Wagga community with untiring devotion for many years; was a charter member of the Rotary Club of Wagga Wagga 1929; President Wagga Wagga Golf Club 1924-26 and one of the original Debenture Holders for the establishment of the Wagga Wagga Country Golf Club, 1928. A Plaque commemorating his services and those of Dr S.H. Weedon was erected within the City council Chambers in 1949 by the Citizens of Wagga Wagga. Sheila, a daughter of Dr Martin, won the crown of "Miss Australia" in the late 1930's. The plaque referred to is marble based, faced with bronze insert and is affixed to an interior wall of the main hall in the City Council Chambers - such being arranged by a Public Committee which defrayed the cost as a result of a public appeal: it reads:-</p> <p>"Erected by the Citizens of Wagga Wagga, in honour of Doctors W.W. Martin and S.H. Weedon whose devotion to their calling, and untiring labours for the welfare of this community, will forever be remembered with gratitude. A.D. 1949."</p> <p>Dr Martin's home was on the north-west corner of Gurwood and Trail Street, with his surgery and consulting rooms being the west section of such residence.</p>
MARY Street	North Wagga Wagga	N/K	Name applied by the Surveyor, G.W. Commins in honour of his daughter, Ethel MARY.
MASON Street	Wagga Wagga	N/K	Mr Walter Slade Hardy stated that this street was named after a Wagga Wagga Builder and "Real Estator".

---

MATHESON Place Estella

1988

David Loyal MATHESON ("Dodger"); born 1910 at Colac (Vic) - came to Wagga Wagga in 1937 - after leaving school aged 14 years, started his career as a Junior Clerk in Gippsland & Northern (Stock Agents) at their Tallangatta (Vic) Branch; at age of 17 went to Wodonga employed by the same firm. Joined the Staff of Farmers & Graziers Co-op at Albury in 1931 and in 1937 was transferred to the company's Wagga Wagga Branch where he was Auctioneer, Branch Manager and Regional Manager (with F & G) for 44 years; retired from the Company's service in 1975 and continued residing in Wagga Wagga. As a boy he played football with the Wodonga Aust. Rules Football Club - married Vivien Phillips at Wodonga in 1938. Following his retirement he did 3 to 4 television sessions each week on R.V.N. 2 reporting local and district live-stock sales for four years; these appearances ceasing following a change of ownership of the T.V. channel in about 1984. As well, after retirement he reported on local weekly live-stock sales for publication in the Daily Advertiser and this activity still operative in 1989; in various ways he greatly supported the Municipal Saleyards which operated on land to the north of Travers Street prior to the transfer of its operations to Bomen in 1979; After retirement he took a keen and active interest in the Bomen Livestock Selling Centre and acted as an honorary tour guide for the complex.

A member of the Apex Club of Wagga Wagga from 1946, he reached the qualifying Apex retiring age in 1951; was District Governor of Apex Clubs for 1 year; joining the Rotary Club of Wagga Wagga in 1951, served on the Club's Board of Directors for several years remaining an active member until 1985 when honorary membership was conferred upon him.

A keen cricketer, he played with south Wagga Wagga Cricket Club up to the aged of 65 years with Life Membership of that Club being conferred on him; Also a keen Bowler with membership of the Wagga Wagga Commercial Bowling Club; served continuously as Committeeman of the Wagga Wagga Show Society from 1950 (still so serving in 1989); voluntarily did the commentary over loudspeaker system for the 3 day and 2 night Annual Wagga Wagga Show for 5-6 years.

---

			On 6 <sup>th</sup> Dec., 1988, the Wagga Wagga City Council (under Chairmanship of Mayor, Alderman R.F. Harris) conducted a public ceremony at Matheson Place (with Loyal Matheson in attendance) when the street nameplate was unveiled and the street formally and officially named in recognition of a well-known and respected citizen and his "services to the Wagga Wagga Community". (Personal details supplied verbally to W.R. Ellis by Loyal Matheson (1989))
MATHOURA Avenue	Mt Austin	1955	Aboriginal word meaning "Windy" - partly opened within T.M. Burke Pty Ltd "Cherrywood Estate" subdivision.
MEADOW Street	Kooringal	1951	Named by the Subdivider Stanley Nelder Henwood (on subdivision plan submitted to and approved by the Kyeamba shire Council prior to extension of the City Boundaries on 7 <sup>th</sup> Dec., 1951) - after his rural property having frontage to the Murrumbidgee River known as "Grove Meadow", (a short distance upstream from the City Centre). (Refer to Grove Street)
MEADS Place	Mt Austin	1977	Mrs F. MEADS, who devoted much of her time, with great effort and distinction to charitable organisations including the Wagga Wagga Branch of the Australian Red Cross Society and the Wagga Wagga District Ambulance Service.
MELBA Place	Tolland	1978	Dame Nellie MELBA (Nellie Porter Mitchell; 1861-1931); World famous Australian Soprano; adopted professional name of MELBA in honour of Melbourne her home city; awarded the D.B.E. in 1918. At the Official Opening the Australian Parliament House in Canberra by the Duke and Duchess of York in 1927, she sang (as a solo) the National Anthem "God Save the King", such being broadcast over the wireless. The Dame Nellie Melba Grand Opera Company (on tour) staged a one-night performance at the Strand Theatre, Wagga Wagga on the night of Thursday, Nov 20, 1908. A theatre poster to this effect is on permanent display in the foyer of the Civic Theatre, (such having been presented to the Council by the late Phoebe Price nee Andrews).
MELKIN Avenue	Glenfield Park	1976	Aboriginal derivation, meaning "Shade".
MENA Street	Kooringal	1969	Aboriginal word meaning "Flat Area".

MENZIES Avenue	Kooringal	1966	Sir Robert Gordon MENZIES, (1894-1978), born Jeparit (Vic); Prime Minister of Australia; graduated in 1916 from Melbourne University; called to the Bar in 1918; K.C. in 1929; elected to and served for some years in the Vic. Parliament; entered Federal Politics in 1934; served as Prime Minister for the first stage of his career from 1939 to 1941 (following the death of the incumbent Joseph Lyons); was founder of the Liberal Party in 1944; his Liberal Party won election to Government Benches in 1949 when he became Prime Minister once again; remaining in such high office until his retirement in 1966; he was the representative for the Seat of Kooyong (Vic) for 32 years. Created a Knight by H.M. Queen Elizabeth II in 1963, he was made Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports in 1965 (in succession to Sir Winston Churchill in that Post).
MERINDA Crescent	Kooringal	1972	Aboriginal word meaning "Pretty Woman".
MEURANT Avenue	Wagga Wagga	1920's	Named by the subdivider after Louis MEURANT (1830-1918); born Severn Hills near Parramatta; an early settler in the Riverina and originally Joint Owner of Kindra Station at Coolamon; subsequently the owner of Bulls Run Station in the Wagga Wagga District. He was an Alderman of the council for a period of 5 months from 4 <sup>th</sup> Feb. to 10 <sup>th</sup> Jul., 1873, when he left the District.
MICHIGAN Drive	Lake Albert	1973	Lake MICHIGAN, one of the Great Lakes of North America; bordered by the States of Michigan, Wisconsin, Illinois and Indiana. The City of Chicago is at its southern end; connected at its North to Lake Huron.

MILL Street	North Wagga Wagga	N/K	Derived its name from the fact that a very early flour mill (named 'Britannia') was "erected at the corner of Junee and Oura Roads, by John Jenkins of Nangus. Of brick walls and shingle roof, the mill was to accommodate those farmers complaining about having to pay toll on the bridge to cart their wheat to the mill at South Wagga Wagga. In 1866, Jenkins advertised the best fine flour available at 26 pounds a ton, second grade flour at 20 pounds a ton and wheat at between 9/6d and 10/-a bushel". The original mill was destroyed by fire; was rebuilt, and was once again burnt down in 1885. (Some references re: John Jenkins' Britannia Flour Mill extracted from an article by Sherry Morris "Early Industries in Wagga Wagga" Part 2 (Flour Mills) published in Wagga Wagga & District Historical Society Newsletter No. 246 - Apr/May 1987).
MILLER Avenue	Tolland	1973	The Honourable Ray H. MILLER, Mayor of the City of Leavenworth, Kansas, U.S.A., Pharmacist by profession. He visited Wagga Wagga in company with his wife, Rosemary, as official representatives of Leavenworth (Sister City to Wagga Wagga) during the Centenary of Local Government Celebrations held in Mar., 1970 (being the Centenary of the Proclamation of the original Borough Council of Wagga Wagga on 15 <sup>th</sup> Mar., 1870). (Refer to Leavenworth Drive)
MIMOSA Drive	Mt Austin	1967	Arboreal derivation. MIMOSA a genus of Leguminosae related to acacia - reference continental wattle.
MINGARA Street	North Wagga Wagga	N/K	Aboriginal word meaning "Black Duck".
MISSOURI Avenue	Tolland	1965	In honour of the Sister-City Affiliation between Wagga Wagga and the City of Leavenworth, Kansas, U.S.A. - the latter being situated on the MISSOURI River - the largest W. tributary of the Mississippi flowing from the Rocky Mountains for 4,105.5 km (2551 miles). (Refer to Leavenworth Drive)

MITCHELL Road	Lake Albert	1958	Sir Thomas L MITCHELL (1792-1855); N.S.W. Colonial Surveyor-General and Explorer; Born Scotland; entered the British Army and saw service in the Peninsular Wars (1809); gained appointment of Assistant-Surveyor-General of N.S.W. and travelled to the Colony in 1827 to take up such duties; later secured promotion to colonial Surveyor General. Between 1831 and 1846 was leader of four exploration expeditions and performed much survey work resulting in establishment of towns and roads in various parts of the Colony. A Knighthood was conferred on him in 1838. The names of the original town streets of Wagga Wagga (being those of fellow officers with whom he served in the Peninsular Wars of 1809) were selected and applied by him on the Plan of the Town gazetted 1849. (Refer to Townshend Place).
MITCHELMORE Street	Turvey Park	N/K	Named by the Subdivider Henry Ernest MITCHELMORE (1868-1941); admitted as a Solicitor in 1890; and with Henry Oliver Heath formed the legal practice known as Heath and Mitchelmore; was Solicitor for the Wagga Wagga Municipal Council and the Mitchell Shire Council for many years - a prominent townsman and active participant in public affairs; He was the Charter President of Wagga Wagga Rotary Club 1930/31; President of Wagga Wagga Golf Club 1916; President of Wagga Wagga City Bowling Club 1925-1938 and one of the original Debenture Holders for the establishment of the Wagga Wagga Country Golf Club in 1928. (Originally ended at Urana Street, where Willans Street commenced and continued northerly to Grandview Avenue. Now incorporates Willans Street).
MOANI Place	Kooringal	1966	Aboriginal word (Awabakal Tribe) for "Kangaroo".

MONASH Crescent	Mt Austin	1956/57	General Sir John MONASH, G.C.M.G., K.C.B., B.A., D.C.L., L.L.D., D. Eng., M. Inst. C.E., (1865-1931); born in Melbourne; his father was a storekeeper at Jerilderie (NSW) where he spent his schooldays; was a Brigade, Divisional and Corps Commander in the A.I.F. during World War I; he was at the Landing at Gallipoli (ANZAC Forces) on 25 Apr., 1915, later serving on Battle Fronts in France; gained recognition as a Great Australian Soldier. He was qualified in Law and Civil Engineering. MONASH University (Victoria's second) bears his name.
MONTGOMERY Street	Ashmont	1960	Field Marshal Bernard Law MONTGOMERY (1887-1976); Viscount Montgomery of Alamein, born London 17 Nov., 1887. One of the outstanding Allied Commanders in World War II. Distinguished himself in World War I, continuing army service thereafter. On outbreak of World War II, he was a Divisional Commander and took part in the Evacuation of Dunkirk; in 1942 became Commander British 8 <sup>th</sup> Army rising (during the actions in North Africa, Sicily and Italy) Commander-in-Chief of British and Allied Group of Armies; played an important role in the Allied Invasion of Normandy (France) on 6 Jun. 1944 under the Supreme Allied Commander (General Dwight D Eisenhower). With the rank Field Marshal, commanded 21 <sup>st</sup> Army Group (British and Canadian Forces) in the push through France Belgium and Holland; accepted the surrender of the German Northern Armies on 4 May 1945; was created a Viscount in 1946 and was recognised with various foreign orders and decorations; held several high Army and Defence Postings after the War.
MOORONG Street	Wagga Wagga	N/K	From "MOORONG" the pastoral property (originally a large sheep station) adjacent to Wagga Wagga on the west. "MOORONG" an Aboriginal word of the Wiradjuri Tribe meaning "Bleak" or "Cold". Other meanings are "Bark Shelter" and "Camping Ground". (Refer to Roach Road & Bolton Street)

MORAN Street	Tolland	1964	<p>Patrick MORAN, a storekeeper in Wagga Wagga in 1876; was appointed Magistrate in 1886; Alderman of the Municipal Council 1899-1900. A framed double-page spread from the "Illustrated Sydney News" issue of March 17, 1883 (in possession of Wagga Wagga City Council) depicts 'A Bird's-eye view of Wagga Wagga surrounded by sketches of various business houses of the day. One such, of a two storied brick building with the name "Melbourne House", is under-scored as follows:-</p> <p>"P. Moran - Grocer, Importer &amp; Ironmonger, Wine &amp; Spirit Merchant - Gurwood Street - Wagga Wagga."</p>
MORGAN Street	Wagga Wagga	N/K	<p>Doctor Allan Bradley MORGAN, who was the first permanent medical practitioner to practice in Wagga Wagga; was appointed Medical Officer to the hospital in 1856; was married to Emma Louise Hum in 1858 (rites of the Church of England). Refer to "Back to Wagga Wagga Souvenir" 1927 Booklet (Article by R. Emblen, Town Clerk) and Swan, K. "A History of Wagga Wagga".</p>
MORROW Street	Wagga Wagga	1939	<p>Sub-Inspector John MORROW; born County Longford, Ireland; died at "Waterview", Wagga Wagga on 15<sup>th</sup> Sept., 1866. The records of the Registrar-Generals Department show that he died at age of 27; Appointed as Sub-Inspector of Police at Wagga Wagga in Sept., 1862. (Previously was named Short Street)</p>
MORSHEAD Street	Ashmont	1967	<p>Lieut-General Sir Leslie James MORSHEAD, KCB, KBE, CBE, CMG, DSO, ED.; (1889-1959) Distinguished Australian Soldier who served in the two World Wars; had active service at Gallipoli and in France in World War I; was a Brigade Commander at outbreak of World War II; then Commander 9 Aust. Div. In its service both at home and the Middle East (El Alamein 1942); became G.O.C. A.I.F. in Middle East 1942-43; returned to Australia taking up a series of Army Commands in New Guinea and S.W. Pacific Area; was Commander of the Task Force Operations at Borneo in 1945.</p>

MORTIMER Place	Wagga Wagga	1959	Charles Ernest Lionel MORTIMER (1902-1972), Solicitor; a Partner in the Legal Firm of Mortimer, Griffin & Cameron, practising in Gurwood Street - (successors to Heath and Mitchelmore); was Vice President of Murrumbidgee Pastoral and Agricultural Association at the time the Association subdivided a portion of land off Chaston Street. He became President of the Wagga Wagga Show Society (renamed from M.P. & A.A.) in 1961; President of Wagga Wagga Commercial Club 1960-61.
MORUNDAH Street	Wagga Wagga	N/K	MORUNDAH Station - and which is an Aboriginal word of the Wiradjuri Tribe meaning "I got in the mud".
MOUNT Street	Kooringal	1956	As the street leads toward the Rocky Hill or "MOUNT".
MOUNT AUSTIN Avenue	Mt Austin	1959	Named after "MOUNT AUSTIN" Homestead originally built by Michael Austin Donnelly (Refer to suburban area - "Mount Austin").
MOXHAM Street	Ashmont	1968	Henry MOXHAM who was elected to the Council at the first election, on 16 <sup>th</sup> June, 1870 (following Proclamation of the Borough of Wagga Wagga on 15 Mar., 1870); served as an Alderman until 2 <sup>nd</sup> Feb., 1875. The name also commemorates Alan Laurence MOXHAM, Medical Practitioner, who served as an Alderman from 21 <sup>st</sup> Apr., 1952 until 4 <sup>th</sup> Dec., 1953; was President of the Wagga Wagga Country Golf Club, 1949-56.
MUMFORD Street	Ashmont	1968	Edward Mumford, Contractor, who was elected to the Council, as an Alderman on 16 <sup>th</sup> Jun., 1870 the first election following the Proclamation of the Borough of Wagga Wagga on 15 <sup>th</sup> Mar., 1870; so served until 8 <sup>th</sup> Feb., 1876.
MUNDAY Street	Wagga Wagga	N/K	No record of derivation of name can be found.
MURRAY Street	Wagga Wagga	N/K	F.J. MURRAY - original grantee of land which now fronts Murray Street.
MYALL Crescent	Lake Albert	1975	MYALL Lake north of Port Stephens on the Central Coast of N.S.W., consisting of three lakes, viz. Myall, Boolambayte and The Broadwater, all connected together with the Myall River in turn connecting them with Port Stephens; making a series of waterways about 50km in length.

NAGLE Street	Wagga Wagga	1979	Nano NAGLE, Foundress of the Congregation of Presentation Sisters in Ireland. This order established Mt Erin Convent in Wagga Wagga in 1874. A group of the Presentation Sisters left Kildare Convent in Ireland in March 1874 and arrived in Wagga Wagga late in May 1874. The foundation stone of the Convent was laid on 29 <sup>th</sup> Nov., 1874. (Refer to Erin Street and Kildare Avenue).
NANDINA Avenue	Lake Albert	1973	NANDINA - the Japanese Sacred Bamboo. A small erect shrub, with graceful foliage, tinged with red when young, and panicles of small white flowers, followed by red berries. Of the Family, Berberidaceae.
NARA Place	Glenfield Park	1988	"NARA" - of Aboriginal derivation meaning 'His Companion'.
NARETHA Street	N/N	1981	Aboriginal derivation meaning "Salt Bush".
NARRUNG Street	Wagga Wagga	N/K	An Aboriginal word of the Wiradjuri Tribe meaning "Lizard". Another meaning is "Place of Sheoaks".
NEERIM Close (awaiting dedication and construction by subdivider)	Kooringal	1985	Aboriginal word meaning "High".
NELSON Drive	Kooringal	1985	Edward John (Ted) NELSON, Commodore of the Wagga Wagga Boat Club - 1984-85 on whom Life Membership was conferred and who devoted much of his time and effort in a voluntary capacity in the interests of the club and its members. So named at the request of the Boat Club. (Is the access road through the Reserve to the Boat Club area and buildings).
NESBITT Street	Wagga Wagga	1979	Robert George NESBITT, founder of Nesbitts Furniture Emporium in 1910 in premises on west side of Baylis Street mid-way between Forsyth and Morgan Streets. Traded in such premises until May 1985, when moved to a new building (erected for the business) on west side of Baylis Street approximately mid-way between Morgan and Edward Streets. He died on 19 <sup>th</sup> Jan., 1956 aged 69 years and was buried in the Wesley portion of the Wagga Wagga Cemetery. The business was then carried on by his son Neville, and on his death by his grandson, Ian.

NICHOLI Crescent	Lake Albert	1974	Arboreal derivation. Eucalyptus NICHOLI; common name "willow-leafed peppermint" gum. A native of the New England Ranges of N.S.W.
NILMA Avenue	Mt Austin	1955	Name submitted for approval by the subdividers, T.M. Burke Pty Ltd when the area was subdivided. (Part of Cherrywood Estate Subdivision).
NIXON Crescent	Tolland	1964	<p>Robert NIXON (1822-1903) - Pioneer Flourmiller; one of the original nine Aldermen elected to the Council in 1870, following the Proclamation of the Borough of Wagga Wagga on 15<sup>th</sup> Mar., 1870, serving on the Council until 1875 and again from 1877 until 1882. Emigrated with his family from Ireland in 1833 when 10 years old; the family at first settled at Camden where his father was an overseer of convicts; the family moved to Gregadoo (east of Wagga Wagga) in 1844; Robert specialised in growing wheat and eventually in milling his produce; he learnt the art of milling as an apprentice to Henry Thompson's Flour Mills in Camden and later at Hallen's Millers in Sussex Street, Sydney. On returning to Gregadoo he erected a small, primitive mill; by 1856 he decided to build a mill in Wagga Wagga; at an auction that year he purchased the whole of the block of land fronting Fitzmaurice and Johnston Streets to Wollundry Lagoon and extending back to Tarcutta Street. On this land he erected a steam flour mill; he eventually sold the mill to James Reynolds in 1881 for two thousand two hundred and fifty pounds sterling. Robert retired from business and public life after many years service as a member of the hospital, school and church committees and as a Vice President of the Mechanics Institute. He died on 24 Jun., 1903 aged 81.</p> <p>Some of the reference to Robert Nixon extracted from an article by Sherry Morris "Early Industries in Wagga Wagga" Part 2 (Flour Mills), published in Wagga Wagga &amp; District Historical Society Newsletter No. 246 - Apr/May 1987 - and Swan, K. "A History of Wagga Wagga" (page 106).</p>

NORDLINGEN Drive	Tolland	1970	<p>Named as a tangible and lasting reminder of the Sister-City links between Wagga Wagga and NORDLINGEN, Bavaria, West Germany- such affiliation having been established in 1967. Nordligen is one of the most interesting places in South Germany for all who love history and the art and culture of the past. Originally a Roman settlement, Nordlingen was famous as early as the ninth century when Carolingian kings had a palace there. Later, it developed into a flourishing town. Frederick II, the Hohenstaufen Emperor raised it to an Imperial Free City in 1215. It lies in the Ries, a bowl of rich, agricultural land. The wall that encompasses the city, with its 5 gateways and 13 sturdy towers and forts, has been almost completely preserved. It is a striking piece of architecture from days when defence was a community's supreme need. It dates from the 14<sup>th</sup> century and was strengthened shortly after the Thirty Years' War to meet the demands of warfare as practised then. Today the City is a thriving regional commercial, manufacturing and administrative centre, which is surrounded by a rich rural area. This street naming also commemorates the official visit to Wagga Wagga of Fraulein Hannalore Sauer ("Miss Nordligen 1970") during the Local Government Centenary Celebrations held from 14<sup>th</sup> to 22<sup>nd</sup> Mar., 1970. It likewise refers to the first official visit to Wagga Wagga of the Oberburgermeister of Nordligen, Dr Hermann Kessler and his wife in 1971. Nordligen is located 140 km north-west of Munich.</p> <p>(Refer to Bavaria Street, Ries Crescent and Kessler Park) (Extracted, in part, from Tourist Information Brochure "Nordlingen a living link with the Middle Ages" (English language issue)</p>
NORFOLK Avenue	Lake Albert	1969	<p>The Duke of NORFOLK, Earl Marshal and Hereditary Marshal of England; to whom the petition for issue of the City's Coat of Arms was presented on the Council's behalf in 1965. The Duke of Norfolk was responsible for the planning and execution of the ceremonial attending the Investiture of H.R.H. Prince Charles as the Prince of Wales on 1<sup>st</sup> July, 1969. Prince Charles became the 21<sup>st</sup> Prince of Wales.</p>

NORMAN Street	Wagga Wagga	1920's	Named by the subdivider, John Dixon NORMAN (1855-1941); one of the original founders of Murrumbidgee Milling Co. Ltd in 1889; originally engaged in rural pursuits, but joined the staff of the Government Savings Bank of N.S.W. early in the twentieth century; an Alderman of the Municipal Council from 9 <sup>th</sup> Feb., 1891 to 27 <sup>th</sup> Jan., 1893.
NORTH Parade	Wagga Wagga	1946	So named on account of its situation on the Northern Boundary of the Duke of Kent Park Recreation Group. The name was applied by the City Council, owner of the area, when subdividing the land creating Duke of Kent Park and the ultimate sale of residential allotments on streets surrounding the same.
NORTHCOTT Parade	Mt Austin	1955	Lt. Gen. Sir John NORTHCOTT, CB., KCMG., KCVO., (1890-1966); Distinguished Australian Soldier; first Australia-born Governor of N.S.W. (1946-57); born Creswick (Vic); educated at Ballarat and University of Melbourne; served with ANZAC Forces and Landing of Gallipoli 25 Apr., 1915; was later appointed Chief of the General Staff 1939-41; afterwards holding Divisional and Corps Commands later in World War II. Following the surrender of the Japanese (which ended World War II) he became C.G.S and C. in C. of the British Occupation Forces in Japan.

NORTON Street	Wagga Wagga	1952	<p>Michael NORTON; First Police Constable stationed in Wagga Wagga; born in Ireland. (1) "On 30<sup>th</sup> Apr., 1847 the New South Wales Government Gazette announced Wagga Wagga to be a place for holding of Petty Sessions with Michael NORTON as Chief Constable. In early May 1847 the Governor allocated (inter alia) 70 pounds per annum for the Chief Constable's salary." (2) "The first Chief Constable was Michael NORTON, and the Court House and Lock-up were primitive structures of slab walls; the Court House being roofed with shingles and the Constable's residence with bark. Stocks were provided for the punishment of minor offenders against law and order, but it is stated that these were used only once, the occupant having been deliberately plied with strong waters in order to show that the stocks were necessary in the interests of good government."</p> <p>(1) Swan, K. "A History of Wagga Wagga" (page 34)</p> <p>(2) "Back to Wagga Wagga" Souvenir Booklet 1927 (Article "Wagga Wagga - Its Early History" by Robert Emblen)</p>
NYORA Lane	Wagga Wagga	N/K	Aboriginal word meaning "Wild Cherry".
NYRANG Street	Tolland	1973	Aboriginal word meaning "Little".
OAK Street	Forest Hill		Arboreal derivation
OATES Avenue	Wagga Wagga	1949	<p>Hugh Grant OATES (1869-1950) born at Clunes (Vic), conducted a tailoring business in Wagga Wagga for many years. Served as an Alderman on the Municipal Council from 1<sup>st</sup> Feb., 1908 to 5<sup>th</sup> Dec., 1925 when he retired. Elected as Mayor 1915/1916 and 1922/1923. As Mayor, Hugh Oates led the March of the "Kangaroos" in 1915 out of Wagga Wagga. This march started at the Wagga Wagga Railway Station. It has been reliably said that it started with some 300 army recruits from Wagga Wagga District and picked up further recruits en route. The first night out the men camped in tents at Brucedale and then marched all the way to Sydney. (Previously named Wollundry Street)</p>

O'CONNOR Street	Tolland	1967	Dr Morgan O'CONNOR K.S.S., of "Connorton", a pastoral property extending westerly from Mangoplah Road to Uranquinty, which property he conducted in conjunction with his medical practice in Wagga Wagga. He arrived in Yass in 1861; settled in Wagga Wagga in 1972. In 1874, Pope Pius IX conferred on him the Papal Knighthood of the Civic and Military Order of Saint Sylvester. He died on 12 Aug., 1894; buried Old Catholic Portion of Wagga Wagga Cemetery. (also refer to Connorton Avenue)
OLD NARRANDERA Road	North Wagga Wagga	N/K	Said to be the old original coaching road, which generally follows (north of) the Murrumbidgee River downstream to NARRANDERA, 96 km (WNW) of Wagga Wagga. Was used as the connecting road between the two towns prior to the construction of the Sturt Highway to the south of the river. "NARRANDERA" a word from the Wiradjuri Aboriginal Tribe, originally "narrungdera" (Narrung for "jew lizard" and "dera" for "place") - thus "Narrandera" meaning "Place of the Jew Lizard". (Explanation supplied by Narrandera Tourist Information Centre)
OLEANDER Crescent	Lake Albert	1973	Arboreal derivation. OLEANDER; flowering shrub of the plant family Apocynaceae; a hardy evergreen; bears masses of blooms (double or single) with colours ranging from white, cream, pink, red; some have variegated leaves; there being a number of varieties.
OLIVER Place	Tolland	1977	Jointly in honour of (1) James Ernest OLIVER(1883-1978) ("Jimmy"), born Wagga Wagga where he lived the whole of his life employed in the Building Trade and worked on the construction of the Wagga Wagga Court House and Town Clock buildings. Played Australian Football with the old "Federal", an early Wagga Wagga Football Club and Team. At the time of naming of the street (1977) was reputed to be the oldest native-born resident of the city. (2) The late Colin S. Oliver, Foundation Principal of Mount Austin High School; was very active in many community spheres in the city.

OLYMPIC Way	Through Main Road	1963	Trunk Road No. 78.  Traverses the country via Young, Wombat, Wallendbeen, Cootamundra, Junee to the Sturt Highway (S.H. No. 14) at Wagga Wagga, thence via Uranquinty, The Rock, Henty, Culcairn and Gerogery. Proclaimed in Government Gazette No. 60 - 5 <sup>th</sup> July, 1963. So named as it formed a part of the route along which the OLYMPIC Torch was carried from North Queensland to Melbourne, (by relays of footrunners) for the 1956 Olympic Games. A number of Wagga Wagga residents from the City and environs participated in the relay carrying the Torch - each for a distance of 1.6 km (one mile) and it was in this way that the Olympic Torch was maintained throughout the whole distance.
OMEGA Place (awaiting dedication and construction by the subdivider)	Wagga Wagga	1981	The last letter of the Greek alphabet.
ONTARIO Drive	Lake Albert	1975	Lake ONTARIO, one of the Great Lakes of North America, between Canada and the United States - area 19,633 sq km (7580 sq.mls.)
ORANA Place	Wagga Wagga	1980	Aboriginal derivation meaning "Moon".
O'REGAN Street	Ashmont	1981	John Francis O'REGAN, Master Butcher; Alderman of the Municipal Council from 1906 to 1912 and 1916 to 1920.
O'REILLY Street	Wagga Wagga	1968	James Karol F O'REILLY, Draper, who conducted a General Store in Fitzmaurice Street opposite the Wagga Wagga Court House for many years; served continuously as Alderman of the Municipal Council from 23 <sup>rd</sup> Feb., 1914 until 12 <sup>th</sup> Feb., 1920. President of Wagga Wagga City Bowling Club, 1924-1925.
ORFORD Place	Lake Albert	1973	So named at the request of Mr Gerald Scott, the subdivider, the name being derived from a Street in Hobart, Tas., in which City Mr Scott was born and reared.
OSBORNE Avenue	Kooringal	1980	The Venerable Kenneth Arnold OSBORNE, Archdeacon of Wagga Wagga for services he gave (as well as his wife) to the community during their residence in Wagga Wagga. His appointment with St. John's Anglican Parish was from 1962 to Nov., 1980.

OVERDALE Drive	Bourkelands	1987	"OVERDALE" on Patterson's Road, near Harefield; originally a large sheep grazing property owned by the Late F.G. Leahy. The very large homestead and surrounding lands was bequeathed to the Sister of the Little Company of Mary in 1961 and thereafter used as a Retreat and Conference Centre.
OXLEY Street	North Wagga Wagga	1958	John Joseph William Molesworth OXLEY (1783-1828); Australian Explorer; born Yorkshire, England; first was a Midshipman in the Royal Navy (joining 1799); during which he spent some time in Australian waters on coastal surveys; appointed NSW Surveyor-General in 1812; the route across the Blue Mountains having been pioneered, OXLEY carried out between 1817-1823 a series of exploration journeys through-out central NSW and coastal areas north of Newcastle. In 1824 appointed a Member of the Legislative Council.
PAISLEY Street	Lake Albert	1972	So named at the request of the subdivider, Mr Gerald Scott to perpetuate his family's association with and origin in Scotland. PAISLEY, an industrial centre in Rengrew Cart River (tributary of the Clyde); dates back to the 12 <sup>th</sup> Century; by 18 <sup>th</sup> Century became a place for weaving of linen and later cotton; has since developed many other modern industrial concerns.
PANORAMA Street	Kooringal	1964	Named from the situation with panoramic views of the Murrumbidgee Valley and the surrounding hills.
PARKHURST Street	Tolland	1971	The late James Edward PARKHURST, who served the Wagga Wagga City Council as a member of the outdoor engineering staff and as Overseer of Works for a total period of forty (40) years from 1 <sup>st</sup> Sept., 1914 until 21 <sup>st</sup> Aug., 1954.
PARKSIDE Avenue	Mt Austin	1957	Derives its name from its proximity to the parklands dedicated in the original subdivision and subsequently named Harris Park.
PATAMBA Street	Kooringal	1972	Aboriginal derivation for "Eagles".

PATEY Close	Ashmont	1983	<p>Sir George Edwin PATEY, MVO., KCVO., KCMG., (1859-1935); Officer of the Royal Navy; born near Plymouth, England; joined the Royal Navy in 1871 rising through the various ranks to Admiral in 1918. He gained command of the newly formed Australian Squadron in Sept., 1913 and brought out the HMAS Australia (battle cruiser); carried out the organisation of Australian naval shore bases and the training of naval personnel who displayed marked ability to being drafted to Active Service on the outbreak of World War I in 1914. On HMAS Australia, was in charge of patrol duties in the Western Pacific until Nov. 1914. In 1915 transferred to a Royal Navy Flagship and commanding a squadron (including some Australian light cruisers) went to patrols of the coastline of North America and of the West Indies; retiring in Sept. 1916.</p> <p>(Note: Originally the name "Patey Place" was recommended to the subdivider. He however, sought its change to "Patey Close", as in his opinion the former would sound like "Peyton Place", which was a long-running American serial in early TV days.)</p>
PAULL Street	Koorinal	1960	<p>Harvey Phillip PAULL (1891-1957) born Harris Park (Sydney), a prominent businessman and citizen. He came to Wagga Wagga from Adelong, joining staff of W.G. Huthwaite &amp; Co's general store; later went into partnership with James C. Blamey (trading as Puall-Blameys) in Baylis Street (between Tompson and Forsyth Streets, west side); such partnership later dissolved when he continued on own account as Paulls Pty Ltd., in General Drapery. He married (at St. Luke's Church of England, Docker Street) Dorothy Belle De Groot (who was born in Wagga Wagga) whose borthor became a long-standing Secretary of the Murrumbidgee Turf Club; was the 1<sup>st</sup> provisional Secretary-Treasurer of the Wagga Wagga Ambulance Brigade follwing its formation; Master of Masonic Lodge Loyalty (Wagga Wagga) 1923-24; President and Club Champion of Wagga Wagga Golf Club 1946; one of the original organist for some years at St. Lukes Church of England.</p> <p>(Some of the personal references to H.P. Paull supplied in 1987 to W.R. Ellis (Retired Town Clerk) by Mrs. Elma Grose (nee Paull) daughter.)</p>

---

PEARSON Street	Wagga Wagga	1933	<p>Edward Charles PEARSON (1825-1887), who was the owner of a large area in the vicinity of this street. The family graveyard of the Best Family (with which he was connected) is situated nearby. Born in England, he was the owner of Wagga Wagga and Sandy Creek Runs from 1858. He married Clara, widow of Robert Holt Best first settler in the Wagga Wagga district, and is buried in the Best Family Cemetery at Flowerdale.</p> <p>(For further references to Edward Charles Pearson, refer to Swan, K. - "A History of Wagga Wagga - pages 69, 98, 101)</p>
----------------	-------------	------	--

---

---

John PETER (1812-1878), wealthy grazier, immigrated from Scotland; occupied twenty runs in New South Wales and Victoria including Gumly Gumly Station.

- (1) "The original intention was to establish the Town of Wagga Wagga "on a site on Gumly Gumly Station; about four miles above the present town was chosen, but owing to objections on the part of the owner of Gumly Gumly Station, Mr John Peter, further enquiry resulted in the fixing of the present site."
- (2) "John Peter was a most influential pastoralist who was vitally associated with the development of village and district. A Scot, he came to New South Wales during the 1830's; worked as a station superintendent for the well known Macleay Family which occupied several pastoral runs on the Murrumbidgee from East of Wagga Wagga to Hay ..... He came to the vicinity of Wagga Wagga and married a widow, Mrs. Bourke, the occupier of Gumly Gumly Station, probably in 1847. When the first descriptions of Pastoral Runs were published by N.S.W. Government Gazette in 1848, Peter was the occupier of almost twenty runs in the Murrumbidgee and Lachlan Pastoral Districts, and for the next 20 years until his retirement to the United Kingdom in 1871, he was one of the most successful pastoralists of the colonies ..... Tradition has Peter as a rather ruthless pastoralist, but he was active in the establishment of the village, giving liberally to various causes like the Hospital, Churches, National School and Mechanics' Institute, and serving on many Committees such as the Hospital Committee."

Extracted from:

1. "Back to Wagga Wagga" Souvenir Booklet 1927 (Article "Wagga Wagga - Its Early History" by Robert Emblen)
2. Swan, K. - "A History of Wagga Wagga Wagga" pages 66/67. Also refer to Booklet "Wandering the Murrumbidgee"

Notes for an Historical Excursion Wagga Wagga to Darlington Point by Keith Swan - published by Wagga Wagga & District Historical Society, 1978. (See "Notations of Particular Interest" page)

---

PHILIP Avenue	Mt Austin	1956	Prince Philip of Greece, born at Corfu in 1921; Created HRH to Duke of Edinburgh by HM King George VI; son of Prince Andrew of Greece; served with the Royal Navy during World War II as Lieutenant Prince Philip Mounbatten, K.G. Married HRH the Princess Elizabeth of England in 1947
PINAROO Drive	Glenfield Park	1978	Aboriginal derivation - meaning "Old Man".
PLUMPTON Road	Lake Albert/Tatton/Koringal	1955	This road led to the Greyhound Coursing Plumpton, which was situated on the lower eastern slopes of Willans Hill Range south of Red Hill Road.
POPLAR Road	Lake Albert	1973	Arboreal Derivation. Populus - The Poplar; well known deciduous trees of rapid growth to form fine subjects for avenue and/or shelter planting. Many varieties of differing heights and habit of growth.
POULTON Street	Ashmont	1969	A Mr POULTON who is reputed to have been the first Teacher at the first National School opened in Wagga Wagga "in 1849". Refer to Swan, K - "A History of Wagga Wagga" - page 71.
POWER Street	Lake Albert	N/K	An old resident Family of the name of POWER; members of which were long standing inhabitants of Lake Albert Village and Environs.
PRATT Street	Mt Austin	1965	The subdividers when the street was being created in subdivision. Cecil William PRATT (1900-1965) born Wagga Wagga; fo many years prior to and subsequent to World War II, conducted the Bathing Beach Kiosk and Dressing Rooms under license from the Council. Also his wife, Myrtle Susan PRATT (1900-1986), born near Bathurst. For a lengthy period she operated (under license from the Council) the Refreshment Rooms at the Saleyards when the yards existed to the North of Travers Street. Together they owned and conducted "Freeman's Café" in Baylis Street (west side) a short distance south of Morgan Street. (Personal details supplied to W.R. Ellis in 1987 by Mr John Pratt (son).)
PUGSLEY Avenue	Estella	1979	Dr Albert Tonkin PUGSLEY; notable wheat breeder and agriculturalist; was the first Director of the Wagga Wagga Agricultural Research Institute 1953-1957.
QUABARA Place	Tolland	1977	Aboriginal derivation meaning "Sacred Song".

QUAIL Street	Mt Austin	1977	The QUAIL; a small bird allied to the partridge, being 18cm (7 ins) long. Highly regard for eating.
QUAMBI Place	Tolland	1971	Aboriginal word meaning "Camp" or "Resting Place".
RABAUL Place	Ashmont	1980	RABAUL, important shipping port at the northern end of the Papua-New Guinea island of New Britain; serious eruptions occurred in 1937 from nearby volcanoes; In World War II was one of the places at which Japanese Forces landed in 1942 when occupying New Britain and Papua-New Guinea; the town was heavily fortified by the Japanese and garrisoned by large concentrations of enemy army, navy and air forces units. In 1943-44 other island groups has been re-taken by the U.S. Forces which became Allied fortifications and Japanese occupied RABAUL was then denied efficient lines of communication; bitter fighting took place in neighbouring islands by components of U.S. Forces assisted in part by Australian Units.
RAEBURN Crescent	Lake Albert	1970	Named at the request of the subdivider, Mr Gerald Scott after the home of his grandparents in Hobart. The home was named after Sir Henry RAEBURN (1756-1823), a famous Scottish Painter of Stockridge, Edinburgh. Among his portraits is one of Sir Walter Scott, a distant relative of the subdivider.
RAILWAY Street	Wagga Wagga	N/K	So named by reason of its proximity to the Great Souther Railway Line and Wagga Wagga Railway Station, which it parallels on the south side of the railway line.
RALEIGH Place	Kooringal	1969	Alfred J ("Mick") RALEIGH, who was a well known townsman and sportsman. Club Champion of the Wagga Wagga Golf Club on five occasions between 1904 and 1922 and a stalwart of that Club which was founded in 1895. He was also prominent in other sports and was an outstanding participant in cricket, bowling, tennis and a keen horse racing enthusiast.

RAMUS Place	Tolland	1977	<p>Detective Joseph Victor RAMUS, (1896-1968) born 25<sup>th</sup> February, 1896; Native of Chiltern Valley (Vic). worked as a Farm Labourer, Miner and Cane Cutter before joining the N.S.W. Police Force as a Foot Probationary Constable on 15<sup>th</sup> Dec., 1919; rising to the rank of Superintendent 2/c on 8<sup>th</sup> April, 1953; superannuated 24<sup>th</sup> Feb., 1956; died 10<sup>th</sup> Aug., 1968; Was stationed at Wagga Wagga from 1929 to 1940; feature most prominently in the "Human Glove" case in Dec., 1937 after a man's body had been found in the Murrumbidgee River near Narrandera, and its identity was established by his intuition in causing the skin of both hands of the badly composed body to be removed by a doctor. Identification of the deceased was established by these "Human Gloves" by the Fingerprint Section, Sydney. The coroner subsequently returned a verdict of accidental drowning.</p> <p>He was "highly commended" on 8<sup>th</sup> Nov., 1945 for the outstanding ability he displayed in the "Albury Pyjama Girl" murder mystery wherein the body of an unknown woman was found in a culvert on the Howlong Road about 7.2km (4½ miles) from Albury on 1<sup>st</sup> Sept., 1934; it was not until 1944 that the woman was identified and her husband convicted of her manslaughter. Was awarded the Coronation Medals in 1937 and 1953, and was the recipient of the M.V.O. 5<sup>th</sup> Class on the occasion of the Royal Visit in 1954 of H.M. Queen Elizabeth II.</p> <p>(Extracts of Service Record of Det. Sgt. Ramus obtained from NSW Police Department. References to his part in the "Human Glove" and "Pyjama Girl" cases extracted from Police Department Annual Report to Parliament, 1937)</p>
RAVEN Place	Koorinal	1972	<p>"RAVEN" a variety of wheat developed by Dr. Albert Tonkin Pugsley whilst Director of the Wagga Wagga Agricultural Research Institute at Wagga Wagga from 1953-1957.</p>

RAWSON Lane	Wagga Wagga	1987	Named on the recommendation of the Wagga Wagga Base Hospital Board, after the RAWSON Family - members of which were major contributors to the building of the original Private Hospital on the site (approximately) occupied by the seven storied hospital buildings. The Base Hospital gave an undertaking to the Rawson Family in 1968 that the family name would be perpetuated in some way. The commemorative 'foundation' stone of the seven storied hospital building was set on 25 <sup>th</sup> Mar., 1961 with the building being Officially opened on 2 <sup>nd</sup> Feb., 1962 - both ceremonies by the Hon. W.F. Sheahan, Q.C., LIB., M.L.A., Minister for Health.
RAYE Street	Tolland	1959	Frank Boulter RAYE ( - 1959); prominent citizen and sportsman; Alderman of the City Council - 6 <sup>th</sup> Dec., 1947 to 2 <sup>nd</sup> Dec., 1950. Deputy Mayor 1949-1950. Proprietor of T.O.P. Service and North Wagga Wagga Service Station.
REDDOCH Drive	Wagga Wagga	1964	Mr A.F. REDDOCH, who was the Senior Engineer (Rivers Improvement) with the NSW Water Conservation and Irrigation Commission at the time of the approval of plans, erection and completion (in 1960) of the Flood Levee Bank on the southern side of the Murrumbidgee River at Wagga Wagga; was appointed a Commissioner of W.C. & I.C. in Dec., 1964.
RED HILL Road	Kooringal/Tollan d/Tatton/Bourkel ands	1955	Derives its name from the colour of the soil on the hill in that area - probably so named popularly by early settlers as a means of identifying the locality.
REDWOOD Road	Lake Albert	1983	Arboreal derivation. "REDWOOD" the name given to timber which comes mainly from types of trees, which are grown widely in Europe (Scandinavia, Baltic States etc); in the U.S.A. it is a coniferous tree a close relative tot he giant Californian trees. Australian Redwood is of the eucalyptus family.

RHODA Avenue	Wagga Wagga	N/K	<p>Named by the subdivider of the area, Walter Slade Hardy (1878-1951) after his wife RHODA Moore Hardy. Born in Wagga Wagga, Mr Hardy was the first native of Wagga Wagga to be elected to the Municipal Council. A Master Brickmaker and landowner, he served the Council in 3 separate periods for a total of 14 years; from 19<sup>th</sup> Dec., 1921 to 1<sup>st</sup> Dec., 1928; from 2<sup>nd</sup> Dec., 1931 to 1<sup>st</sup> Dec., 1934; and from 4<sup>th</sup> Dec., 1937 to 6<sup>th</sup> Dec., 1941 on which date he did not seek re-election.</p> <p>History in his native town greatly interested him and he carried out a lot of research in this connection. He was a charter member of the Rotary Club of Wagga Wagga, 1929. (Refer also Hardy Avenue)</p>
RICHARD Street	Wagga Wagga	1923	<p>Named and applied by the subdivider, Rev. R.W. Young, after his son "RICHARD".</p>
RIES Crescent	Tolland	1972	<p>The "RIES" Region of Bavaria, Federal Republic of Germany, of which Wagga Wagga's Sister City, Nordligen is the centre. It is a bowl of rich agricultural land.</p> <p>(*) "The Ries with its 99 villages is a circular plain (with its 'capital' Nordligen); is South Germany's geographical centre; it is the result of a violent prehistoric catastrophe; a huge meteorite struck here some 15 million years ago - this is how the Ries developed -- the best preserved and best researched meteorite crater on earth; new stone formations developed which are very similar in their formation and consistency to the stones found on the moon."</p> <p>(*) Extracted from Tourist Information Brochure "Nordligen, The Wonderful Old Imperial Town on the Romantic Road." (English language issue).</p> <p>(Refer to Nordlingen Drive)</p>

ROACH Road	Wagga Wagga	1962	<p>This name applied by the Mitchell Shire Council (in conjunction with the naming of McNickle Road) to perpetuate the name of former owner of "Moorong Station", John Lyster ROACH. Land in the area of this road was transferred from the Mitchell Shire on extension of the City Boundaries to the west in Jan., 1968.</p> <p>* "John Lyster ROACH - Grazier - came from family's property "Lysterfield" in the Coolamon District - owner of Moorong Station, which property he purchased from Constatine Francis Bolton (refer Bolton Street) around 1919. Moorong eventually covered some 1620 hectares (4,000 acres) taking in all the land now comprised within Kapooka Military Area; San Isidore and the area between the latter and the Sturt Highway, as well as west thereof but south of the highway; then through to the Murrumbidgee River. John Lyster ROACH, who died about 1951, sold the land within the Kapooka Military Area to the Department of the Army early in World War II. He as well, sold the area now known as San Isidore (plus some land north of the highway) to Bishop Henschke on behalf of the Roman Catholic Church. On his death, the terms of John Roach's Will, bequeathed the remainder of his Moorong Estate to the Sisters of the Presentation Order (Mt Erin) and the Little Company of Mary (Calvary Hospital)."</p> <p>* Information re: John Lyster Roach supplied to W.R. Ellis (1989) by Patrick John Toohey, whose father, John Thomas Toohey, was overseer and Manager of Moorong Station from 1920 to 1951, with he and his family residing at Moorong Station for 31 years.</p>
ROGERS Place	Tolland	1977	The late Mary Ann ROGERS, wife of John Henry Lockett, Mother of twelve (12) children, who lived at Spring Gully and Rowan.
ROMA Street	Wagga Wagga	1925	N/K - no record can be located.

ROOSEVELT Avenue	Tolland	1973	Franklin Delano ("FDR") ROOSEVELT (1812-1945), 32 <sup>nd</sup> President of the U.S. of America; born at Hyde Park N.Y. 1882; in 1913 elected to the Senate; contracted Polio in 1921 but was able to actively continue politics; became Governor of New York State in 1928 first elected President in 1932 being re-elected in 1936 by a large majority; his sympathies lied with Great Britain on outbreak of World War II; a feature of his administration was the Lend-Lease scheme in 1941; following the declaration of War by the U.S. (after Japan's attack on Pearl Harbour (Hawaii) in Dec. 1941). ROOSEVELT was prominent in forging alliances with Britain and the U.S.S.R. and participated in several high-level conferences between himself, Churchill and Stalin. In 1944 he gained re-election for a forth Presidential Term but died shortly after (12 <sup>th</sup> Apr. 1945), being succeeded by Vice President, Harry S. Truman.
ROSS SMITH Road	Tatton	1958	Sir ROSS SMITH, K.C.B.E., (1892-1922) Pioneer Australian Aviator; born in Adelaide; In World War I he enlisted in the A.I.F. transferring to the Australian Flying Corps in which he gained several decorations; following the war he participated in flights surveying an air-route to Australia; in 1919 with his brother, Keith (as navigator) and two mechanics, he flew from England to Australia (over 18,500 km) in 27 days 20 hours, thereby winning the prize of 10,000 pounds offered by the Federal Government for the first Australian piloted flight to make such journey in less than 30 days. ROSS-SMITH and his brother were both knighted for this feat. He was killed in 1922 whilst on a test flight.
ROWAN Street	North Wagga Wagga	N/K	Arboreal derivation. ROWAN; a deciduous tree, referred to as the Northern Hemisphere Mountain Ash; with attractive leaves, smooth bark, it bears red berries and in autumn the leaves have brilliant tonings.
ROWE Street	Lake Albert	1960	William ROWE who took up farming in the Lake Albert area in 1895 and lived there till a great age. (previously named Morgan Street)

RUDD Street	Turvey Park	1946	George RUDD a past Mayor of Wagga Wagga; conducted his business as Saddler and Harness Maker in Fitzmaurice Street; * in the late 19 <sup>th</sup> Century his business "The Wagga Wagga Saddlery" merged with "J.J. McGrath's Riverine Saddlery Factory" and production was continued long into the 1900's; * Served as Alderman of the Municipal Council from 8 <sup>th</sup> Jan., 1896 to 15 <sup>th</sup> Mar., 1910 and as Mayor in 1900, 1901, 1908 and 1909.  *...* Extracted from Swan, K "A History of Wagga Wagga" (page 107)
RURAL Place	Wagga Wagga	1958	(Previously known as Rural Bank Lane) Name derived from its proximity to and leading to rear of the Wagga Wagga Branch of the Rural Bank of New South Wales - which later changed its name in early 1980's to State Bank.
SACKVILLE Drive			The rural homestead "Sackville" which existed on the land concerned and formerly in the ownership of the Eldershaw Family; having been originally established by Captain W.H. Lyons.
SALMON Street	Wagga Wagga	1925	Named by the subdividers James Joseph and Michael Augustine SALMON.
SAXON Street	Wagga Wagga	1976	The late Elsie Gladys SAXON, who owned land in the Dobney Avenue service industrial area, who commenced the subdivision and development in the area.

---

SAY Street	Wagga Wagga	1977	Francis SAY ("Frank") (1908-1974) born OPHIR NSW - arrived in Wagga Wagga about mid 1950's from Sydney where he had been a foreman with Rheem (Drum making Company). He opened up his own manufacturing; initially in Kincaid Street (in one of Douglas Body Co. workshops), but moved a few years later to Tasman Road (on land to the east thereof) opposite the delicensed airport land which became the Council's Industrial Estate. There built a large workshop for the purpose of building all types of prefabricated structures, steel cattle yards; his patented adjustable stock race and head - his main concern being the "Frank Say Cattle Crush" which was unique in design where the beast could be put in the crush and the whole then turned over. His implements were sold inter-state and exported to S. America. Continued with his busienss until his death on 21 <sup>st</sup> Nov., 1974, buried Wagga Wagga Lawn Cemetery. He was a cousin of Ben Chifley, (P.M. in 1945-49). A great supporter of charities, was renowned worker for the St Vincent de Paul Society and did much voluntary work for Calvary Hospital. Say Street is almost opposite his workshop and house in Tasman Road, a little to the south of Hammond Avenue. His business motto was "If its Say welded it will stay welded." (Information supplied by Mr Jim O'Brien of Gregadoo (1987), a personal friend.)
------------	-------------	------	--

---

SCHERGER Place	Mt Austin	1956	Group Captain Frederick G.W. SCHERGER, the first Officer Commanding the Royal Australian Air Force Station, Forest Hill on its establishment in 1940; he was later knighted and became Chief of the Air Staff as Air Marshal Sir Frederick SCHERGER, K.B.E., C.B., D.S.O., A.F.C. Born in Victoria he was an early graduate of Duntroon and enlisted in the R.A.A.F. in 1925, he gave distinguished service in World War II and other postings in the post-war period. He retired from the R.A.A.F. in 1966 after 45 years service. He died in Jan., 1984 and was accorded a Military Funeral in Melbourne on 29 <sup>th</sup> Jan., 1984 from the Uniting Church, Collins Street, Melbourne.
----------------	-----------	------	---

---

SCHILLER Street	Wagga Wagga	1971	William Valentine SCHILLER, from whom the Council purchased land on southern side of Hammond Avenue on which it established the Municipal Airport in 1938; the Airport was used for commercial flights until early in World War II, when following the establishment of the R.A.A.F. Flying Training Station at Forest Hill, the Municipal Airport was delicensed and the land thereafter held by the Council for grazing leases until its re-zoning and development under the Town Plan for Industrial.
SCOTT Street	Wagga Wagga	1958	Robert Falcon SCOTT (1868-1912) British Explorer; Leader of expeditions to Antarctica and South Pole, - together with other members of his last expedition lost his life in Antarctica about 27 <sup>th</sup> Mar., 1912.
SEPIK Road	Ashmont	1964	SEPIK River - Papua-New Guinea; large river some 1287 km (800 miles) in length; traverses country from high mountains; through gorges and on the coastal lowlands; several large tributaries disgorge into the SEPIK; native people (in considerable numbers) live in the districts of the Speik River system. This whole area was the scene of heavy fighting in World War II between the Australian Forces and the Japanese (under trying conditions in thick jungles, swamps and constant rain and mud).  The administration for the SEPIK District is carried out at Wewak, some 112 km (70 miles) west of the river's mouth. (Refer Wewak Street)
SHAW Street	Wagga Wagga	N/K	Ebenezer SHAW - one time Storekeeper of Wagga Wagga; Alderman of the Municipal Council for one year and nine months from May 1878 to Feb., 1880.

SHEPPARD Street	Wagga Wagga	N/K	<p>George SHEPPARD (1853-1918); born Suffolk, England; Practicing Architect; and first Borough Surveyor of Wagga Wagga; largely responsible for the commencement of street-tree planting in Wagga Wagga.</p> <p>Extract from Swan, K - "A History of Wagga Wagga" Page 109: George Sheppard, like others of his time, was both architect and surveyor. Born and educated in London, he came to Wagga Wagga in 1875 and immediately engaged in both private and official practice. He was the architect and surveyor for the Council of Education and designed about forty schools in the district before 1880; and was also Borough Council surveyor for some time. He stimulated much tree-planting in the streets for many years, so his influence upon the town development was important."</p>
SHERWOOD Avenue	Koorinal	1971	SHERWOOD Forest, England (located near Nottingham); widely known in folk-lore and legendary tales of, and as the place of hiding and shelter for Robin Hood and "his Meerie Men"; said to originally been in length 32 km with widths of 8 km to 14.5 km. As such it was a possession of the Crown and in the 12 <sup>th</sup> Century was used by some of the English Kings, for their hunting expeditions.
SHORT Street	Mt Austin	1962	So named because of its "SHORT" length. (Name of "Short" previously applied (until 1939) to portion of Morrow Street between Wollundry Lagoon (now O'Reilly Street section) to the eastern side of Tarcutta Street.)
SILVERWOOD Road	Lake Albert	1971	Christopher SILVERWOOD, who served as Alderman of the Council for the period of nine (9) years from 1 Feb., 1898 to 14 <sup>th</sup> Feb., 1908. A framed double-page spread from the "Illustrated Sydney News" issue of March 17, 1883 (in possession of Wagga Wagga City Council), depicts "A Bird's -eye view of Wagga Wagga" surrounded by sketches of various business houses of the day. One such of a substantial building is under-scored as follows:- "C. SILVERWOOD; Wholesale & Retail Fish-monger & Fruiterer - Goods removed to any part of the town or suburbs by Spring Vans - Fitzmaurice Street, Wagga Wagga".

SIMKIN Crescent	Kooringal	1963	Lt. Col. M.B. SIMKIN, M.B.E. who was the Commanding Officer of the Kapooka Military Area on the occasion when the Grant of the Freedom of the City of Wagga Wagga was conferred upon that establishment on 17 <sup>th</sup> Nov., 1962 - the 21 <sup>st</sup> Anniversary of the establishment of Kapooka Camp (now Blamey Barracks).
SIMMONS Street	Wagga Wagga	1849	One of the original streets of the City included in the first survey of the town in 1849 by the Surveyor-General of the Colony, Major Sir Thomas Mitchell - after one of his fellow-officers of the 95 <sup>th</sup> Regiment of Foot with whom he served in the Peninsular War 1809 under the Duke of Wellington; George SIMMONS, Rifle Brigade; Major 16 <sup>th</sup> Feb., 1838; retired 1845, Silver Medals for Fuentes d'onor 1811; Ciudad Rodrigo 1812; Badajoz 1812; Salamanca 1812; Vittoria 1813; Pyrenees 1813; Nivelles 1813; Orthes 1815; Waterloo Medal; died 5 <sup>th</sup> Mar., 1858.
SIMPSON Avenue	Forest Hill		William Henry SIMPSON, Farmer and Grazier, a life-long resident of "Ivydale" Gregadoo. A former Councillor of the Kyeamba Shire Council of which he was President 1946-47 and 1950-56.
SLOCUM Street	Wagga Wagga	1940's	Named by the subdivider, Charles Sydney SLOCUM, who was, for many years, proprietor of various Hotels in Wagga Wagga. The last one so operated by him was the "Exchange Hotel" on west side of Baylis Street mid-way between Morrow and Tompson Streets.
SMALL Street	Wagga Wagga	1949	John Newton SMALL (1867-1943); born at Wingham, N.S.W. Manager of the Australian Bank of Commerce at Wagga Wagga; Alderman of the Municipal Council from 1 <sup>st</sup> Dec., 1934 to 17 <sup>th</sup> Sept., 1943 (died in Office). (Previously named Forsyth Street East).
SMITH Street	Forest Hill		N/K
SMITHIES Place	Ashmont	1968	George SMITHIES, 4 <sup>th</sup> Town Clerk of Wagga Wagga, who served as Borough Manager/Town Clerk and Treasurer to the Council from 29 <sup>th</sup> Jun., 1893 until 25 <sup>th</sup> Nov., 1897.

SOUTH Parade	Wagga Wagga	1946	So named on account of its situation on the Southern Boundary of the Duke of Kent Park Recreation Ground. The name was applied by the City Council, owner of the area, when subdividing the land creating Duke of Kent Park and the ultimate sale of residential allotments surrounding the same.
SPOKES Street (awaiting dedication and construction by the subdivider)	Kooringal	1973	Charles James SPOKES (1984-1970); Born Colac (Vic); Alderman of the Council from 1944 to 1950; operated a dairy and milk vending business from "Sandridge", North Wagga Wagga; some years later established a Milk Vending Depot in Murray Street (east side between Edward and Salmon Streets); then in Invermay Avenue; was prominent player in the local Australian Rules Football Team, "Royal Stars"; a keen cricket supporter, was player and Captain of Wagga Wagga Cricket Team (1 <sup>st</sup> Grade). His son, Walter James SPOKES, born 1918 at Wagga Wagga was Secretary-Manager of the Wagga Wagga R.S.L. Club from 1961 to 1983.
SPOONER Avenue	Mt Austin	1956/57	The Hon. Eric Sydney SPOONER, M.L.A. (1891-1952) who held the portfolios of Secretary for Public Works and Minister for Local Government from 22 <sup>nd</sup> Aug., 1935 to 21 <sup>st</sup> Jul, 1939; resigned from the State Parliament in 1940 to seek a Federal seat; was elected to the House of Representatives for Robertson, and was Minister for War Organisation of Industry in the Menzies and Fadden Governments for four months until the Labour Party assumed power in Oct., 1941; he was defeated in the Federal Elections in 1943 and did not again stand for Parliament; responsible for the "Spooner" system of financial aid to Local Government Councils in NSW during the years of the Great Depression in the late 1920's and early 1930's.
SPRING Street	Wagga Wagga	N/K	Edward SPRING, one-time proprietor and licensee of the Sportsman's Arms Hotel.
SPRINGVALE Drive	Tatton	1983	From the rural property "SPRINGVALE" which existed in near precincts of which the road is now.
STANLEY Street	Kooringal	1951	The name applied by the subdivider, STANLEY Nelder Henwood (on the subdivision plan supplied to and approved by the Kyeamba Shire Council prior to the extension of the city boundaries on 7 <sup>th</sup> Dec., 1951); perpetuating the first Christian name of the subdivider.

STATION Place	Wagga Wagga	1955	(Originally known as Collins Street, and altered to Baylis Street somewhere about 1940). Named "STATION" because of its close proximity to the Wagga Wagga Railway Station.
STEELE Street	Ashmont	1974	Brigadier W.A.B. STEELE of the Staff of 1 Aust. Army Corps. Was appointed to command 33 Brigade in Sept., 1945 to proceed from Morotai (N.E.I.) to Dutch Timor. As additional troops were not needed in Timor, he went to Ambon to receive the Japanese Army's surrender there and the evacuation of the Japanese and ensure control of the Japanese Forces in other areas and assist in the re-establishment of the N.E.I. Government.
STEVENSON Street	North Wagga Wagga	1933	Named after (at the request of the North Wagga Wagga Progress Association) William John STEVENSON (1868-1940), born at Scone, N.S.W. 1868; for many years Headmaster, North Wagga Wagga Public School; resided in North Wagga Wagga for 31 years; Alderman of the Municipal Council from 1931 to 1940; died 1940.
STILLMAN Avenue	Koorinal	1969	Wilfred Henry STILLMAN (1886-1967), Chartered Accountant; served as Alderman of the Council from 6 <sup>th</sup> Dec., 1941 to 1 <sup>st</sup> Nov., 1946, being a member of the Library Committee in 1946; subsequent to Aldermanic service served as a co-opted Member of the Council's Library Committee, almost from its inception, until 1 <sup>st</sup> Dec., 1967, on which date he retired due to advanced age; Life-long member of Wagga Wagga Sub-Branch, R.S.S. & A.I.L.A., of which he was Trustee for many years; Foundation Member (Treasurer for many years) of Wagga Wagga Legacy and many other Civic and Charitable activities; President Wagga Wagga Golf Club 1937; was a Pennants Player with Wagga Wagga City Bowling Club.
STRATFORD Avenue	Lake Albert	1972	STRATFORD-on-Avon, famous tourist town on the River Avon (England); birthplace of renowned Playwright William Shakespeare, who spent his schooling there and who is buried in the local Church; a Shakespeare Festival is held at Stratford each year in the Shakespeare Memorial Theatre (erected 1933) and which fronts the Avon River.

STUART Road	Wagga Wagga	1988	John McDouall STUART - (1815-1866) - famed Australian Explorer; Scottish born, he arrived in the Colonies in 1838. He made a number of important exploration journeys culminating in 1862, when he became the first white explorer to traverse the Australian Continent from South to North; which journey paved the way for the ultimate route of the Overland Telegraph Line from Adelaide to Darwin. Central Mount STUART bears his name as does the STUART Highway running from Port Augusta through Alice Springs to Darwin.
STURT Highway (State Highway No. 14)	N/K		State Highway No. 14, linking the Hume Highway (Sydney/Melbourne) from a point approximately 9.6km (6 miles) North of Tarcutta and 49.8km (31 miles) east of Wagga Wagga, with Adelaide, South Australia. The total distance along this Highway is 1,032km (641 miles), passing through Wagga Wagga, Narrandera, Hay, Balranald, Mildura, Renmark and other places; following the general course of the Murrumbidgee and Murray Rivers, which were first explored in 1829/30 by Captain Charles STURT, and in whose honour the Highway is named. (see Sturt Street)
STURT Street	Forest Hill		Part of the State Highway No. 14, which was named after the Australian Explorer, Captain Charles STURT. On his expedition down the Murrumbidgee River in Dec. 1829, he passed the site of where Wagga Wagga now stands, and traced the destination of the Murrumbidgee and Murray Rivers. (Refer also to Sturt Street, Wagga Wagga)

STURT Street	Wagga Wagga	1933	(Previously known as Little Gurwood Street) Named after Captain Charles STURT (1795-1869) of 39 <sup>th</sup> Regiment; Explorer; born in India; arrived in Australia in 1827. In early Dec., 1829, with a party of seven others, he passed over the site of the future City of Wagga Wagga (north side of the river) in course of his exploratory journey down the Murrumbidgee and Murray Rivers, the voyage being partly by land from Yass Plains to a point 24 km (15 miles) above the junction of the Murrumbidgee and Lachlan Rivers and then by boat to the mouth of the Murray; The Sturt Monument is situated in Sturt Street. The Shield of the Coat of Arms of the City of Wagga Wagga (granted by Letters Patent from H.M. College of Arms dated 15 <sup>th</sup> Nov., 1965) records the City's links with Captain Sturt as the discoverer of the area; such shield with its green background and gold bar was taken from arms granted by the King of Arms at the College to Anthony Sturt (a forebear of Captain Charles Sturt), Alderman of the City of London in 1691.
SULLIVAN Avenue	Wagga Wagga	1945	After the SULLIVAN Family by the subdivider R.J.E. Gormly; Stephen Sullivan served on the staff of the "Wagga Wagga Advertiser" from the date of the first issue, 10 <sup>th</sup> Oct., 1868. In 1884, with John Mackay, acquired the business, later becoming sole proprietor. The newspaper was subsequently conducted for many years by his daughters, the Misses Alice and Forbie Sullivan.
SUNSHINE Avenue	Turvey Park	1929	Name applied by the subdivider, James Henry Wooden (1884-1951). It has been suggested that it refers to the "SUNSHINE Harvester" invented by H.V. McKay and developed by him in 1892. These machines were manufactured and marketed by his company (from his factory established at SUNSHINE (Vic)) throughout Australia for many years. The name being widely known throughout rural areas.

SWAN Street	Ashmont	1974	<p>Keith John SWAN, B.E.M., M.A. Educationalist and noted Historian: became a Primary School Teacher in 1936; served in the R.A.A.F. during World War II; then Secondary School Teacher; Head of the Humanities at Wagga Wagga Teachers' College, Senior Lecturer in History; Dean of School of Business and Liberal Studies; Acting Principal and Assistant Principal of Riverina College of Advanced Education; Retired 1976; was President of the Wagga Wagga and District Historical Society from its re-activation in 1962 until 1970, in which year he completed his book "A History of Wagga Wagga" which was commissioned by the Wagga Wagga City Council first released during the celebrations for the Centenary of Local Government on 15<sup>th</sup> Mar., 1970; Awarded the B.E.M. in New Year's Honours List 1974 for his services to Education and to History in particular.</p> <p>(Personal details of Keith Swan, extracted (in part) from the Daily Advertiser, issue of 30<sup>th</sup> Oct., 1976</p>
SYCAMORE Road	Lake Albert	1973	<p>Arboreal derivation; SYCAMORE - Egyptian (oriental) "fig" originally growing in Syria and Egypt - a large timber tree allied to the Maple.</p>

---

TALBINGO  
Crescent

Lake Albert

1973

TALBINGO Dam, a final construction by the Snowy Mountains Authority for the Snowy Mountains Hydro-electric Scheme; this dam is allied with the Jounama Dam (which submerged the original site of Talbingo township) and the Talbingo Power Station. The Dam created a very large artificial lake which gained instant popularity with boating, waterskiing and fishing enthusiasts. Talbingo town in the Tumut Shire is 136 km by road from Wagga Wagga, 412 metres above sea-level. Aborigines originally frequented the area. William Bridle became the first to take up land in 1848; calling his property 'Talbingo Station'. His son-in-law, Altman Lampe afterwards acquired the property. In the 1960's the present town of TALBINGO was established by the Snowy Mountains Authority as a base for the many works on the Scheme. An obelisk erected at a park near Talbingo Country Club refers to the fact that Stella Miles Franklin (Author) whose grand-father was Taltman Lampe, was born at Talbingo.

\*\*\*"..... to understand how TALBINGO got its name. There appears to be no doubt that it was a name the natives had for the mountain and the Station took its name from the mountain. We are indebted to Mr. Warwick Johns of the Lands Department, Sydney, for the following information from their Department Library. A letter dated 27<sup>th</sup> May, 1925, was received at the Surveyor-General's Office, Lands Department, Sydney, from J.J. Baylis, an authority on Aboriginal and place names around Wagga Wagga, Tumut and Monaro Areas. He was unable to identify "Talbingo" as truly aboriginal. It did not ring true, but it was thought to be one of those words which came into use when the Aborigines were beginning to corrupt their own language with English-sounding equivalents. Thus, 'Bingo', 'binge' or 'Binji' meant 'Belly', and 'Tal' a derivation of the English 'Tall' meant 'big', 'high' or 'full'.

Consequently Talbingo meant "Big Belly". This was also corroborated by another letter from Helena Lampe, whose parents lived at the foot of the mountain, and remembered many of these 'funny words' and distortions of the English and Aboriginal languages. One can imagine the natives, with bellies extended, after having gorged on bogong moths, laughing and pointing to the mountain and saying "Big Binge" or "Talbingo".

---

---

When you look at Mount Talbingo from a distance, it is easy to imagine the curves of its top contours being those of a big belly of a man lying down.\*\*\*\*\*"

\*\*\*\* .....\*\*\*\*" Extracted from Bridle, Jack - "Talbingo" (Page 4) (1979)

---

TAMBA Lane	Wagga Wagga	N/K	(Connects Dobbs and Beckwith Streets, between and parallel to Jackson and Gurwood Streets) Aboriginal word meaning "Ibis".
TARAKAN Avenue	Ashmont	1960	TARAKAN Island and Town on the north-east coast of Borneo; with an important oil-port being near the entrance to the Makassar Strait - scene of campaign in World War II in which Australian Forces, Army, Navy and Air Force featured prominently. Occupied by the invading Japanese on 11 Jan, 1942 (from a base previously taken at Miri (Sarawak) on west coast of Borneo on 16 Dec, 1941). With the return of the Americans to Manila (Phillipines) in Dec., 1945 and their capture of Okinawa (in the same month), the Japanese in the Indies and Burma were left without adequate lines of supply. An Australian Campaign (aided by U.S. Forces) took part at TARAKAN and Borneo under General Sir Leslie Morshead, Commander 1 Aust. Corps - the H.Q. of which was on the island of Morotai from whence such operations emanated. On Morotai there were large units of Australian Forces as well as U.S. Air Force and allied services. Aerial and Naval bombing having taken place for some time, units of the A.I.F. landed on TARAKAN Island on 1 May 1945; where a campaign was waged against strong Japanese opposition - the enemy forces withdrawing to the North on 14 June, 1945.
TARCOOLA Road	Wagga Wagga	1988	The name "TARCOOLA" taken from the property name of land immediately adjoining the area from which the roadway was subdivided.
TARCUTTA Street	Wagga Wagga	N/K	After TARCUTTA Station and Village, East of Wagga Wagga, and being the road leading from the centre of old Wagga Wagga towards Tarcutta; "Tarcutta", aboriginal word meaning "Meal made from Grass Seeds", also/and "Flour/Damper made from Grass Seeds".

---

TASMAN Road	Wagga Wagga	1958	Abel TASMAN (?1602-1659), Dutch Navigator and Explorer; Commander with the Dutch East India Company; discovered Tasmania (which he named Van Diemens' Land after the Governor General of the Dutch East Indies) in 1642 and sailed on to discover New Zealand. On the voyage in 1644 he chartered the Austrlian Northern Coast from Cpae York westwards, together with a significant part of the coast of West Australia. His reports of the 'Southland' were that the terrain was dry and barren. After retiring in 1651, he lived near Batavia (now Jakarta) as a well-to-do landowner. The name 'Van Dieman's Land' was ultimately changed to 'Tasmania' (in his honour) and the island colony gained Statehood in 1901 with the Federation of the Australian Colonies.
TAUPO Drive	Lake Albert	1975	Lake TAUPO; New Zealand; on the North Island; located on a central plateau; the lake covers an area which was the craters of pre-historic volcanoes. The name is of Maori origin.
TEAL Street	Estella	1980	A well known variety of Wheat developed at the Wagga Wagga Wheat Research Institute.
TEDDER Street	Ashmont	1970	Arthur William TEDDER (1890-1967) - born Sterling (Scotland) died Surrey (England); enlisted in the British Army in 1913 and transferred to the R.F.C. in 1916; continued serving in the R.A.F. for the period between the two World Wars. In World War II he rose to the high rank of Marshal of the R.A.F. and Deputy Commander (under General Eisenhower) of the Allied Expeditionary Forces. He was active in his command at the Allied Invasion at Normandy (6 Jun., 1944) and the Battles in Europe leading to the German surrender in May 1945. He was created a Knight in 1942 and raised to the Peerage in 1946.
TELOPEA Crescent	Lake Albert	1973	TELOPEA - botanical name for Waratah (refer to Waratah Street).

TEMERLOH Avenue	Tolland	1972	Named in honour of the association of the City with the town of Temerloh, Malaysia in the early 1970's. The links were forged and fostered by a group of local citizens who formed the Wagga Wagga Temerloh Good Neighbour Association and raised moneys making possible the sending of aid in various ways to the Temerloh Community. A jeep type motor vehicle was purchased (transported to Malaysia by the R.A.A.F.) - for use by the Nursing Sister at the Temerloh Baby Health Clinic. As well a number of sewing machines were later despatched along with other items. In thanks for this support, the Temerloh Community donated a pair of elephant tusks to Wagga Wagga - which were held by the City Council and on permanent display within the City Council Chambers. (Refer to Malaya Drive)
THOMAS Street	Wagga Wagga	N/K	Named by the subdivider, THOMAS Flannigan.
THORNE Street	Wagga Wagga	N/K	After the THORNE family of "Gobbabumbalin". John THORNE, originally from Parramatta, owned Gobbagumbalin Station (North of the Murrumbidgee from Wagga Wagga) and died about 1838.

TICHBORNE Crescent	Kooringal	1966	<p>From Wagga Wagga's association with "The Great TICHBORNE Trial" and the TICHBORNE Claimant. Thomas Castro, real name Arthur Orton, who was conducting a Butcher's Shop in Gurwood Street, in the 1860's, became an historical figure in the early 1870's, when he laid claim to be Sir Roger TICHBORNE (heir to Sir J.F. Doughty Tichborne), who had been lost at sea. Castro set up a fraudulent claim to the vast estates of the Tichborne Family. He was well-informed as to the family matters, an even succeeded in persuading the Lady Tichborne that he was her long-lost son. He was convicted of perjury and sentenced to 14 years' penal servitude, after two famous trials, civil and criminal. The Great Tichborne Trial lasted just over 3 months and legal costs amounted to 92,000 pounds sterling. A large original Oil Pointing of the Tichborne Trial was presented to the City Council in 1953 by Mr E.H. Kinnear of Essendon (Vic) due to the City's association with the Tichborne Trial as Castro, the Claimant, had lodged his claim to the estates whilst a resident of Wagga Wagga.</p> <p>(Refer to Swan, K - "A History of Wagga Wagga" Pages 78-79, and "Back to Wagga Wagga" Sourvenir Booklet 1927, Article "Wagga Wagga - its Early History" by Robert Emblen, for useful accounts of "The Great Tichborne Trial".) (Also to Gibbes Close)</p>
TIMOR Place	Ashmont	1964	<p>TIMOR; an island (of almost 36,000 sq. kms.) to the North-west of Australia lying across the Timor Sea from Darwin; half of the island to its west formed part of the Netherlands East Indies, with the eastern section being a Colony of the Portuguese. During World War II, TIMOR, in 1942, was occupied by the Japanese and the island became a Theatre of Operations for Australian Armed Forces. After the war, and following the granting of independence to Indonesia by the Dutch in 1949, the western half of the island became part of Indonesia, and later, in 1976, the eastern portion also reverted to that Country.</p>
TINGA Crescent	Kooringal	1972	<p>Aboriginal derivation; meaning "Flat" or "Level".</p>

TOBRUK Street	Ashmont	1955	TOBRUK, Cyrenaica, Libya. A shipping port on the Mediterranean Sea some 120 km to the west of the border with Egypt. Having a natural harbour, it was occupied and developed by the Italians. TOBRUK, early in World War II, became prominent in Battles between German Forces (including Rommel's Arika Corps), assisted by the Italians and the British (including Australian Units). At one stage units of the A.I.F. having remained at TOBRUK to man its defences, had their backs to the sea with nor aerial support and were surrounded by the Germans and Italians. The Australians (assisted by some British Artillery and Anti Tank units) featured prominently in what became known as the Siege of TOBRUK which lasted from Apr. to Dec. 1941, at which latter time the main Australian forces were relieved (with the exception of part of one Aust. Battalion which fought its way out). The forces defending the area earned for themselves and became known as "The Rats of TOBRUK".
TOLLAND Close	Tolland	1987	From the suburban area TOLLAND in which it is located. (refer also to TOLLAND suburb.)
TOLOSA Street	Lake Albert	1972	Name applied at the request of the subdivider, Mr Gerald Scott; to perpetuate his family's origin and association with Scotland.

---

TOMPSON Street      Wagga Wagga      N/K

Frederick Anslow TOMPSON (1814-1884), who, after arriving about 1843 from Gundagai, was one of the outstanding figures in the early life of Wagga Wagga; landowner; storekeeper; Commission Agent; Magistrate, Secretary to the Murrumbidgee Pastoral & Agricultural Association, and first Town Clerk of Wagga Wagga, 1870-1882, to which position he was appointed following the proclamation and first election of the Borough Council, with a salary of 100 pounds per year.

\*\*"F.A. Tompson... had also been a leader in town and district - squatter in 1832; J.P. in 1847; C.P.S. in 1848; postmaster in 1849; businessman in the 1850's and 1860's; a Director of the Bridge Company in its early days. He had, in fact, influenced almost every aspect of town life. When the Borough was incorporated he was almost sixty years of age but still very active, skilled as an administrator and looking for some occupation because his retail store and station agency business was not prospering. So he accepted the appointment as Council Clerk for 100 pounds per annum and successfully undertook the task of establishing municipal administrative services; continuing for 12 years until 1882 when he was sixty-eight years of age (he died at Petersham in Dec. 1884.)"\*\*\*

\*\*\*"...\*\*\* Extracted from Swan, K - "A History of Wagga Wagga" - pages 117 & 118.

---

TOM WOOD Drive	Botanic Gardens	1968	Acknowledgement of the sterling work and meritorious service devoted to the developemnt and improvement of parks, gardens and reserves and strees of the City by the Curator of Parks and Gardnes, Thomas Wood, and his successor, his son, Tom Wood. Thomas Wood was born on 30/12/1886 in Yorkshire, England, and died on 19/10/1963 (aged 77) - was appointed to the Council's staff as Head Gardener on 2/8/1932; this title was changed to Curator on 23/4/1936; he continued in this capacity until retirement, after a total of 19 years continuous service, on 21/12/1951. His son, Tom Wood, born 22/8/1918, joined the Council staff as a Gardener on 28/1/1942; was variously employed on all aspects of gardening; spent a number of years as propagator and Nurseryman until his appointment as Curator of Parks and Gardens on 19/3/1954; his title changed to Superintendent of Parks and Gardens in the early 1960's; he did much towards the establishment and extension of the Botanic Gardens and improvement of parks generally in the city; Retired 24/8/1983.
TONGABOO Lane	Wagga Wagga	N/K	Aboriginal word meaning "Cold".
TOPEKA Street	Tolland	1973	TOPEKA, the Capital City of the State of Kansas, USA, in which Wagga Wagga's Sister City, Leavenworth is situated. (refer to Leavenworth Drive)
TORRENS Street	Lake Albert	1973	Lake TORRENS, among the larger salt lakes of South Australia - lies to the North of Spencer Gulf with an area approaching almost 6,000 sq km.
TOWNSHEND Place	Mt Austin	1960	Surveyor Thomas S. TOWNSHEND, first Surveyor of the Town of Wagga Wagga. He left Sydney on 4 Dec., 1847 "to survey the Murrumbidgee and Monaro Pastoral Districts". He drew several plans of the town in 1848/49, and, following approval of his recommendations by the Colonial Surveyor-General, Sir Thomas L. Mitchell, gazettal and sale of town allotments followed - in Sydney - on 23 Nov., 1849. (Refer to Mitchell Road) (Refer to Swan, K - "A History of Wagga Wagga" (Pages 37-40) for a more detailed account of T.S. Townshend and his surveyed Plan of Wagga Wagga).

---

TOY Place	Tolland	1977	<p>Cecil William TOY, born 30 Aug, 1905 at Black Forest (Adelaide suburb); left school aged 14; became a counter assistant selling leather goods. Within 5 years started his own business manufacturing and selling similar wares from a base in Adelaide. Entered the hotel business at Bordertown (S.A.), then successively taking up hotels at The Grange, Norlunga and Port Augusta. Came to Wagga Wagga and on 6 Mar. 1939 and with his wife Kathleen, bought the lease of the "Wagga Wagga Hotel" (S.E. corner Baylis &amp; Edward Streets); in 1941 bought the freehold of the "Australian Hotel" Fitzmaurice Street (opposite P.O.) and later bought the "Advance Australia" Hotel (east side of Baylis Street a short distance from Morrow Street) from Henry McDonough, which he conducted under management. Was invited to join the Board of Directors of the Murrumbidgee Dairy Co Ltd in 1944 and was elected Chairman in 1959. Served on the Committee of the Murrumbidgee Turf Club for 15 years and was made a Life Member of the Club on his retirement from the Committee. Was an Alderman of the City Council from 6 Dec., 1959 to 18 Dec., 1971; a member of the Southern Riverina County Council 1960-1971 and Chairman thereof in 1965, 1966 and 1967. Was Chairman of the Finance Committee of the Forrest Centre to raise the additional finance to complete this unique, ecumenical project, and such committee was instrumental in raising donations of almost \$1M in 1983/84. Was awarded A.O.M. (Medal of Order of Australia) on Australia Day 1988 Honours List for "Services to the Community and Local Government".</p> <p>(Personal details verbally supplied to W.R. Ellis in 1987 by Mr Cecil W Toy)</p>
-----------	---------	------	---

---

TRAIL Street	Wagga Wagga	1849	<p>One of the original Streets of the City, included in the first survey and named by the then Colonial Surveyor-General, Sir Thomas L Mitchell, after one of his fellow Officers in the 95<sup>th</sup> Regiment of Foot, with whom he served in the Peninsular War (1809) under the Duke of Wellington - Charles Peter TRAILLE, Rifle Brigade; Lieutenant 10/10/1811; Retired 1816; died at Cork 1823.</p>
--------------	-------------	------	--

---

TRIVERS Street	Wagga Wagga	1849	One of the original Streets of the City, included in the first Survey and named by the then Colonial Surveyor-General, Sir Thomas L Mitchell, after one of his fellow Officers in the 95 <sup>th</sup> Regiment of Foot, with whom he served during the Peninsular War (1809) under the Duke of Wellington - James Conway TRIVERS, Rifle Brigade; Major 21/6/1817; Retired 11/6/1830; expedition to Hanover 1805; expedition to Denmark, action at Kioge 1807; expedition to Sweden 1808; Campaign North of Spain 1808; from 1809 throughout remainder of Peninsular War; died at Bath 5/2/1841.
TREVOR Street	Turvey Park	1923	Mr W S Hardy stated - "Named after a Solicitor associated with the subdivision" (J.H. Wooden Subdivider - approved by Kyeamba Shire Council) Partly included in his Grandview Estate subdivision - allotments submitted for auction 28/9/1923.
TRUMAN Avenue	Tolland	1973	Harry S Truman (1884-1972), 33 <sup>rd</sup> President of the United States of America; serving in such high position from 1945-1953. His home town was Independence, Missouri (near Kansas City); was a Captain in the U.S. Army in World War I; became associated with the Law and had terms as County Court Judge in the 1920's; turning to Politics he became a Senator in 1935; gained selection and won election as Vice President in 1944, being the running-mate with Franklin Delano Roosevelt. Roosevelt died whilst in office on 12 Apr 1945 and as incumbent Vice President, TRUMAN became President. He played an important part in the formation of the United Nations; in Allied talks towards planning for the termination of the War against Germany (V.E. Day 8 May 1945) and in the Pacific against Japan (V.P. Day 15 Aug 1945); was successful at the Presidential Election of 1948; terminating his service as President in Jan 1953, he retired to his home in Independence, where he was buried (at the Truman Library) after his death on 26 Dec. 1972 at Kansas City (Missouri).

---

TRUSCOTT Drive

Ashmont

1978

"Sqn Ldr Keith "Bluey" TRUSCOTT, D.F.C. AND Bar. He joined the R.A.A.F. in 1940 and struggled through Flight Training before becoming, ultimately, one of Australia's most famous fighter pilots in the Battle of Britain and, later, in the Battle of Milne Bay. He had victories over 20 German and Japanese aircraft before being killed in an accident at Exmouth Gulf on 28 Mar. 1943. Truscott was a member of the Melbourne (VFL) premierships teams in 1939-40. In May 1942 he returned to Melbourne from England, en route to the Pacific theatre of the war. On impulse he rang his old Melbourne coach "Checker" Hughes, and said, "Hullo, do you want a good half forward for Saturday?" Hughes unaware that Truscott was even in Australia, was eventually persuaded that the caller was indeed Truscott and within hours, had arranged "Bluey" to play in his old team in his old position the following Saturday against Richmond. Ivan Southall recorded the occasion movingly in his book, "Bluey Truscott" (Angus & Robertson, 1958) and wrote of how the thousands at the ground rose as one to honour him; how the hundreds of excited schoolboys and men and women engulfed him; how Jack Dyer, Richmond Captain propelled him towards the great block of Richmond supporters who greeted him with a roar which bespoke of the nation's pride. Richmond, far superior to the depleted Demon side, booted 30.16 but Truscott, unfit and tired, received the cheer of the day when Dyer, perhaps purposely, dropped a mark in the goal square which "Bluey" retrieved and put through. Meeting his old headmaster, famous cricketer Billy Woodfull, in the street a day or so later, Truscott was asked how he liked playing League football again, and replied, "Not for me. Too dangerous".

Extracted from ATKINSON, Graeme - "Everything you wanted to know about Australian Football". Melbourne. Five Mile Press, 1982. (Pages 5 & 6)

---

TUCKER Street	Turvey park	1950's	Harold Thomas Wilkins TUCKER, an old resident of Turvey Park area of the City; was for many years Secretary fo the South Wagga Wagga Progress Association; he lived at 15 Hely Avenue; buried Wesleyan (Methodist) Cemetery, Wagga Wagga 2/11/1967; aged 88. The South Wagga Wagga Progress Association riased money and purchased an allotment of land fronting Coleman Street (south side - the 2 <sup>nd</sup> lot west of Trevor Street). This was in turn transferred to Council's ownership free of cost (as a donation); the land to be used for the erection of a Baby Health Clinic - such a building was subsequently built by the Council with the assistance of a grant from the N.S.W. Department of Public Health.
TURA Place	Glenfield	1988	"TURA" - Aboriginal derivation meaning "Spear".

TURNER Street	Turvey Park	1923	<p>Mr W.S. Hardy stated "Named after the Chartered Accountant associated with the subdivision". This subdivision was approved by the Kyeamba Shire Council when the land was in its area. The subdivider was J.H. Wooden and in his "Grandview Estate" subdivision with lots submitted for auction on 13 Jul. 1923. The Chartered Accountant referred to was Geoffrey Paul TURNER (1894-1980), born Tumut; arrived Wagga Wagga 1922. Started as Chartered Accountant in premises called "Old Govt. Savings Back Building" Fitzmaurice Street. (opposite the P.O.) In 1928 Arthur Leslie Adams joined the practice which then became Turner and Adams. It retained 22 staff members and that was assisted by accepting semi-govt appointment as Supervisor of Farmers' Relief Act. This provided protection from creditors and financed each year's farm programmes enabling farmers to remain on and work their properties. Mr Turner served as Hon. Secretary of the Committee (led by H.E. Gissing) which finally succeeded in having the Govt. build the Wagga Wagga Technical College. He featured with other businessmen, in a prominent way, in the formation of the Wagga Wagga Chamber of Commerce and served a term as president thereof. In 1927 he was Hon. Secretary to the "Back to Wagga Wagga" festival, which celebrations were highly successful in the promotion of the district. He was Local Govt. Auditor for the Wagga Wagga City Council (as well as other Councils) for approx. 31 years until his retirement.</p> <p>(Personal details of Geoffrey Paul Turner supplied in 1987 to W.R. Ellis by his daughter, Mrs. Pauline Price.)</p>
TUROSS Street	Lake Albert	1975	<p>Lake TUROSS located on the South Coast of N.S.W. near Bodalla the renowned cheese producing district. The Tuross River, a coastal stream, flows into Lake Tuross. At the entrance to the lake is the popular seaside township of Tuross Heads.</p>
TYWONG Street	Cartwrights Hill	1974	<p>Parish of TYWONG; now within the City area as a result of Amalgamation with Kyeamba Shire on 1/1/1981; and being East and South-East of Ladysmith.</p>
UNDURRA Drive	Glenfield Park	1976	<p>Aboriginal derivation for "Silver Wattle".</p>

URANA Street	Turvey Park	N/K	Was, prior to relocation of the Highway to Dobney Avenue, part of the main road to the town of URANA, (110 km south-west of Wagga Wagga); "Urana" an Aboriginal word of the Wiradjuri Tribe meaning "Flock Pigeon".
VANDA Street	Lake Albert	1977	Botanical derivation. VANDA, a variety of cowslip orchid being sweet-scented, it is indigenous to the East Indies mainly Borneo and Java.
VASEY Street	Ashmont	1964	Major General George Alan VASEY, C.B.E., D.S.O., (1895-1945), born Malvern (Vic); commissioned 1915, served in Libyan Campaign with A.I.F., in 1941 commended 19 <sup>th</sup> Brigade (AIF) in Greece and Crete, where he was a Senior Australian Commander; in 1942 commanded the 6 <sup>th</sup> Division A.I.F. in New Guinea and later transferred to command the 7 <sup>th</sup> Aust. Division; led fighting from Eora Creek in the Owen Stanley Ranges to the Coast and the long battle around Buna, Gona and Sanananda; in 1943 and 1944 commanded the Division in the Markham and Ramu Valley operations; After sick leave and staf duties was re-appointed in 1945 to the 6 <sup>th</sup> Division advancing on Wewak; was killed when the aircraft in which he was travelling to New Guinea crashed off Cairns (Nth Qld) on 5 Mar., 1945; his widow Jessie Mary VASEY, O.B.E., became well-known as President of War Widows' Guild of Australia.

VEALE Street	Ashmont	1973	<p>Brigadier William Charles Douglas VEALE, CBE., MC., DCM., ED., the first Commanding Officer of Kapooka Military Camp on its establishment in 1941; which became the Centre of Army Engineering Training in World War II; he served in the Army Engineering Training in World War II; he served in the Army Engineers in World War I being awarded the M.C. and D.C.M. - took up duties as City Engineer, City of Adelaide in the mid 1920's; between the two World Wars he was keenly interested in the Militia, rising to C.O. of the City of Adelaide Regiment (10<sup>th</sup> Battalion). Soon after the outbreak of World War II, he enlisted in the A.I.F and became the C.O. of the 2/3 Aust. Pioneer Battlaion; which unit had its training days at Cowra (NSW) - then service at Darwin until the unit left for the Middle East in 1941 - he then became Chief Engineer, N.T. soon afterwards taking command of 23<sup>rd</sup> Brigade and then becoming C.O. Kapooka Camp in that same year. Following the war, Brig. Veale was appointed to the position of Town Clerk, City of Adelaide carrying out such duties from 1947 to 1965.</p> <p>(Details of Brig. Veale's Military Service and Postings, supplied (in part) to W.R. Ellis (1987) by Mr. Colin C. Knott (Retired City Engineer), who served in the 2/3 Aust. Pioneer Bn., during the time that the Brigadier was the Bn. Comdr. (at Cowra and Darwin), prior to Mr Knott's and the Battalion's embarkation overseas.)</p>
VERBENA Place	Koorinal	1967	<p>VERBENA, the flowering shrub, "Chamaedrifolia", selected by Princess Alexandra for planting by her during her 1967 visit to Canberra (lemon scented variety).</p>

---

VESTHEY Street

Wagga Wagga

1973

Lord William VESTHEY, 1<sup>st</sup> Baron VESTHEY; (1858-1940); with his brother Edmud, founded successful cold storage and freezing establishments in the U.K. and Overseas together with refrigerated shipping for consignment of meat; was created a Baronet in 1913 and a Baron in 1922. The Vestey Group of companies owned large cattle stations in N.T., W.A. and Qld. And still operate cattle properties in N.T. and Qld. The Coy. established and owns the meatworks at Darwin and Rockhampton and is the parent coy. of Riverstone Meat Company, which for many years, owned the land (of which Vestey Street forms part) which was used as stock holding paddock in association with its buying activities at the Municipal Saleyards (when located in Travers Street) and the Railway Trucking Yards North of the Showground. With the relocation of the Saleyards to Bomen, the Riverstone Meat Coy. sold the land to Developers who subdivided portion with residential development resulting (Vestey Street being thus created). The 2<sup>nd</sup> Lord Vestey married a granddaughter of Dame Nellie Melba (famed Australian Soprano) and she became the mother of the 3<sup>rd</sup> Lord Vestey, who was born in 1941. The 2<sup>nd</sup> Baron was killed during World War II and Lady Vestey then returned to Australia with her two infant sons (Samuel George Armstrong Vestey and Mark William Vestey). She took up residence at Coldstream (Vic) where the two small boys received their primary education; returning to the U.K. for secondary and higher education at Eton. The Dowager Lady Vestey continued residing at Coldstream (Vic). In 1980 the third Lord Vestey and his brother Mark, acquired a grazing property, 32 km from Holbrook (NSW) and this being operated on their behalf by a manager.

(Information re Vestey Family supplied (in part) by Mr H.H. Robertson, "St. Elmo", Junee Road, Wagga Wagga; a respected Livestock Buyer for Riverstone Meat Coy based at Wagga Wagga for many years.)

---

VICTORIA Street	Mt Austin	1959	<p>*Pioneer River paddle-steamer of the Wagga Wagga Steam Navigation Company, which arrived at Wagga Wagga in 1870. **"The Wagga Wagga Steam Navigation Company was established more than ten years after the Wagga Wagga Express first suggested the idea in 1858. A number of local business-men met and formed the Company early in 1869.....bought the 'Victoria'.....for 3,000 pounds.....the 'Victoria' was built in Goolwa in 1865, and together with her barge 'Pocahontas' could carry sixty tons. She operated regularly from Wagga Wagga, mainly to Echuca, until 1876."</p> <p>*refer to "Back to Wagga Wagga" Souvenir Booklet 1927 Article 'Wagga Wagga Its Early History' by Robert Emblen.</p> <p>** Extracted from Swan, K "A History of Wagga Wagga" - page 91.</p>
VINCENT Road	Lake Albert	1958	<p>The VINCENT Pioneering Family of the Lake Albert District. Page 95: Swan, K. "A History of Wagga Wagga" ".....in the late 1860's William Macleay developed his Wolonjerie vineyard on the western shore of Lake Albert and Mrs VINCENT established "The Rock Cottage" vineyard about two miles further east".</p>
WAIMEA Place	Lake Albert	1973	<p>A street in Hobart (Tas), birthplace of the subdivider, Gerald Scott. He purchased the rural property on west of Lake Albert named "Dandaloo", which he subsequently subdivided as residential.</p>
WALANA Crescent	Kooringal	1967	<p>Aboriginal word for "Boomerang".</p>
WALL Street	North Wagga Wagga	N/K	<p>Charles WALL original grantee of land in North Wagga Wagga (now fronting Wall Street) where he conducted a Storekeeping business. Served as Alderman of the Council from 16 Jun, 1870 to 8 Feb., 1877 (resigned) and from 3 Feb 1880 to 7 April 1887 (deceased in office). Was Mayor from 10 Feb 1876 to 8 Feb 1877.</p>
WALLIS Place	Lake Albert	1975	<p>WALLIS Lake - a coastal inlet about 19 km in length situated on the Coast of N.S.W. The Town of Forster is to the south of the inlet whilst Tuncurry is to the north thereof. The explorer, Oxley, visited the area in 1818 and named it in honour of James Wallis who was the Commandant of Newcastle in 1815.</p>

WALTEELA Avenue	Mt Austin	1962	Aboriginal word meaning "Peaceful country Homestead".
WARANGA Avenue	Mt Austin	1955	Aboriginal word meaning "Sing". (Part of T.M. Burke Pty Ltd "Cherrywood Estate" subdivision).
WARATAH Street	Kooringal	1964	Botanical derivation. WARATAH; Native Australia of the genus Telopea; one type, bearing bright red flowers on an erect stem, was adopted as the Floral Emblem of the State of N.S.W. Warattah ('Hoar Frost'), Waratau and Waratah ('Shrub') are Aboriginal names. (Refer to Telopea Cres.)
WARRAMBOOL Crescent	Glenfield Park	1986	Aboriginal word meaning "Milky Way" also "Flood water on plynogum flats".
WARRAWONG Street	Kooringal	1974/75	"WARRAWONG", Aboriginal for "Side of a Hill". (Crown Land Subdivision by stages).
WARREN Place	Mt Austin	1977	Dr Charles Frank WARREN, Physician and Surgeon, who was held in high esteem for his work within the community. Served as Alderman on Municipal Council 4 Jun, 1901 to 25 Sept 1902 (resigned) and from 3 Apr 1909 to 20 Jan 1911 (did not re-nominate).
WATT Street (Runs east from Kooringal Road: enclosed road)		1958	James WATT (1736-1819) Scottish Engineer; inventor of the Steam Engine; born Greenock; died at Heathfield, near Birmingham 1819.
WATTLE Street	Forest Hill		Arboreal derivation
WATTLE Street	Kooringal	1960's	From the Australian National Floral Emblem. Name applied by the Crown Lands Department, the subdivider of the land in this instance. There are many species of WATTLE - all belonging to the genus "Acacia" - indigenous to Australia; the golden wattle being the national flower.

WAU Place	Ashmont	1964	<p>WAU, a town in Papua-New Guinea located inland at an altitude of some 1290 metres (4000 ft) on the slopes to the east of the mountain range; important as a base for air transport, resulting from an early air-strip being established to service the gold-mining activities in the area. Originally all equipment and supplies for the town were required to be freighted by air, but roads now connect to other centres and to the coast at Lae. During World War II the area was to scene of heavy and concentrated fighting against the Japanese by Australian and U.S. Forces to halt the enemy advance to the south. The fighting took place under the most difficult conditions - in dense jungles, on rugged terrain with constant rain and swarms of mosquitoes and other insect pests.</p>
WEBB Street	Bomen	1978	<p>William John WEBB who served the Council from 20 Aug, 1956 until his death on 20 Oct 1973 in the capacity as Saleyards Manager, whilst the yards were operated on land to the north side of Travers Street.</p>
WEEDON Crescent	Tolland	1964	<p>Dr. Stephen Hertford WEEDON, Medical Practitioner, who served the Wagga Wagga Community with untiring devotion and skill for many years. A marble based plaque faced for many years. A marble plaque faced with bronze insert is affixed to an interior wall fo the main hallway in the City Council Chambers - such being arranged by a Public Committee which defrayed the cost as a result of a public appeal. It reads:- "Erected by the Citizens of Wagga Wagga, in honour of Doctors W.W. Martin and S.H. Weedon whose devotion to their calling and untiring labours for the welfare of this community, will forever be remembered with gratitude. A.D. 1949."</p> <p>Was one of the original Debenture Holders for the establishment of the Wagga Wagga Country Golf Club in 1928. Dr Weedon conducted his surgery and consulting rooms in the building at the north-east corner of Gurwood and Trail Street; and in the latter years of his career in Wagga Wagga, his home was on the north-east corner of Gurwood and Simmons Streets - which became the site of the Wagga Wagga Commercial Club.</p>
WEEROONA Street	Bourkelands	1987	<p>WEEROONA, one of the Wagga Wagga District's most select pastoral properties; excellent cattle breeding and fattening; top location close to Borambola.</p>

WELLS Street	North Wagga Wagga	1938	Re-named after original subdivider, Ezekiel WELLS, a farmer. (Previously named Albert Street).
WENTWORTH Street	Wagga Wagga	1971	William Charles WENTWORTH (1792-1872), born at Norfolk Island - educated in England between 1803 and 1810, returning to Sydney in the latter year; was a member of the expedition, with Blaxland and Lawson, which in 1813, made the first crossing of the Blue Mountains discovering the boundless western plains and the general area leading to the settlement which became the City of Bathurst. Later studied Law in England being admitted to the Bar in 1822; back in Sydney by 1824, in partnership with a fellow Barrister, established an early newspaper, 'The Australian' which promoted political reform; became a member of the N.S.W. Legislative Council in 1843. He made an impact on the early Colonial Affairs of N.S.W.
WEST Parade	Wagga Wagga	1946	Forms the western boundary to the Duke of Kent recreation ground; named after the Venerable Stanley Johnson WEST (1884-1954) Archdeacon of Wagga Wagga and Rector of St John's Church of England from 1928 to 1953, was a Charter Member of Rotary Club of Wagga Wagga 1929; land on west side fronting West Parade was acquired by the Municipal Council from the Church of England in 1947, the Rev. Archdeacon West representing the church in such negotiations. He was a direct descendant of Major John West, the first surgeon to arrive in Australia in 1815. (Buried in Anglican Portion of Wagga Wagga Monumental Cemetery)
WEWAK Street	Ashmont	1961	WEWAK, a town on the North Coast of the western area of Papua-New Guinea situated about 112 km (70 miles) west of the mouth of the Sepik River; it has grown as an administrative centre for the region in which it is located. WEWAK featured prominently in bitter fighting against the Japanese in World War II by Australian and U.S. Armed Forces.

WHITE Avenue	Kooringal	1963	<p>Frederick Charles WHITE (1909-1967) Alderman of the City Council; first elected to Council on 21 Mar. 1953; Served as Deputy Mayor 1960-1966 a total of seven years; Died in Office 11 Sept. 1967 aged 58; had a life-long association with the Timber Industry; was Proprietor of the Riverina Sawmilling Company; took a keen interest in the affairs of the Wagga Wagga Show Society and was President of the Show Society's Night Trotting Association for some years.</p> <p>Buried Anglican Portion of Wagga Wagga Monumental Cemetery.</p>
WHITTLE Street	North Wagga Wagga	1958	<p>Sir Frank WHITTLE - date of birth 1 June, 1907 at Coventry (England) - foremost among the pioneers of the discovery and development of jet propulsion and jet engines in aircraft. He served for a time in the R.A.F.; his first patent for an aircraft jet engine was lodged in 130. After much specialised experimentation, his jet engine was developed and the first flight using his engine being made in May 1941. He was awarded a Knighthood in 1948.</p>
WILGA Street	Kooringal	1966	<p>Aboriginal word for "Willow Tree" (<i>Geijera parviflora</i>) - also meaning "Hot".</p>
WILGOMA Street	Bourkelands	1989	<p>WILGOMA, the name of a choice farming property located in the Eurongilly District (to the north-east of Wagga Wagga).</p>
WILKS Avenue	Kooringal	1967	<p>John William WILKS, M.B.E., (1894-1966) original Secretary of Wagga Wagga Flood Warning Association formed in 1932; held the position of Flood Warning Officer for over 30 years, until just prior to his death; Was a licensed Auctioneer, spent lifetime associated with Livestock Industry; in later years was Manager of Stock and Station Agency of Younghusband Limited (Wagga Wagga Branch conducted in Gurwood Street); For his Community Service was awarded the M.B.E. in 1965. (See also Wilks Park).</p>
WILLIAM Street	North Wagga Wagga	N/K	<p>Named by Surveyor G.W. Commins after his son William.</p>
WILLOW Street	Kooringal	1966	<p>Arboreal derivation - from the Weeping WILLOW Tree (<i>Salix Babylonica</i>) of the family Salicaceae.</p>

WILLS Place	Lake Albert	1978	William John WILLS (1834-1861), who, with Robert O'Hara Burke crossed Australia from South to North; their expedition left Melbourne in August 1860 (financed by the Royal Society of Victoria); On their return journey Burke and Wills perished at the Base Camp.
WILSON Street	Kooringal	1960	The Late Mary Elizabeth WILSON - name submitted with subdivisional application lodged on behalf of the Estate by G.J. Fitzpatrick and Co.
WINJA (Winya) Lane	Wagga Wagga	N/K	"Winja" was the name of an Aborigine.
WIRADJURI Crescent	Wagga Wagga	1980	The WIRADJURI Tribe of Aborigines, which was the largest Tribe in New South Wales area, with a range covering the whole of the now Riverina area and even beyond the Murray River. (See also WIRADJURI Reserve)
WOLLUNDRY Avenue	Wagga Wagga	N/K	Aboriginal word of the Wiradjuri Tribe dialect meaning "Place of Stones"; The avenue parallels WOLLUNDRY Lagoon from which it is named; the name Wollundry was apparently suggested by an outcrop of rock where the Lagoon connected with the Murrumbidgee River. (Refer to Wollundry Lagoon - see Miscellaneous Features Section)
WOLSTENHOLME Drive (awaiting dedication and construction by the subdivider)	Kooringal	1973	Frank R. WOLSTENHOLME, the Subdivider of extensive areas in the vicinity of this street.
WOMBOY Lane	Wagga Wagga	N/K	Aboriginal word meaning "Grey Kangaroo".
WONDERLAND Lane	Wagga Wagga	1972	Lane so named due to the location of the old "WONDERLAND Theatre" and Coconut Grove therein, which both operated for very many years; use of the same having discontinued about 1969/70. The Council following representations from occupants of buildings in the laneway, applied the name officially in 1972.
WOODEN Street	Turvey Park	1923	James Henry WOODEN (1884-1951); Farmer and Grazier; who subdivided the area in which this street is located. Approved by Kyeamba Shire Council. Part of his Grandview Estate Subdivision submitted for auction 28 Jul, 1923.

WREN Street	Mt Austin	1977	Ornithological derivation. WREN, the name given to many small birds; insectivorous, they frequent the ground, hopping about in bushes with tail cocked up. Various types of wrens are native to parts of Australia.
WRIGHT Street	North Wagga Wagga	1958	The WRIGHT Brothers - American Pioneers in early Aviation and Inventors. Orville WRIGHT (1871-1948) and his brother Wilbur (1867-1912), were the first men to fly in a power driven machine which was heavier than air. They carried out experiments with gliders near Kitty Hawk N.C., in 1901-02; went on to design and build (aided by their mechanic) a powered "flying machine". They made the first powered flights in history, when, on 17 Dec., 1903, they made four flights on the one day near Kitty Hawk, N.C. Orville made the first such flight covering 36.88 metres (120 ft) in 12 seconds. The final and fourth flight on that day, with Wilbur as pilot (the longest of the four) flew 259.7 metres (852 ft) in 59 seconds.
WYNYARD Crescent	Cartwrights Hill	1974	From the County of WYNYARD - which embraces land in the city area SOUTH of the Murrumbidgee River.
YABTREE Street	Wagga Wagga	1925	So named by the subdivider, after YABTREE Station, a renowned grazing property on the Murrumbidgee River about half way between Wagga Wagga and Gundagai - opposite Wantabadgery; downstream of Tenandra Bridge. It was originally taken up by two brothers, John and James Hillas; soon after Captain Charles Sturt's exploration expedition down the Murrumbidgee River in Dec. 1829 (probably about 1832). It was acquired by Richard Frederick Horsley in 1859 (he having migrated to Australia from Henley-on-Thames, (England). The station was then of 20,235 ha (50,000 acres). It was ultimately subdivided into 3 portions for 3 family members. Yabtree is now owned by Frederick Lachlan Horsley and has an area of 1821 ha (4,500 acres). Another section is owned by William Wallace Horsley and named "Yarri" and the 3 <sup>rd</sup> section owned by another branch of the Horsley Family. The late wife of Mr William Wallace Horsely was a daughter of J. C. Williamson (of stage and theatrical fame). (Information re Horsley family - per courtesy of Mr W.W. Horsley). (Refer to Henley Lane)
YANDRA Lane	Wagga Wagga	N/K	Aboriginal word meaning "Bluestone".

YARRAH Street	Koorinal	1966	Aboriginal word for "River Red Gum" Tree.
YARRAN Place	Tatton	1989	Aboreal derivation. YARRAN an Acacia Homoliphylla, a small to medium sized tree.
YATHONG Street	Wagga Wagga	1925	YATHONG Station - Aboriginal meaning "sandhill" - in the Jerilderie Shire, approx 19 km from the town of Jerilderie on the Urana Road. Two land parishes within the Shire known as Parish of North Yathong and Parish of South Yathong. The original YATHONG Station was taken up as a cattle run by E. Woodhouse on 18 Feb. 1850; it was then transferred to John Kennedy on the same date. In 1853 Angus McMillan took over the license and held it for some time until the early 1860's. The run was next divided into North and South sections, the holders being Patrick Brennan, North Yathong and J.P. Bear and McMahan, South Yathong. The areas of this subdivision comprised 5245 ha (12,960 acres) North Yathong 12950 ha (32000acres) for South Yathong. The Station, being on the Urana Road, was the scene of some exciting incidents in the old coaching days. In 1860's, two bushrangers, stuck up the homestead, and shot one of the hands, after an arguemnt about a woman, who had been insulted by the marauders. They were caught later by Sgt. Holland and John Powell, the latter assisting as a special constable. They each received 14 years servitude. North YATHONG Station today is variously known as YATHONG or North YATHONG - South Yathong Station today is variously known as mostly farmlands. (Information re the station supplied (1987) by Mr Ian C. Gilbert, Jerilderie Shire Clerk (retired)).
YENTOO Drive	Glenfield Park	1979	Aboriginal word meaning "Individual" or "You".
YOUNG Street	Wagga Wagga	1920's	Robert William YOUNG, the original grantee of land now traversed by Young Street.

---

ZIEGLER Avenue	Koorinal	1966	Joseph Francis ZIEGLER, M.B., B.S.(Melb) F.R.C.S., F.R.A.C.S., born Melbourne 15 November, 1907; noted Surgeon; served in R.A.A.F. 1941-1946, for part of that time at No. 5 RAAF Hospital, which later became the Wagga Wagga Teachers' College; practised continuously in Wagga Wagga from 1947 for many years until he went to Sydney to work; by his outstanding surgical skill, kindness, understanding and service proved a most worthy citizen; Member of wagga Rotary Club, President of Wagga Wagga Country Club 1958-1960; President of Southern Districts Medical Association 1958- 1959.
----------------	----------	------	--

AMALGAMATION OF THE CITY OF WAGGA WAGGA  
WITH THE SHIRE OF KYEAMBA AND THE SHIRE OF MITCHELL

Under the provisions of the Local Government Areas Amalgamation Act 1980 (as amended) the New South Wales Government forced the Amalgamation of the two surrounding Shires with the City on and as from 1 January, 1981.

It was provided that the amalgamated area would be known as THE CITY OF WAGGA WAGGA and thus the two Shires ceased to exist.

As from 1 January, 1981, the City was expanded by the amalgamation to contain 488,600 hectares.

Resulting from the amalgamation of the Shire Areas, the enlarged City Area embraces a number of villages and small towns. However, no records were evidently kept by the two former Shire Councils regarding the derivation of names of streets and etc., and it is therefore not possible in the majority of cases to give such information. The street names of such Villages, Towns etc have been incorporated into the Street Names Register. These therefore are listed and detailed herein by Village/Town and Street Name in individual alphabetical order:

COLLINGULLIE

formerly within the Shire of Mitchell

Bristol street  
Kennedy Street  
Leitch Street  
Linton Street  
MacDonnell Street  
Urana Street (Sturt Highway)

CURRAWARNA

formerly within the Shire of Mitchell

Bull Street	Robert Emblen in the "Back to Wagga" Official Souvenir
Cleek Street	Booklet (1927) in an article headed "The Aborigines -
Frome Street	in giving the meaning of number of Aboriginal words of
Hawk Street	the Wiradjuri People - said.
Millie Street	
Rifle Street	"Currawarna" - "a pine tree"
River Street	
Thomas Street	
Victor Street	

FOREST HILL

formerly within the Shire of Kyeamba

A large section of the land at Forest Hill was purchased by the Kyeamba Shire Council and subdivided successively in sections for residential purposes as the need warranted, with allotments sold by the Shire to home developers. This policy of subdivision was continued by the Wagga Wagga City Council, since the amalgamation of the two areas from 1 January, 1981, as the undeveloped Shire land was automatically transferred to the City Council following the amalgamation.

GALORE

formerly within the Shire of Mitchell

Bourke Street  
Galore Street  
Gillenbah Street (Sturt Highway)  
Mimosa Street  
Osborne Street

GUMLY GUMLY

formerly within the Shire of Kyeamba

Argus Street  
Centre Avenue  
Graham Avenue  
Gumly Road  
Kilpatrick Street  
Pioneer Avenue

Robert Emblen in the "Back to Wagga" Official Souvenir Booklet (1927) in an article headed 'The Aboriginals' - In giving the meaning of a number of Aboriginal words of the Wiradjuri People - said "Gumly Gumly (Goolillagumby) - 'a man with a boomerangs'

HUMULA

formerly within Shire of Kyeamba

Adams Street  
Clark Street  
Creek Street  
Douglas Street  
Mate Street  
School Street  
Short Street  
South Street  
Tarcutta Street  
Tumbarumba Street  
Walker Street

LADYSMITH

formerly within Shire of Kyeamba

Abbots Lane  
Borambola Street  
Comatwa Street  
Conjura Street  
Coreinbob Street  
Cunningdroo Street  
Gregadoo Street  
Keajura Street  
Kyeamba Street (Tumbarumba Road)  
Tarcutta Street  
Tywong Street

MANGOPLAH

formerly within the Shire of Kyeamba

Baylis Street

Bourke Street  
Cox Street  
Darlow Street  
Jerra Street  
Kane Street  
Kyeamba Street  
Nixon Street  
Tywong Street  
Yerrong Street

OURA

formerly within the Shire of Mitchell

Adams Street  
Alfred Street  
Barney Street (part of Main Road Wagga Wagga - Gundagai)  
Cummins Street  
Davidson Street  
Flood Street  
Jarvis Street  
MacIntyre Street  
Mitchell Street  
Oura Street  
Rand Street  
Short Street  
Wagga Wagga Street  
West Street

Robert Emblen in the "Back to Wagga" Official Souvenir Booklet (1927) in an article headed "The Aboriginals - in giving the meaning of a number of Aboriginal words of the Wiradjuri People - says "Oura" (Oora) - "White Cockatoo"

SAN ISIDORE

formerly within Shire of Mitchell

Benedict Avenue  
Cummins Drive  
Eugene Avenue

San Isidore - (Refer Roach Road)  
Extract from "Bylines" Column of the Daily Advertiser issue of 8 October, 1988 - "Mr Pat Toohey, one of the original settlers of the area, says San Isidore was definitely named after Saint Isidore, the Spanish Patron Saint of Farmers... San Isidore is part of the property which use to be known as Moorong and was owned by the late John L Roach. The San Isidore land, together with all the subdivided blocks between the settlement and the main road was purchased by the late Bishop Henschke from Mr Roach. Moorong covered some 4,000 acres which included Kapooka Army Camp, San Isidore and right through to the river where a sand and gravel company is presently operating. Pat's Dad, the late John T Toohey, was overseer of the property for over 30 years."

Henschke Avenue

(Obviously after the Most. Reverend Francis Augustin HENSCHKE, D.D., 2<sup>nd</sup> Roman Catholic Bishop of Wagga Wagga (1892-1968). (Refer also to Henschke Avenue, Wagga Wagga)

Michael Avenue  
Norman Duck Drive

(Obviously after the Reverend Father Norman Duck of the Wagga Wagga Diocese).

### TARCUTTA

formerly within State of Kyeamba

Archer Street  
Argent Street  
Bardwell Street  
Bent Street  
Centenary Avenue  
College Street  
Cynthia Street  
Gresham Street  
Hay Street  
King Street  
Mate Street  
Myrtle Street  
Prospect Street  
Spring Street  
Short Street  
Sydney Street (Hume Highway)  
Toonga Street  
Westbrook Road  
Young Street

### URANQUINTY

formerly within Shire of Mitchell

Baker Street  
Ben Street  
Best Street  
Bridge Street  
Connorton Street  
Dean Street  
East Street  
Guttler Street

Robert Emblen in the "Back to Wagga" Official Souvenir Booklet (1927) in an article headed 'The Aborigines' - in giving the meaning of a number of Aboriginal words of the Wiradjuri People - said "Uranquinty (yurong quinty) is 'plenty rain'."

Key Street  
King Street  
Morgan Street (Olympic Way)  
O'Connor Street  
Pearson Street  
Read Street  
Rosevale Road  
Ryan Street  
Spaull Street  
Taber Street  
Uranquinty Street  
Yarragundry Street

(Obviously named in honour of former Councillor H.W. Guttler, member of the Mitchell Shire Council 1954-1978, who served as Shire President in 1960-61)

(evidently the early spelling and is as shown on old maps)



FEATURE	LOCATION (SUBURBAN AREA)	YEAR NAMED (where known)	DERIVATION, MEANING, SIGNIFICANCE IN HONOUR/RECOGNITION OF OR TRIBUTE TO
<p><b><u>SUBURBAN AREAS</u></b>  * Denotes that a metes and bounds description of the suburban area concerned is contained in a Resolution of the WWCC (Minute No. 58/2609) dated 27 November, 1958.</p>			
<b>ASHMONT</b>	*	1958	"ASHMONT", the name of the original Salmon Family Homestead on Salmon's Hill - South side of Urana Road (Now Ashmont Avenue). The old Homestead was purchased in 1965 by the Sisters of Compassion, as the permanent site of the "Loreto Home of Compassion" for the care of indigent, elderly and sick patients.
<b>BOMEN</b>	*(original name perpetuated)	1958	"Bowmin" an Aboriginal word of the Wiradjuri Language meaning "Deep"; apparently taking its name from the deep lagoon on the northern side of the Murrumbidgee River; now a north-eastern suburban area, which, for a time (from 1878) was the southern terminus of the Railway from Sydney prior to the construction of the Railway bridge and viaduct across the Murrumbidgee River in 1879. At that time Bomen had 4 hotels, other buildings and extensive railway buildings. BOMEN is the site of the Livestock Selling Centre and other industries; is the only suburban area served by a separate railway station; the lagoon referred to is shown on old maps as "Bowmin" Lagoon and has apparently been corrupted to the present spelling.
<b>BOOROOMA</b>  Naming approved and assigned by the Geographical Names Board of N.S.W. Vide notification in the N.S.W. Government Gazette dated 10 <sup>th</sup> June, 1988		1986	"Boorooma", the name of the street being the main entrance roadway to the suburban areas of Boorooma and Estella. An Aboriginal word meaning "home of the swan" also "lake". When the name was applied to the street is not recorded, but it was done many years ago. The name is all the more pertinent now having regard to the Council's proposal to ultimately develop a recreational lake in the flood plain to the south of the suburban area. (Refer to Boorooma Street).

<p><b>BOURKELANDS</b></p> <p>Naming approved and assigned by the Geographical Names Board of N.S.W. Vide notification in the NSW Government Gazettes dated 10 June, 1988 and 12 August, 1988.</p>	<p>1986</p>	<p>"BOURKELANDS" was the name of the rural property bounded on the West by Bourke Street Extension, and on the north by Red Hill Road when in the ownership of Noel Wynyard Hedditch and on which, his son, Bruce Noel Hedditch for some years conducted a horse stud in the 1970's. The property changed ownership following its rezoning to Residential. It was shortly after subdivided by degrees into town allotments for housing. The name was obviously applied to the rural lands due to the proximity of the property to the southern extremity of Bourke Street. (Refer also to Bourke Street).</p>	
<p><b>CARTWRIG HTS HILL</b></p>	<p>*</p>	<p>1958</p>	<p>Name taken from an original purchaser of Crown Land; the area on the northern side of the City was one of the first private subdivisions; it still retains its rural small farmlet atmosphere.</p>
<p><b>ESTELLA</b></p> <p>Naming approved and assigned by the Geographical Names Board of N.S.W. Government Gazette dated 20 June, 1980</p>	<p>1980</p>	<p>Brief biographical detail submitted on Council's application for approval of the name by the Geographical Names Board of N.S.W. - 6 Dec. 1979: "ESTELLA" the original rural homestead and holding (still in existence on site) Part of Old Crown Land Grant area for closer settlement."</p>	
<p>Information verbally supplied by Mr John Alexander Dinnell to the Town Clerk in 1983. "ESTELLA" means 'Star' ; the Homestead was ubilt in 1840 and the ownership of same passed to the daughter of Booth as a wedding present, her father being the owner of Gobbagumbalin Station, a very large pastoral run of which such land was part; she married HOLLOWAY. Gobbagumbalin Station was resumed by the N.S.W. State overnment under the Closer Settlement Act, 1907; following which all Share Farmers working on Gobbagumbalin and neighbouring Dhulura Station were given 1<sup>st</sup> preference of purchasing blocks." John Alexander Dinnell purchased his land of 155.5 ha (385 acres) (on which stood the Estella Homestead and other buildings) in 1921; in 1978 the City Council purchased the area from him, together with a farm of 51.63 ha to the North from James H. Dinnell, his brother, to be held for residential subdivision. It was agreed in the contract that the Estella Homestead and an area surrounding the same would remain the freehold property of the vendor, and that the property name would be preserved as a suburban name.</p> <p>Extract - "A History of Wagga Wagga", by keith Swan (page 101/102)</p> <p>"Abraham Booth, who purchased Gobbagumbalin Station in the early 1860's had arrived from Melbourne from Derbyshire in December 1840. For most of the 1840's he was butchering in Elizabeth Street, Melbourne, and during the 1850's developed strong pastoral interests on the northern plains of Victoria between Bendigo and Swan Hill. So when he and his father-in-law, John Holloway, purchased Gobbagumbalin and Tooyal Stations they came with both capital and experience; and both participated in Wagga Wagga's developing urban society, though Abraham Booth also maintained a home at Preston, Victoria." (Refer also to Holloway Street)</p>			

<p><b>GLENFIELD PARK</b></p>		<p>1988</p>	<p>The name of the area gradually became known as "Glenfield" resulting from the existence of the primary access Glenfield Road. "GLENFIELD" was the name of a farming property on the western side of Glenfield Road, which property was owned by the Lloyd Family, being originally an area of 96 ha (237 acres) which area was a grant to Margaret Lloyd (wife of Theophilus George Lloyd on 1 Dec. 1880)</p> <p>(Refer to Glenfield Road and Lloyd Road - also to an article by M. Sylvia Walsh (nee Lloyd) "The Maher and Lloyd Families" - published in Wagga Wagga &amp; District Historical Society Journal No. 2 - 1969 - pages 47-53)</p> <p>Naming as 'Glenfield Park' approved and assigned by the Geographical Names Board of N.S.W. vide notification in the NSW Government Gazette 10 June, 1988.</p>
<p><b>KOORINGAL</b></p>	<p>*</p>		<p>Name taken from the KOORINGAL property and Homestead, which was at one time, the centre of a large pastoral holding; used in the 1960's for dairying and grazing. The property was originally taken up in about 1860. It came into ownership of Mr D.C.F. Brown in 1946. On 21 June, 1968, the then owner, Mr D.C.F. Brown advised that he understood the name to mean "Side of a Hill" in Aboriginal language. It has been said that it could also be an Aboriginal word meaning "Home near the Water", but the latter cannot be reliably traced. In the 1960's as the residential development expanded, locals in what is now "Kooringal", sought a name being applied to the area and made representations to the Postal Authorities to name the Post Office being established as DARRUNG. The Postal Dept.complied and this name was used for a few years until the City Council, under its planning scheme, defined the area and successfully made application for the suburban area to be officially named "KOORINGAL". The name Darrung then disappeared. (Refer also Kooringal Road)</p>

<p><b>LAKE ALBERT</b></p>	<p>*</p>	<p>N/K</p>	<p>Originally known as "Swampy Plain" An old settled area, and village. LAKE ALBERT Village is picturesquely situated on the Shores of the Lake. The Department of Lands some years ago advised - "Various plans and maps have been examined, and up to 1869 at least, the name "LAKE ALBERT" does not appear on any; Surveys carried out in the area in 1859 and 1861 call the lake "Swampy Plain", and this is the name used when a Water Reserve was gazetted on 16 April 1869; the plan of the survey of 1861 has had the name "LAKE ALBERT" added to the designation "Swampy Plain", but it is quite impossible to date the addition, as the plan had been used for charting purposes until quite a recent date; by 1890, however, it would appear that the name LAKE ALBERT was established, as a Village of that name was proclaimed on 4 January, 1890; the Village adjoins the Lake on the East; no record of the reason why this name was given to the Lake exists, but it could very well have been named after Prince ALBERT (1819-1861) the Consort of Queen Victoria." (Refer to Lake Albert Road)</p>
---------------------------	----------	------------	--

<p><b>LLOYD</b></p>		<p>1988</p>	<p>The suburban name "LLOYD" applied to honour the LLOYD Family, members of which held land in the area. The original grants was the Theophilus George LLOYD (born at Flint (Wales) in 1837), who with his Irish wife, Margaret, settled on land being Portion 170 (the grant being dated 5<sup>th</sup> Nov. 1860) in area 40 acres on the east side of Glenfield Road. Margaret LLOYD was granted Portion 177 (to the west of Glenfield Road) on 10<sup>th</sup> Jan. 1881 (an area of 96 ha (237 acres)). Theophilus and Margaret Lloyd had a house on the eastern side of Glenfield Road. They had a family of seven children. Their son, Telacon LLOYD (born 28 Mar, 1868 at his parents' farmhouse) became a Master Butcher in Wagga Wagga and took up stock dealing and raising of sheep and cattle. In about 1899 he went into partnership with Anthony Brunskill ("Allonby", Forest Hill) for stock and property dealing and gradually became the owner of a number of pastoral properties.</p> <p>Further information refer to Lloyd Road and Glenfield Road - also to an article by M. Sylvia Walsh (nee Lloyd) "The Maher and Lloyd Families" published in Wagga Wagga and District Historical Society Journal No. 2 - 1969 - pages 47-53). Naming as LLOYD approved and assigned by the Geographical Names Board of N.S.W. vide Notification in the NSW Government Gazette dated 10 June, 1988.</p>
---------------------	--	-------------	--

<b>MOUNT AUSTIN</b>	*	1958	After MOUNT AUSTIN Homestead. The suburb is situated South of Turvey Park and owes its initial development to the Housing Commission of N.S.W., which acquired a large area of land and erected many homes there in 1951-1954; MOUNT AUSTIN Homestead took its name from Michael AUSTIN Donnelly, (son of Michael Donnelly); born at Borambola in 1881; his mother was left a widow and in his late teens he took over the property on the West side of Willans Hill and named it "MOUNT AUSTIN"; he was the father of Joan Donnelly, Florist in Wagga Wagga for many years; and married Ida Wilkinson, daughter of Thomas Henry Wilkinson, Stipendary Magistrate and President of the Wagga Wagga Golf Club in 1910. (Information by Miss Joan Donnelly, February 1969) (Refer to Mt Austin, Bolger Avenue, Donnelly Avenue)
<b>NORTH WAGGA WAGGA</b>	* (Original name perpetuated)	1958	Was the subject (in part) of an initial survey plan by Surveyor Thomas S. Townshend in 1848/49 and the ultimate settlement became so named as it was North of the Murrumbidgee River from Wagga Wagga on the south thereof. (Refer also to Mitchell Road and Townshend Place.)
<b>TATTON</b>	*	1958	"TATTON" was the name of an agricultural holding in the Lake Albert area.
<b>TOLLAND</b>	*	1958	"TOLLAND" was the name of an agricultural property which was part of today's suburban area. It was also the site of an old coaching Inn/Hotel on the east of the Mangoplah Road (now Bourke Street).
<b>TURVEY PARK</b>	*	1958	Residential suburb situated between south elevation of Coleman Street and Mount Austin; named after the old home of Thomas TURVEY (1800-1889); born in Essex, England, came to New South Wales when about 39 years of age. The old Turvey Family vault was situated in the centre of what is now Mitchelmore Street, and was removed by the City Council to the Anglican Cemetery in 1941. (Refer to Historical Markers Section).

<p><b>WAGGA WAGGA</b></p>	<p>*</p>	<p>Taken from Robert Holt Best's Wagga Wagga Run so named by him in 1832</p>	<p>The name derived from the language of the Wiradjuri Tribe which was the biggest Aboriginal Tribe in New South Wales, embracing the Riverina Area; "Wagga", "Wahga" or "Wahgum", in Aboriginal dialect means "Crow" - the repetition of a word was the method of expressing the plural or emphasis, thus "WAGGA WAGGA" means "crows" or "the place where crows assemble in large numbers". (Refer to Best Street).</p>
-------------------------------	----------	--	--

PARKS, GARDENS AND RESERVES WHICH BEAR OFFICIAL NAMES

<p>ANDERSON PARK On south-east corner of intersection of Fernleigh and Glenfield Roads. Formal approval to the naming from the Geographical Names Board of N.S.W., dated 19 Feb, 1988 and published in NSW, Govt. Gazette</p>	<p>1987</p>	<p>George Power ANDERSON ("Geordie") (1885-1958), Born Windsor (Vic); played with Collingwood Aust. Rules Football Club 1910-18; in 1914 was chosen to be included in the Aust. Rules Football Team to tour the U.S.A. but the outbreak of World War I shortly after prevented the tour proceeding. Came to Wagga Wagga district in 1919 and conducted a mixed business at Uranquinty; in 1920 took up the License of 'The Shanty' Hotel at Alfredtown transferring in 1922 to the 'Junction Hotel' (which was located on the Urana Road (now Ashmont Avenue) shortly east of the junction of Trunk Road to Albury). In about 1931/32 took over the license of the 'Riverina Hotel' and held the same until 1939 then taking over the General Store in Edward Street opposite the Main Gates to the Wagga Wagga Base Hospital; spent the final years of his life in retirement in Wagga Wagga where he died. In his early years in Wagga Wagga he played with the Federals Aust. Rules Football Team; was Captain of the Riverina Cricket Team which played competitions on Wednesday afternoons (half holiday for those years); was an athlete and footrunner of some distinction and an all-round sportsman of note, and a respected citizen. He was Secretary of the South Wagga Wagga Branch of the A.L.P. for a time and acted as Campaign Director for the Member for Wagga Wagga, and State Minister for Agriculture, The Hon. E.H. Graham M.L.A. (The above information re George Power Anderson, supplied (1987) by his daughter Mrs J.G. Wallace (Jean), to W.R. Ellis) On 1 Oct, 1988, an Official Ceremony was held at Anderson Park - attended by the Mayor, Alderman R.F. Harris, representatives of the City Council and other Citizens, together with about 100 members of the Anderson Family (gathered in Wagga Wagga for a family re-union) when the name sign and a brozne commemorative plaque (at N.W. corner of the Park) were unveiled: The Bronze plaque referred to has the following wording thereon:- "George Power ("Geordie") Anderson played Australian Rules Football with Collingwood between 1910 and 1918. A member of the 1917 Premiership Team. During 1914 he was selected to go to America as a member of two exhibition teams, but the trip was cancelled due to the outbreak of the 1914-1918 War. Whilst representing Victoria in Brisbane he set a</p>
---	-------------	---

		Queensland record for the place kick of 72 yards 6 inches. Upon taking up residence in Wagga Wagga in 1919 he played for the Federals and formed the Riverina Cricket Club. He was also a well known athlete, who at a meeting in Chiltern in Victoria, won every event he entered."
APEX PARK Lake Albert Comprises Reserve No. 80693 and Public Recreation Reserve No. 31222 between the Public Hall grounds and Lake Albert.	1965	So named to commemorate the efforts of the APEX Club of South Wagga Wagga in cleaning-up, effecting improvements to and generally making the area attractive.
BELLING PARK Bounded by Docker, Bolton and Shaw Streets. Parkland area 0.7 ha excluding area taken up by buildings. Naming approved and assigned by Geographical Names Board of N.S.W. vide Notification in N.S.W. Govt. Gazette dated 7 Nov. 1986	1986	<p>George Frederick BELLING (1921-1976) Born Lockhart. Came to Wagga Wagga with parents when an infant; attended Gurwood Street Public School; Plasterer by trade; served in A.I.F. in World War II; a member of the Wagga Wagga Rescue Squad for 18 years and Secretary thereof for 16 years. In 1969 he became inaugural Secretary of the N.S.W. Volunteer Rescue Association. At that time there were only 4 squads in the V.R.A. and this increased to 72 and his son; Dennis John BELLING (1945-1985) Born Wagga Wagga on 20 June, 1945; attended Gurwood Street Public School and Wagga Wagga High School; Electrical Fitter and Turner; was employed at Waga Municipal Abattoir for 20 years until the City Council closed the works on 31 Oct. 1981; then went to Laminex Customwood Plant at Bomen first as a Machinist and later as a Foreman. Died on 6 Aug, 1985 of severe burns received from an explosion at the plant. A keen bush-walker, played Australian Rules Football as a youth and took a keen interest in the Scouting Movement. A bronze plaque affixed to a heavy timber seat bench at the eastern side of the park off Docker Street at corner of Bolton Street reads:-</p> <p>"BELLING PARK - Officially opened by Mr N. Kilrose-Smith, Group Managing Director A.C.I. Timber Products on Saturday, 11<sup>th</sup> October, 1986. This Park was developed with support from Laminex Industries, Wagga Wagga Rescue Club, 2<sup>nd</sup> Wagga Wagga Scout Group, Wagga Wagga City Council, and is dedicated to the memory of George and Dennis BELLING. R.F. Harris, Mayor, B.L. Andrews, Town Clerk, K.J. Geale, Controller of Parks."</p> <p>(Personal details supplied (1987) by Mrs L.K. Belling wife of George Frederick Belling and Mother of Dennis John Belling to W.R. Ellis.)</p>

<p>BEST RESERVE Ashmont 9.895 ha. Named 5/9/1974 Res. 74/1293 being North of Ashmont Avenue and East of Veale Street (Refer to Best Street)</p>	<p>1974</p>	<p>The BEST FAMILY, First Settlers to the south of the Murrumbidgee River, who took up its "Wagga Wagga Run" in 1832. The Family's graveyard exists a short distance northwards from this reserve in which several members of the family are buried.</p>
<p>BOLTON PARK Wagga Wagga Bounded by Morgan, Fitzhardinge, Edward and Tarcutta Streets; consists of an area of 16.91 ha (42 acres)</p>	<p>1887</p>	<p>Reserved and Dedicated for Public Recreation on 18 Apr, 1880; named in honour of District Surveyor Constantine Francis BOLTON (1840-1923); Alderman of the Municipal Council from 11 February, 1901 to 2 February, 1904. (See also BOLTON Street for further detail on C.F. Bolton)</p>
<p>BOSLEY MEMORIAL PLAYGROUND Childrens' Playground on Foreshores of Lake Albert (West Side) - being part of Public Recreation Reserve No. R342295, in vicinity of Wagga Wagga Boat Club</p>	<p>1974</p>	<p>The Late Barry BOSLEY, who came to Wagga Wagga as a member of Aust. Regular Army in early 1971 immediately following Active Service in Vietnam; Publicity Officer to Wagga Wagga Boat Club; Chairman of the Club's House Committee; actively fostered young members into the Club; Died aged 34 years, leaving widow and 1 child, his second child born posthumously; Name applied at request of the Wagga Wagga Boat Club - such being approved and assigned by the Geographical Names Board of N.S.W., vide Notification in the N.S.W. Government Gazette dated 16 June, 1976. A bronze plaque erected at the playground reads:- "Bosley Memorial Playground - This plaque unveiled by the Deputy Mayor, Alderman W.H. Fife - Dedicated to the memory of the late Barry Bosley, 23 October, 1976. G.H. Jarick Commodore, Wagga Wagga Boat Club, Alderman B.V. Allen, Mayor, City of Wagga Wagga".</p>
<p>BOTANIC GARDENS On western slopes of Willans Hill Reserve Area 19.337 ha, (approx. 50 acres)</p>	<p>1962</p>	<p>Takes its name because it was conceived and developed to contain a large arboreal botanical collection of a wide variety. The Fauna Park was established there in 1959 having been transferred from Collins Park. Construction of the gardens commenced in Apr. 1962 and were officially opened on 24 Aug. 1968. A bronze plaque erected on a granite wall at entrance to the Botanic Gardens, reads: "City of Wagga Wagga, Unveiled by Mr T.R.N. Lothian, OBE, NDH(NZ), FAIPR, President Australian Institute of Parks and Recreation, to mark the Official Opening of the BOTANIC GARDENS, 24<sup>th</sup> August, 1968. R.J. Harris, Mayor, W.R. Ellis, Town Clerk."</p>
<p>CABARITA PARK Wagga Wagga Being Reserve No. 50638;</p>	<p>Early 1950's</p>	<p>Aboriginal derivation meaning "Beautiful Place by a river" or could be a "Treed area near river". A public competition was conducted by the City Council in</p>

<p>83074 - area 11.028 ha. Contains the Tourist Caravan Park, Tourist Information Centre, Wagga Wagga Bathing Beach, Car Parking Area</p>		<p>about 1950-1951 to find a suitable name for the reserve of which the Council is Trustee. CABARITA was selected from the entries received - the winning entry having been submitted by Paul Sherwood, a Junior Legatee at the time, who lived in Wooden Street and was the son of the Late W.H. Sherwood, who conducted a business of Canvas Blind Manufacturer in Baylis Street.</p>
<p>CHAMBERS PARK  Named by Resolution of the Council dated 22 May, 1989. (Approval and gazettal of such name by the Geographical Names Boards, pending) Parkland previously commonly referred to as Bruce Street Oval next to the Tolland/Glenfield Neighbourhood Centre - Tolland</p>	<p>1989</p>	<p>Mabel Maud CHAMBERS, (1890-1972) the first woman to be elected to Local Government in Wagga Wagga and a pioneer among Local Government women. Elected as an Alderman of the Municipal Council of Wagga Wagga on 2 Dec, 1944, she served thereon until 23 Oct. 1946, (a period of one year and ten months) this being date of her NSW resignation. She conducted Cafes and a Boarding House at various times. During World War II she was the Chairperson for the local Anti TB Campaign and for some years was Matron at 2WG Old Peoples' Homes ('The Haven') at Bourke Street. Her husband Maurice Chambers was Foreman at the Daily Advertiser and retired therefrom after 48 years service; She was active in the Wagga Wagga Branch of the Australian Labor Party and at one time was a Campaign Director for Edgar Graham, the Member for Wagga Wagga who became the Minister for Agriculture. She died at Wagga Wagga in April 1972 - buried at Wagga Wagga Lawn Cemetery. (Refer to Chambers Place)</p>
<p>CIVIC CENTRE GARDENS Bounded by Baylis, Morrow, Tarcutta and Fitzmaurice Streets, also Rural Place, and enclose a portion of Wollundry Lagoon. Area 6.70 ha.</p>	<p>1963</p>	<p>Previously known separately as, and now comprised of, the Town Hall Gardens, Rose Gardens, New Moon Gardens, also Tarcutta Street properties which were residential cottages purchased by the Council for demolition. So named to describe the garden setting of the Civic Centre, which now contain the Council Chambers, Administrative Offices, former Baby Health Centre, Civic Theatre, and Senior Citizens' Centre; it is planned that further Civic Buildings will be erected; much mention having been made of an Auditorium to accommodate a large audience and suitable as a Multi purpose centre. A large metal fountain in these gardens (originally in the grounds of the Hospital at N.E. Corner of Johnston and Tarcutta Streets and later in the Victory Memorial Gardens) bears the following inscription. "Presented by F. CHISHOLM 1885" - F. Lassetter L.D."</p>
<p>COLLINS PARK Wagga Wagga Bounded by Forsyth, Thorne, Tompson and Fox Streets</p>	<p>1935</p>	<p>One of the earliest Parks in the City; Previously known as "Newtown Park" and popularly referred to as the "Bird Park", due to the collection of birds housed in avaries; also native animals and various duck ponds</p>

<p>containing an area of 2.135 ha (5 acres)</p>		<p>(these all moved to Willans Hill Reserve in the mid 1950's). on 4 April, 1935, the Council renamed the park as COLLINS PARK after Edward Easter COLLINS, (18 -1936); Mayor of the Municipality for twelve years - 1912-1913, 1917-1919, 1926-1927 and 1929-1934; Wool and Produce Merchant who conducted his business in Kincaid Street immediately east of what is now Barrand Street; Member of Legislative Council of N.S.W., for some years; Member of Board of Fire Commissioners of N.S.W., President Wagga Wagga City Bowling Club 1923-1924. Following his death in 1936 the Council erected a granite memorial plaque in the Park and his cremated remains were buried at the base of such plaque; the inscription on the palque reads:-          "This tablet was erected by the Wagga Wagga Municipal Council as a tribute to the Public Services of the Late Alderman E.E. Collins, M.L.C. who died on 8<sup>th</sup> April, 1936 and in whose honour this Park was dedicated on 19<sup>th</sup> April, 1936."          A memorial tablet erected in St John's Anglican Church reads:-          "In loving memory of          Edward Locksley Victor          Chief Petty Officer Ship DRUMMUIR          Beloved eldest son of          Edward and Emma COLLINS          who died at sea 8<sup>th</sup> August, 1912          Aged 23 years."</p>
<p>CONNORTON PARK          Ashmont          Bounded by Connorton and Blakemore Avenues, Moxham and Marshall Streets - Area 6.3 ha</p>	<p>1968/69</p>	<p>One major boundary has frontage to CONNORTON Avenue and the parkland thus takes its name from such street. (Refer to O'Connor Street and Connorton Avenue for further details).</p>
<p>CROKER PARK          Dedicated as parkland by the City Council when subdividing it's freehold land for residential purposes, land being bounded by Jasmin Crescent and Vanda Street. Area of 1.55 ha. DP 255183</p>	<p>1977</p>	<p>John Lewis CROKER (1887-1973) died Wagga Wagga 26 Apr. 1973 aged 86 years. (Buried Wagga Wagga Cemetery) the previous owner of land acquired by the City Council from him for subdivision for residential purposes.</p>
<p>DUKE OF KENT PARK          Dedicated as Public Recreation Reserve by the City Council when subdividing freehold land acquired by it for residential,</p>	<p>1946</p>	<p>Named in honour Prince George, the Duke of Kent (1902-1942), 4<sup>th</sup> son of King George V, who in 1934 married Princess Marina of Greece; he was accidentally killed on active service in an air crash in Scotland during World War II. Shortly prior to his accidental death he was named for appointment as</p>

and creating Kent Cres, North, South & West Parades. Area 5.22 ha.		Governor-General of Australia. (Refer to Kent Crescent)
EILEEN CLEAR PARK Wagga Wagga On Eastern bank of Wollundry Lagoon, extending on east bank to Murray Street and south to Forsyth Street.	1967	Eileen May CLEAR, resided most of her married life in a weatherboard cottage on this park area (the land being purchased by the Council in early 1960's); for many years she watered the area of the park (following demolition of other cottages) and kept the area in vicinity of her rented cottage neat and tidy in a voluntary capacity; here efforts laid the foundation for an attractive parkland on the lagoon bank. She died in hospital at Goulburn on 5 July, 1981; buried R.C. portion, Wagga Wagga Cemetery. A Bronze plaque erected wthin the park reads: "EILEEN CLEAR PARK 1967".
EMBLEM PARK Named by Resolution of the Council dated 22 May, 1989. (Approval and gazettal of such name by the NSW Geographical Names Board, pending)  Parkland area at corner of Bruce Street and Weedon Crescent, Tolland. (Refer to Emblen Street)	1989	Robert EMBLEN (1867-1935) - Native of Wagga Wagga and educated at Public School Gurwood Street. Was the fifth Town Clerk of the Municipality. Served as such for 37 years from 1897-1934. In conjunction with his duties as Town Clerk he also acted as Municipal Engineer for several periods. Also greatly interested in the Wagga Wagga history and carried out much research on street names and other facets of the town's history. Died 6.7.1935. buried in Anglican Portion of Wagga Wagga Cemetery.
FIFE GARDENS Koorinal Bounded by Acacia, Waratah and Boronia Streets - 1.09 hectares 1300 metres south- east of Willans Hill	1974	William Clyde FIFE (1897-1971), born at Goulburn 27 Mar. 1897; first came to Wagga Wagga in 1919, with his wife and infant son, Harold, when he began operating a chaff-cutting plant for Mr Les Howard, (Chaff-cutting contractor). Shortly afterwards he and his brother Jim, formed a partnership known as Fife Bros, and purchased their own chaff-cutting plant. The partnership operated successfully for many years and in 1941 Fife Bros. began operating a chain of four bakeries in Wagga Wagga Wagga as an added undertaking. In 1945, the partnership opened a retail produce store in Baylis Street. The partnership was dissolved in 1949 when the bakeries were taken over by Mr Jim Fife and the produce store taken over and operated by "Clyde" and his two sons, Harold and Wal, trading as Fifes Produce; served as Alderman of the City Council for 22 years and died whilst in such office on 15 Jan. 1971; first elected to the Council on 5 Mar 1949; was elected delegate to the Southern Riverina County Council in Feb. 1950 and served continuously thereon until his death. His wife, Myrtle Elizabeth FIFE (whom he married at Tarago near

		<p>Goulburn where his parents owned a small property) was an untiring worker for various charities. Was the Father of the Hon. Wal C. Fife. M.P., former member for State Electorate of Wagga Wagga and Minister of the Crown in the State Parliament and who was elected to Federal Parliament as M.H.R. and Member for Farrer on 13 Dec. 1975. His elder son, William Harold FIFE, was elected as an Alderman of the Wagga Wagga City Council on 13 Mar. 1971 filling the extraordinary vacancy on the Council caused by his death. (Refer to Fife Street, Forest Hill). Naming approved and assigned by the Geographical Names Board of N.S.W. Vide notification in the N.S.W. Government Gazette dated 14 Nov. 1975. (Personal details re William Clyde Fife, supplied (1987) (in part) by his son, William Harold Fife to W.R. Ellis.)</p>
<p><b>FRED WHITE RESERVE</b> Lake Albert Extends generally from Lake Albert Road to the boundary of the Wagga Wagga Country Golf Club, along the western perimeter of Lake Albert eastwards to Lakeside Drive.</p>		<p>Being an area on Eastern foreshore of Lake Albert set aside for Public Recreation; so named in honour Frederick Charles WHITE, Alderman of the City Council and Deputy Mayor, who showed a keen interest in the ultimate development of this area for public use. (See WHITE Avenue for additional details.)</p>
<p><b>FRENCH FIELDS</b> Bounded by Marama Parade, Mathoura and Walteela Avenues in the vicinity of Mt Austin High School. Area of 4.466 ha (11 acres).</p>	1969	<p>Arthur Edward FRENCH, born Temora 15 Oct. 1906; Alderman of the City Council from 21 Apr. 1952 to 1 Dec. 1956 (defeated) and 5 Dec. 1959 to 18 Sep. 1971 (retired). Was a delegate on Southern Riverina County Council from Apr. 1953 to Feb. 1955 and from 1959 to 1962; in all his Aldermanic service was a member of Volunteer Defence Corps, Australian Military Forces 5 Jan. 1942 to 30 Sep. 1945. Life member of Wagga Wagga Leagues' Club of which he was a Director for many years; did outstanding work as an Alderman and was involved in numerous sporting activities. (See also French Place.)</p>
<p><b>GISSING OVAL</b> Turvey Park Bounded on North by Blamey Street and on other three sides by Bluett Crescent; is immediately north of Fernleigh Road. 3.319 ha., (8 a 0 r 32 ¼ p). The land was dedicated as a Reserve for Public Recreation by N.S.W.</p>	1953	<p>Henry Ernest GISSING (1888-1953); Pharmacist; came to Wagga Wagga in 1919 following active service in A.I.F. in World War I (RMC) at Gallipoli and in France; took relief position as Pharmacist at Sanderson's Pharmacy, Fitzmaurice street (due to illness of proprietor) next to Hunter Bros; owner died shortly afterwards when he purchased business from the Estate; later shifted the business a few doors south to present premises and subsequently purchased the property where the pharmacy is still conducted. Married Ethel Maude Booty, daughter of Enoch</p>

<p>Government Gazette Notification dated 24 July, 1953.</p>		<p>William Booty, Manager of the Bank of New South Wales. Was President of Wagga Wagga Sub-Branch of RSS &amp; AILA 1921; foundation President Wagga Wagga Ambulance Brigade which position he held for 25 continuous years; Alderman of the Council from 28 Aug. 1920 to 9 Aug. 1923 and 1 Dec. 1934 to 23 Feb. 1953, died on the latter date whilst still in Office. Served as Mayor 1938-1944 and 1950-51; President Wagga Wagga Rotary Club 1935/36; District Governor of Rotary District No 970 1952-53 (died whilst in office in such capacity); was Master of Masonic Lodge Harmony No. 22 in 1932. President Wagga Wagga City Bowling Club 1946-48. Whilst serving as Mayor he made many representations in person for the ultimate selection of Wagga Wagga as the site for the establishment of the R.A.A.F. Flying Training Base at Forest Hill; the Army Camp at Kapooka, as well as the adoption of the Library Act by the Council which led to the establishment of the Wagga Wagga City Library in 1946. (Personal information re Henry Ernest Gissing, supplied (in part) (1987) by his son, Morris Henry Gissing to W.R. Ellis)</p>
<p>GLEN MURRAY PARK Off Plumpton Road and Cochrane Street. Area 0.5 ha. 1a. 1p. radius 200 links;</p>	<p>1960</p>	<p>"GLEN MURRAY", the name of an early pastoral property in the area north of Lake Albert. The Fee Simple of this land transferred to the Council by Mr Stanley Nelder Henwood in terms of Section 340A of the Local Government Act, 1919 (as amended).</p>
<p>GRAHAM PARK Ashmont 2.4 ha (6 acres) Bounded by Montgomery, Morshead, Freyberg &amp; MacArthur Streets) Naming approved by the Geographic Names Board of N.S.W. vide Notification in Government Gazette dated 14 Nov. 1975</p>	<p>1975</p>	<p>Edgar Hugh GRAHAM ("Eddie") (1897-1957), born Lake Albert; M.L.A., Member for Wagga Wagga State Electorate 1941-1957 and Minister for Agriculture and Food Production.*. At time of his death at Calvary Hospital, Wagga Wagga on 13 Nov. 1957 and in his 14<sup>th</sup> year as Minister for Agriculture. Attended Lake Albert and other district schools, worked on his father's farm; later becoming the proprietor of one of the largest butcheries in southern N.S.W. In 1932 returned to primary production to what became the largest and most successful pig stud in Australia, "Kanilibah", from which stud pigs were sold in all parts of the Commonwealth. He disposed of those interests and at time of his death raised Poll Herefords and fat lambs on his property "Whyanawah" near the river south of Oura Road; served as Federal President of the Australian Pig Breeders' Society and an officer of many other primary producer organisations. In 1953 was given the new portfolio of Food Production in addition to that of Agriculture; which he administered up to time of his death. His efforts did much towards the establishment in his Wagga Wagga Electorate of</p>

		<p>the Wagga Wagga Agricultural Research Institute, the Wagga Wagga Teachers' College, and the creation and expansion of the Wagga Wagga Agricultural College (which became the successor to the former Experiment Farm). Was accorded a State Funeral from St John's Church of England on 14 Nov. 1957, which was attended by Party Leaders, Cabinet Ministers and most members of State Parliament, who travelled from Sydney by special train to pay their respects to their esteemed colleague at his burial in the C of E portion of Wagga Wagga Cemetery*. The City Council by resolution dated 26 Sep. 1957 resolved to confer the Freedom of the City upon him; such decision was conveyed to him by letter dated 1 Oct. 1957 but his unexpected death (after a short illness) prevented the formal presentation of such honour to him. It was later conferred posthumously to his widow, Ivy Edith Graham, at a public function on 16 Mar. 1962. The Council's decision to grant the Freedom of the City upon Edgar Hugh Graham was first occasion on which that honour was resolved to be bestowed. (Refer also to Graham Street, Lake Albert). (*".....*" - details extracted (in part) from the Daily Advertiser, issue of Thursday, November 14, 1957.)</p>
<p><b>HARRIS PARK</b> Mount Austin Encompassed by Heath Street, McDonough, Parkside and Bolger Avenues; on South of Fernleigh Road. Area 4.44 ha.</p>		<p>Alderman Robert James HARRIS, B.A. DipEd. (1909-1978); first elected to the Council on 23 Nov. 1946; served until 6 Dec. 1947; re-elected on 2 Dec. 1950 and served continuously until his death on 3 Oct. 1978; was Deputy Mayor in 1956; acted as Vice Chairman of the Parks Committee for 13 years to 1964; Mayor in the years 1967, 1968, 1969 and 1970. Performed the Mayoral duties with distinction during extensive celebrations staged by the City Council in March 1970 in commemoration of 100 Years of Local Government in Wagga Wagga: the original Borough of Wagga Wagga having been proclaimed by Government Gazette Notification dated 15 March, 1870. Was awarded the grant of the Freedom of the City of Wagga Wagga in 1978. President of Wagga Wagga Golf Club 1962-63. President of Wagga Wagga Country Golf Club 1957.</p>
<p><b>HENWOOD PARK</b> Koorinal Bounded by Lake Albert Road and The Boulevard; Area 6.53 ha (16 a Or 22 p)</p>	1960	<p>The Fee Simple of the land was transferred to the City Council by Mr Stanley Nelder HENWOOD in terms of Section 340A of the Local Government Act, 1919 (as amended).</p>
<p><b>HOPWOOD PARK</b> Turvey Park</p>	1941	<p>Miss Florence Grace Victoria HOPWOOD, born Narrandera 1903; lived at Boree Creek attended school at Wagga Wagga being a pupil at the Grammar</p>

		<p>School, operated by Misses Day in Best Street, then lived permanently in Wagga Wagga from 1924; was long-time employee at David Copland &amp; Co. She owned a parcel of land with frontage to Trevor Street and when subdividing allotments for sale, an irregular area of land remained at the rear and at the suggestions of the City Engineer and George Edney, she transferred such area to the City Council, free of cost as parkland. In accepting this land, the Council named such area HOPWOOD PARK in honour of the donor; George Edney worked for and became the founder of the Hopwood Park Tennis courts and Club, was Patron of the Club for many years, an honour which later was bestowed on Miss Hopwood.</p>
<p><b>IRELAND PARK</b> (Tony Ireland Park) Wagga Wagga (Bounded by Tarcutta, Tompson and O'Reilly Streets) Named by Council Res 89/1185 of 24<sup>th</sup> July, 1989. (Formal approval and Gazettal by the Geographical Names Board of N.S.W. pending)</p>	<p>1989</p>	<p>Anthony John IRELAND Th.L. (Hons.) - born Queanbeyan 15 Aug. 1938 - Died Wagga Wagga 23 May 1989 - Archdeacon of Wagga Wagga and Rector of Anglican Parish of Wagga Wagga 1981-1989. Education Primary at Taree Public School; Secondary at Taree and Goulburn High Schools, with 2 years at St. Patrick's College, Goulburn; Tertiary at St. Mark's Theological College Canberra (1 year) and St John's Theological College Morpeth (2 years) - Ordained Deacon on St. Thomas' Day 21 Dec. 1961 and Priest on Ember Day (St Patrick's Day) 17 March 1963. Served as Deacon at St. Paul's Temora 1961-1962, as Priest at St Matthew's Albury 1962-1966, St. George downer ACT 1966-1968, All Saints Berridale 1968-1971, Aust. Board of Missions State Secretary 1971-1974, ABM Federal Secretary 1974-1978, Priest St. Mark's Nth Albury 1978-1981, St. John's Wagga Wagga 1981 to date of his death in 1989. -- Among his special achievements were Eucmenical Chapel Smiggins Hole Mt. Koscuisko, Lifeline Albury commenced/trained Councillors; Inaugural Chairman and Director of Forest Centre Wagga Wagga, Day Care/Rehabilitation/Nursing Home in association with the Little Company of Mary (Calvary Hospital) and Anglican Diocese of Canberra-Goulburn; Honoured by award of Paul Harris Fellow (Rotary International); honorary member of Rotary Clubs of Wagga Wagga and Wollundry. -- Most active in Church Administration with membership of Bishop-in-Council; Property Trust; Presentation Board; Diocesan Foundation as Member/Chairman; Diocesan Chapter; Inaugural Chairman/Director Albury Lifeline; Archdeacon of Wagga Wagga; transfer of Bungarimbal Home of Tumbarumba to Wagga Wagga. Prior to Ordination worked as Postal Clerk, Railway Cleaner (trains), Census Collector, Technical Officer</p>

		<p>C.S.I.R.O., National Library Mapping Section Officer.</p> <p>-- Other interest included shooting, fishing, reading, music and boating. His immediate family - married Lorna May Bryan 15 Apr 1963, son Kingsley John born 1966, daughter Melinda Denman born 1964. (Personal and other information supplied by Mrs Lorna May Ireland Oct. 1989)</p> <p>two individual bronze plaques erected at Tompson Street elevation of the Park, read:-</p>
<p>"The Venerable Anthony John Ireland, Th. L. Archdeacon of Wagga Wagga and Rector of the Anglican Parish of Wagga Wagga 1981 to 1989 15.8.1938 to 23.5.1989 Faithful servant of the Anglican Diocese of Canberra and Goulburn and The wider Church. Founding Chairman and Chairman of the Forrest Centre, Wagga Wagga A tireless worker for the Wagga Wagga community."</p>		<p>"City of Wagga Wagga Wagga Tony Ireland Park Officially opened by The Right Reverend Owen Dowling B.A., Th. L. Bishop of Canberra &amp; Goulburn and Alderman Ron Harris Mayor of Wagga Wagga on 22<sup>nd</sup> September, 1989. R.F. Harris B.L. Andrews Mayor Town Clerk K.J. Geale Controller of Parks."</p>
<p><b>JUBILEE PARK</b> Park bounded by Bourke Street, Red Hill Road and Glenfield Road. Area 20 ha developed as Hockey Fields. 6 ha developed as Athletic Centre.</p>	1977	<p>To commemorate the Silver Jubilee of the accession to the Throne by Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II in 1952 - celebrations for which were held in 1977.</p>
<p><b>KESSLER PARK</b> Tolland. Bounded by Nordlingen Drive, Cobb Street and Henschke Avenue, 4.3 ha 2,500 metres south of Willans Hill.</p>	1974	<p>Dr Hermann KESSLER, Oberburgermeister of Nordlingen (Bavaria, West Germany) at the time of the establishment of Sister-City Relationships with Wagga Wagga in 1967, who, with his wife, Ingeborg, Officially visited Wagga Wagga in 1971 (plus other visits thereafter) - who worked tirelessly in support of the Sister-City Affiliation in extending hospitality to visitors from Wagga Wagga in Nordlingen. Name approved and assigned by Geographical Names Board of N.S.W. vide Notification in N.S.W. Government Gazette dated 29 August, 1975. Bronze plaques erected at the north-east corner of Kessler Park read: "City of Wagga Wagga - Unveiled by Dr Hermann KESSLER, Oberburgermeister of Nordlingen, West Germany, Sister-City of Wagga Wagga, in whose honour Kessler Park is named - 11<sup>th</sup> August, 1978. B.N. Hedditch, Mayor, W.R. Ellis, Town Clerk." "Auracaria Exelsa - Planted by Dr Hermann Kessler Oberburgermeister, Nordlingen - Bavaria, West</p>

		Germany, Sister-City of Wagga Wagga - 11 <sup>th</sup> August, 1978." (Refer to Nordlingen Drive)
KILPATRICK PARK Named by Resolution of the Council dated 22 May, 1989. (Approval and gazettal of such name by the NSW Geographical Names Board, pending) Play area between Flynn Place and Oliver Place, Tolland.	1989	Matthew KILPATRICK, M.L.A. (1875-1949);*" born 8.12.1875, County Donegal, Ireland. Arrived in Victoria 1876, carried out farming and dairying in Goulburn Valley, Vic until 1890 when he left for the Riverina, N.S.W. where he engaged in Agriculture and grazing in the Berrigan and Oaklands districts; Member of Wagga Wagga Land Board; Executive Member Farmers & Settlers Association 1920-21; Country Party Councillor 1925, 1933, 1942, Whip 1932-35; MLA for Murray December 1920 to September 1927; for Wagga Wagga October, 1927 to April, 1941." * He took an active part in all branches of sport, especially Aust. Rules Football. He was defeated at the election in 1941 by Edgar Graham who then became the ALP representative for the State seat of Wagga Wagga. (Refer to Kilpatrick Street) (*"...*" Extracted from Biographical Register of the N.S.W. Parliament 1901-1970 page 157 - supplied 1987 by courtesy of Mr J.J. Schipp MP)
McPHERSON OVAL North Wagga Wagga Situated off William Street, North Wagga Wagga, being Council freehold land of about 4.8 hectares (12 acres)	1973	William Frederick McPHERSON (1920-1973) Master Butcher. Life-long resident of North Wagga Wagga. Served in the AIF in World War II from 1941 to 1945, in W.A. and New Guinea. Was President and Treasurer of North Wagga Wagga P & C Association for various terms. Accidentally drowned in the Murrumbidgee River near Carrathool after falling from a boat whilst fishing on 15 July, 1973. Was President of the North Wagga Wagga Australian Rules Football Club at time of his death. His name applied to this oval by the Council at the specific request of that Club. Such naming was approved and assigned by the Geographical Names Board of NSW, vide notification in the NSW Government Gazette dated 4 January, 1974. (By coincidence the Oval is bounded on the east and south by William and Frederick Streets respectively.)
O'HALLORAN PARK Recreation Reserve at corner of Koorungal Road and Lake Albert Road	1985	Stephen John O'HALLORAN (1901-1983) Architect; born and spent the whole of his life in Wagga Wagga; was responsible for the design and plans for many fine buildings in the City including the City Baths, Civic Theatre, Mt Erin High School, Calvary Hospital Maternity Wing; tireless worker for the community; was indirectly involved in initiating the first "Learn to Swim" Campaign at the Wagga Wagga Bathing Beach and with Rotary in the establishment of the Borambola Sport and Recreation Camp; devoted much of his life to community work through Rotary International; first

		joined the Wagga Wagga Rotary Club in 1946; served as Club President 1950/51; Governor of Rotary District 970 1956/57; Director of Rotary International 1966-1968; First Vice President of Rotary International in 1968.
POMINGALARNA RESERVE West of the City. Represents a hilly area of 166.9 ha of semi-native bushland.	N/K	This Reserve was incorporated into the City area in 1968. Previous to that it was part of the Pomingalarna Common (which though located at the time within Mitchell Shire was vested in the Trusteeship of the Wagga Wagga City Council). The name obviously came into vogue by usage due to the proximity of the Common with POMINGALARNA Station a little further to the west. It was a large pastoral run and came into the ownership (in part) by the 1880s, of David Copland, who, under the name of David Copland & Co Station at that time ran 90,000 sheep. (Refer to Copland Street) (re "Pomingalarna Pastoral Run" - Refer to Swan, K. - "A History of Wagga Wagga" page 105)
RAWLINGS PARK Lake Albert Recreation Reserve adjacent to Craft and Power Streets. Area 63.3 ha. Name approved and assigned by Geographical Names Board of NSW, vide Notification in the NSW Government Gazette dated 6 May, 1983.	1982	Selwyn Kenneth RAWLINGS (1924-1982) Chief Town Planner employed by the City Council from 3 Nov., 1958 to 26 Feb. 1982; Died 29 May, 1982. He controlled the Wagga Wagga Town Plan in the Interim Development Stage following on with the ultimate gazettal of the Plan on 2 Apr. 1965; responsible for the full implementation of that Scheme until varied by the preparation of the City of Wagga Wagga Planning Scheme Draft Amendment 80/81 which was a complete revision of the Prescribed Scheme. Was made a life member of the Local Government Town Planners' Association in 1979. Served in the R.A.A.F. during World War II with active service in the U.K. and Europe; President of the Rotary Club of Wagga Wagga 1962/63. In 1978 was a Charter member of Rotary Club of Wolundry-Wagga Wagga and following his death shortly after retirement, that Club when donating \$60,000 towards the establishment of the Ethel Forrest Centre, requested an area be dedicated in recognition of his services to Rotary as he was the first member of such Club to have died whilst having active membership. His name was thus applied to the "Sel Rawlings Memorial Garden Court" at the Forrest Centre. Bronze plaques affixed to two separate granite boulders at southern extremity of the Park adjacent to the Toilets, Kiosk and Dressing Sheds, read:- "RAWLINGS PARK officially opened by the Hon. Michael Cleary M.P., Minister for Sport and Recreation on 23 <sup>rd</sup> May, 1986. R.F. Harris, Mayor, B.L. Andrews,

		Town Clerk, K.J. Geale, Controller of Parks."
		"In Memoriam Michael Larkins David Mumford Derek Rogers, remembered with respect and appreciation - South Wagga Wagga Cricket Club; Lake Albert Cricket Club."
ROBERTSON OVAL No. 1 Oval, Bolton Park	1950's	Being the principal football/cricket oval on Bolton Park, and the 'home ground' for very many years fo the Wagga Wagga Australian Rules Football Club. Named in honour of Cameron McLean ROBERTSON ("Cam") (1898-1972) Master Baker, who operated the Kelso Bakery in Baylis Street (west side mid-way between Forsyth and Tompson Streets) - first, in the name of the Lane and Robertson and in later years on behalf of himself and his wife. He was President of the Wagga Wagga & District Chamber of Commerce for some years and as well, the Chairman of the Community Advancement Fund during the 1950's. during his occupation of such offices, the Chamber assisted the City Council with an advance of money for the building of the spectators' embankment surrounding this oval and for other major improvements. The Council acknowledged such assistance by so naming the oval. (Refer to John Hamill Stand under Miscellaneous.)
TENNYSON PARK Wagga Wagga Bounded by Murray, Morgan Streets and Oates Avenue. Area 8,979 m <sup>2</sup> . Gazetted 14 Apr. 1938.	N/K	Name possibly selected and applied as a result of the park having over very many years being used primarily for Tennis. Prior to World War II, the South Wagga Wagga Tennis Club was most active and maintained its Club House, and 10 tennis courts in excellent order for the benefit of a large membership.
VICTORY MEMORIAL GARDENS Wagga Wagga Area 1.709 ha. Reserve No. 62489 from sale and No. 62490 from Lease notified in Government Gazette for Public Recreation on 13 Feb. 1931	1925	Established as a Memorial to the Men and Women who paid the supreme sacrifice in the Great War of 1914-18. The land was formerly the site of the Old Police Barracks and Police Paddock. The Police Barracks was a brick structure facing Morrow Street, and the rear section of the land was used for police paddocks for the stabling of Police horses and other purposes connected with the activities of the Police in the days when the main means of transport was horse drawn. At the end of the War, the Council conducted an architectural competition for designs of a War Memorial Town Hall but public opinion ruled in favour of the Memorial Gardens and the ideas for a War Memorial Town Hall were shelved. At a public meeting held 28 Apr. 1925 in the Wonderland Theatre, the Mayor (Alderman D.T. Byrnes) presided. The object of the meeting was for the purpose of raising

		<p>funds to provide a fitting War Memorial of the Great War. The public meeting resolved that the memorial should take the form of Memorial Gardens to be laid out on the "Reserve between Morrow Street and the Lagoon between the two Bridges". Donations were solicited and total funds raised for the purpose amounted to 1,517.15.4 pounds. A Public Competition for designs of the gardens was conducted (advertised during Nov. 1927) in Sydney, Melbourne and local press). The competition closed on 31 Jan. 1928, and a prize of 100 pounds was offered for the winning design. A total of 22 designs were received and considered, - the winning entry submitted under the nom-de-plume of "Phoenix" was lodged by Mr Thomas Kerr of Lakemba, Chief Landscape Gardener of the Sydney Botanic Gardens. The work of construction and lay out to the winning design, started in Apr. 1928, utilising funds raised by the Victory Memorial Gardens Committee. When these were exhausted finance required thereafter was provided by the Council.</p> <p>Prior to the establishment of the Memorial Gardens, the Cenotaph and Memorial Archway had been constructed. The Cenotaph was erected in 1922 at a cost (including Architect's fee) of 800 pounds, finance being provided by a public subscription. The Memorial Archway was erected in 1926 at a cost of approx. 1,700 pounds subscribed by the Citizens resulting from a public appeal known as "Wagga Wagga and District War Memorial Appeal", the Secretary of the Committee being Robert Emblen, Town Clerk. The actual site of the archway was the subject of a controversy by rival factions who had opposing ideas for the site. A Suit in Equity was instituted by opponents of the ultimate site, claiming the arch should have been erected diagonally across the corner of Baylis and Morrow Streets. The whole proceedings were handled by the Attorney General and it appears the matter was settled out of court - but in any case the Archway was erected on the original site where it now stands.</p>
<p><b>WILKS PARK</b> North Wagga Wagga Part of Public Recreation Reserve at North Wagga Wagga, being Portion 441 containing an area of 6.88 ha (approx) (17a 2r 19p) being the area immediately North</p>	<p>1973</p>	<p>Jack WILKS, M.B.E. (1894-1966) original Secretary of the Wagga Wagga Flood Warning Association formed in 1932; held this post for over 30 years until just prior to his death; Awarded the M.B.E. in 1965 in recognition of his voluntary flood warning activities; was an Auctioneer in his business life and in later years was Manager in Wagga Wagga for the Stock and Station Agents, Younghusband Limited. (See also</p>

<p>of the Murrumbidgee River and extending to Parken Prgan Lagoon. Name approved and assigned by Geographical Names Board of N.S.W. Vide Notification in the NSW Government Gazette dated 31 August, 1973</p>		<p>WILKS Avenue).</p>
<p><b>WILLIANS HILL RESERVE</b> This eminence commences at Railway Street, and extends southerly to Red Hill Road and beyond - bounded on the east by the suburb of Koorinal and on the west by Turvey Park, Mount Austin, Tolland and Tatton. Area 140 ha (including Botanic Gardens) Gazetted 11 June, 1886</p>	<p>N/K</p>	<p>William WILLANS (1824-1900); Solicitor; *"born Dublin, (Ireland), completed his legal education in Ireland and came to Australia with his wife and infant son about 1858; his precise date of settlement in Wagga Wagga as the first resident Solicitor is uncertain, but he appeared in a local court on 14 Dec 1860, and was certainly a resident in the town by 1862 and remained until forced by bad health to move in 1886 to Tumbarumba where he died in 1900. He built his home "Hillside" in the 1860's on the 80 acres of suburban farm land he purchased"* on the slopes of the range of hills which bear his name. Was Master of Masonic Lodge Harmony No. 22 (Wagga Wagga) in 1871-72. The area known as WILLANS HILL was reserved as Crown Land vested in the City Council as Trustee and it is on the western slopes south of Lord Baden Powell Drive that the Botanic Gardens and Nursery were established in 1962. The Rifle Range existed on the western slopes of the reserve and this was relocated (In probably the late 1920's) to the eastern slopes of Pominalarna Common. *"...."* Extracted from Swan, K - "A History of Wagga" Page 110</p>
<p><b>WIRADJURI RECREATION RESERVE</b> Wagga Wagga Situated west of the Murrumbidgee river downstream from Hampden Bridge comprising Reserve No. 42948 for Public Recreation and Camping (Notified 4 March, 1908). Area 20.84 ha.</p>	<p>1964</p>	<p>The WIRADJURI Tribe of Aborigines which was the largest Tribe in the area of what is now New South Wales, with a range covering the whole of the Riverina area and even beyond the Murray River. (See also WIRADJURI Crescent)</p>

## BRIDGES

<p>CASSIDY BRIDGE (Footbridge over Great Southern Railway Line linking Kildare Avenue and Norman Street with Brookong Avenue)</p>	<p>1965</p>	<p>David William CASSIDY (1875-1970); died in Sydney 16 Aug. 1970 aged 95. Resided in Norman Street for many years. By repeated efforts and representations to the City Council influenced the ultimate construction of the bridge. Designed and built by City Engineer's Department. Financed by the Council. Completed in Jan. 1965. (Refer also to Cassidy Parade) A Bronze Commemorative Plaque erected at the bridge bears the following inscription:-</p> <p style="text-align: center;">"City of Wagga Wagga Cassidy Bridge This Bridge named in honour of and Officially opened by DAVID WILLIAM CASSIDY ESQ., 5<sup>th</sup> May, 1965</p> <p>C.C Knott City Engineer</p> <p style="text-align: right;">W.R. Ellis Town Clerk</p> <p style="text-align: center;">I.J. Jack Mayor."</p>
<p>EUNONY BRIDGE (over Murrumbidgee River upstream from and east of Wagga Wagga)</p>	<p>1975</p>	<p>An abbreviation of the name borne by the Parish of EUNONYHAREENYHA which encompasses the land North of the Murrumbidgee River abounding Kurrajong Lagoon and Reserve; Name derived from Eunonyhareenyha Station which was in early days a very large pastoral run; also there did exist a Public School by the same name, the school building was opened in 1934. The Bridge is a pre-stressed concrete structure with lateral post tensioning; designed for the City Council by Hughes, Truman and Ludlow; erected by the Council using sub-contractors and some Council day labour; financed by Council in association with NSW State Government on 50-50 basis under the Bridge Subsidy Grant for Rural Roads; Construction work commenced late 1973 but came to a standstill early 1974 due to delays in acquisition of land on north approaches and a year of high rivers and floods from April to October, 1974 (August 1974 was a record flood); work resumed in 1975 after the land required on north bank was resumed on City Council's behalf by the Mitchell Shire Council in whose area such land was then situated; Bronze Plaque commemorating the Official Opening of the</p>

		<p>Bridge and erected thereon, reads:-  "City of Wagga Wagga  This plaque was unveiled by the Honourable  Wal C. Fife, M.L.A., Minister for Transport  and Highways to commemorate the Official  Opening of the EUNONY BRIDGE on Saturday,  7<sup>th</sup> June, 1975.  Designed by Messrs Hughes, Truman &amp; Ludlow,  Consulting Engineers - Financed by NSW  Department of Public Works and Wagga Wagga  City Council - Built by Wagga Wagga City  Council- Main Sub-Contractors Messrs Jacques  &amp; Kancans.</p> <p>R.Gorman          W.R. Ellis      C.C. Knott MBE  Mayor              Town Clerk    City Engineer</p>
<p>HAMPDEN BRIDGE  (The main traffic bridge over  the Murrumbidgee River at  Northern end of Fitzmaurice  Street)</p>	<p>1895</p>	<p>Opened to traffic in 1895, apparently in about  Oct/Nov. of that year; Obviously named in  honour of Viscount HAMPDEN (1841-1906),  Governor of the Colony of N.S.W. from 1895 to  1899. The first bridge over the Murrumbidgee  River at Wagga Wagga (which was replaced by  the Hampden Bridge), was at a point upstream  from Hampden Bridge and operated as a Toll  Bridge and was officially opened to traffic on 27  Oct. 1862 by the Wagga Wagga Bridge  Company. The old timber bridge was  subsequently bought by the Municipal Council  and dismantled. The following has been  extracted from Wagga Wagga Historical  Society's Journal No. 1 (page 17) - Mr P.R.  Heydon, CBE, speaking of his grandfather,  Richard Sutton Heydon, as unopposed, and civic  activities were very important to him. My  grandmother as Mayoress officially opened and  named the Hampden Bridge on 11 Nov. 1895,  when my grandfather was 58 years of  age.....my father was then 11 years of age and  he thought that because his mother was opening  the bridge, he could somehow work himself into  the official party and avoid the chore of  marching up with all the schoolboys to their  appointed place beside the bridge. My  grandfather.....told him it was no credit to him  that his father was Mayor and his mother  Mayoress and that he had to stand with the other  boys and be treated exactly like them." (Refer  also to Hampden Avenue).</p>

Other bridges existing, which bear names being self-explanatory, are:

Beckwith Street Bridge  
Best Street Overhead Bridge  
Marshalls Creek Bridge  
Parken Pregan Lagoon Bridge  
Plumpton Road Bridge  
Wollundry Lagoon Bridge

(Those named disregard bridges which exist in the essentially Rural Areas which were formerly comprised within the areas controlled by the Mitchell Shire and Kyeamba Shire Councils) which were amalgamated with the City from 1 January, 1981.)

## HISTORICAL MARKERS

Among historical markers officially erected in the city are:

<p><b>STURT MEMORIAL</b></p> <p>Bronze plaque Eastern end of Sturt Street:</p>	<p>"Captain Charles Sturt discovered this District on his expedition down the Murrumbidgee Dec. 5<sup>th</sup>, 1829"</p>
<p><b>FIRST POLICE STATION SITE:</b></p> <p>Bronze plaque 113 Fitzmaurice Street: (Front elevation wall)</p>	<p>"City of Wagga Wagga Wagga This tablet was unveiled by R.J.E. Gormly ex Alderman and Wagga Wagga Historian on Coronation Day, 2<sup>nd</sup> June, 1953, to mark the SITE OF THE FIRST POLICE RESIDENCE - POLICE STATION AND COURT HOUSE erected in 1847 A.D., being the first buildings erected in Wagga Wagga.</p> <p>W.F. Dunne                      F.H. Burns Mayor                              Town Clerk"</p>
<p><b>COBB &amp; CO STAGING DEPOT SITE:</b></p> <p>Bronze plaque On a large granite boulder on Baylis Street elevation of Civic Centre Gardens at front of Council Administration Building.</p>	<p>"This site bounded by Wollundry Lagoon to the north and Morrow Street to the south was from 1875 to 1880 USED AS A STAGING DEPOT BY COBB &amp; CO COACHES. Cobb &amp; Co's lease having expired the Council resolved at a special meeting on 10.9.1880, to pay twenty pounds for the Company's buildings and fencing on the land. The site was a Municipal Reserve until 1881, when it was proclaimed a reserve for Town Hall purposes. The Council Chambers were erected in the same year. This plaque set by the Council of the City of Wagga Wagga, 1967." (Refer also to Cobb Street and Lamber Street)</p>
<p><b>18<sup>TH</sup> CENTURY CANNON:</b></p> <p>Engraving on old Cannon set in a concrete base at centre of Collins Park.</p>	<p>The old cannon bears the engravings: "FS. KINMAN 1795" plus two sets of the British Coat of Arms - one with "G R 3" one with "C" at the side "No 390".</p>
<p><b>BOER WAR MEMORIAL:</b></p> <p>On stone obelisk at the central point of Collins Park.</p>	<p>"Erected by Comrades Admirers and Family to the Memory of JOSEPH F. PALAZZI of N.S.W. 1<sup>st</sup> Contingent M.R. who fell at Palmietfontein, S. Africa, 19<sup>th</sup> July, 1900 Aged 22 years. For his Queen and Country".</p>



<p><b>LAKE ALBERT:</b></p> <p>Bronze plaque set on a concrete base immediately west of the Cenotaph, Victory Memorial Gardens.</p>	<p>Bennett K.B.E., .A.O., D.S.O. on 24<sup>th</sup> Jnuary, 1984 to commemorate THE CENTENARY OF THE BIRTH AT WAGGA WAGGA (Lake Albert) on 24<sup>th</sup> January, 1884 of FIELD MARSHAL SIR THOMAS ALBERT BLAMEY G.B.E., K.C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., E.D. 1884-1951 Australian Military Forces, 1906 - 1951; General Officer Commanding Australian Imperial Forces 1939-1942; Commander in Chief Australian Military Forces 1942-1945; Commander Allied Land Forces South-West Pacific Area 1942-1945.</p> <p>W.R. Ellis                      M.H. Gissing  Town Clerk                      Mayor"  (Refer to Blamey Street)</p>
<p><b>80<sup>TH</sup> ANNIVERSARY OF RAILWAY IN WAGGA WAGGA</b></p> <p>Bronze plaque affixed to wall at entrance to Railway Station.</p>	<p>"City of Wagga Wagga. This commemorate tablet was unveiled by NEAL McCUSKER ESQ., C.B.E., Commissioner for Railways on Tuesday, 1<sup>st</sup> September, 1959 in the presence of Parliamentary Representatives, Aldermen of the Wagga Wagga City Council, Officers of the Department of Rialways, and Citizens of this City., to mark the EIGHTIETH ANNIVERSARY OF THE RAILWAY IN WAGGA WAGGA.</p> <p>Frank H. Burns                      Ivan J. Jack  Town Clerk                      Mayor"</p>
<p><b>BI-CENTENARY - CAPTAIN COOK'S EXPLORATION:</b></p> <p>Bronze plaque affixed to large granite boulder near the scenic look-out on crest of Willans Hill Reserve:</p>	<p>"CAPTAIN COOK DRIVE  This road was named to commemorate the 200<sup>TH</sup> ANNIVERSARY of the discovery and exploration of the East Coast of Australia by CAPTAIN JAMES COOK, unvieled by the Hon. Wal C. Fife, M.L.A., Member for Wagga Wagga and Minister for Mines on 21<sup>st</sup> March, 1970.</p> <p>R.J. Harris B.A., Dip. Ed                      W.R. Ellis  Mayor                      Town Clerk</p> <p>C.C. Knott M.B.E.  City Engineer"</p>
<p><b>TURVEY FAMILY VAULT:</b></p> <p>Bronze plaque affixed to granite boulder at the N.E. corner at intersection of</p>	<p>"City of Wagga Wagga. This plaque was erected in the year 1982 to record that the land in this vicinity was at one time owned by THOMAS TURVEY. Turvey Park</p>

<p>Mitchelmore Street and Hodson Avenue, Turvey Park:</p>	<p>derived its name from the TURVEY FAMILY. The TURVEY FAMILY VAULT occupied part of the land where this street intersection now exists. The Vault contained the remains of:- Eliza Turvey died 11 November, 1885 aged 63 years; Thomas Turvey died 14 January, 1889 aged 89 years; together with two other persons unknown. All such remains, as well as the marble memorial which stood over the vault, were removed to the Church of England Portion of the Wagga Wagga Cemetery by the Council in 1941 after the proper legal authority had been procured. This action was taken to facilitate the construction of the intersection of Mitchelmore Street and Hodson Avenue at this site.</p> <p>B.N. Hedditch Mayor</p> <p>W.R. Ellis Town Clerk."</p>
<p><b>KYEAMBA SHIRE FOREST HILL SUBDIVISION:</b></p> <p>Metal Plaque affixed to granit boulder at South-West corner of Forest Hill Sports Area near intersection of Elizabeth and Dunn Avenues.</p>	<p>"Kyeamba Shire Council. The FOREST HILL SUBDIVISION was officially opened by Cr. G.K. Dunn, Deputy President Kyeamba Shire Council on 19<sup>th</sup> November, 1976.</p> <p>R. Klimpsch President</p> <p>R.A. Laughton Shire Clerk</p> <p>E.W. Drayton Shire Engineer."</p>
<p><b>BI-CENTENARY OF EUROPEAN SETTLEMENT IN AUSTRALIA-</b></p> <p>Bronze plaque affixed to Western Wall of Outdoor Entertainment Centre at Southern end of Botanic Gardens at Willans Reserve.</p>	<p>"Australia 1788-1988 City of Wagga Wagga Wagga Unveiled by The Hon. B.J. Unsworth, M.P. Premier of N.S.W. on 14<sup>th</sup> day of February, 1988 to commemorate the Official Opening of The Bi-Centennial Outdoor Entertainment Centre.</p> <p>B.L. Andrews Town Clerk</p> <p>R.F. Harris Mayor</p> <p>K.J. Geale Controller of Parks &amp; Recreation</p> <p>L.J. Fromholtz City Engineer"</p>

## MISCELLANEOUS FEATURES

<p><b>JOHN HAMMIL STAND 1964</b> (The Concrete Grandstand on western side of Robertson Oval - No. 1 Oval, Bolton Park)</p>	<p>John HAMMIL (1900-1967) Secretary of Wagga Wagga &amp; District Chamber of Commerce and the Community Advancement Fund for 16 years until his retirement in Oct., 1961. The annual Miss Wagga Wagga Quest was founded early in his term of Office. Was instrumental in the Community Advancement Fund playing a large part in improvements to the No. 1 Oval and supplied part finance for the embankment surrounds for spectators. (Refer to Robertson Oval under Parks etc)</p>
<p><b>STAN SLY PAVILION 1962</b> (Concrete Stand on the western side of the Wagga Wagga Cricket Ground)</p>	<p>Stanley Aldred SLY prominent Sportsman, who also had a distinguished Army career. Born at Henty, NSW on 9 February, 1914, son of George Hector Sly, of "Glenavon", at Henty. Displayed a keen interest in sport at an early age. Was chosen at 18 years of age to play with Southern N.S.W. against Jardine's English XI at Wagga Wagga, where he made 69 not out; against such bowlers as Bowes, Tate, Verity, Mitchell and Freddie Brown, again plated an English XI in Canberra in 1936; in local cricket he scored many centuries and the Wagga Wagga Cricket Ground became his 'happy hunting ground' - he always appeared to favour the wicket prepared at that ground; for many years prior to World War II, he conducted very successful boys' coaching classes in Cricket every Saturday morning at the Cricket Ground; for a lengthy period Captained the South Wagga Cricket Club, as well as performing the Secretarial duties of that Club. In World War II saw active service in New Guinea and Bougainville, where he commanded an Infantry Company; following the War continued with his Military Service in the Citizens' Military Force reaching the rank of Major and Temporary Lieutenant-Colonel in 1956; became Commanding Officer, 7/21 Australian Horse Regiment in 1956 and Commanding Officer 4<sup>th</sup> Australian Rifles in 1959; retired from Military Service in February, 1961.</p>
<p><b>BAND ROTUNDA</b> Originally locatd in the Town Hall Gardens</p>	<p>According to the Minutes of the Council, it was initially intended that the Band Rotunda</p>

<p>which were incorporated into the Civic Gardens in 1967, when the Administrative Centre was opened. Now placed at North Campus Charles Sturt University (Riverina).</p>	<p>be erected in Newtown (now Collins) Park and it has not been established when the decision was made to erect it in the Town Hall Gardens, where it was erected in the 1890's as references have been found of its use by various Bands in 1898-99. It stood in that position until 1956, when it was offered for sale and purchased by the Wagga Wagga Teachers' Training College for 1 pond (\$2) and it was erected at the College Avenue entrance to the College and became a prized possession of the College. The domed top of the Rotunda was from one of the original gas-holders erected in the 1880's. It was moved once again in the 1970's to a prominent site in the grounds of the North Campus of the Riverina College of Advanced Education (later the Riverina-Murray Institute of Higher Education) and now the Charles Sturt University, on the southern slopes of the hills overlooking the City.</p>
<p><b>MURRUMBIDGEE RIVER</b></p>	<p>MURRUMBIDGEE River, which flows through the City area, an important river of the Murray-Darling system. Rising in the Snowy Mountains near Kiandra(NSW). It generally flows westerly until it discharges into the Murray River. In length it is some 1609 km (1,000 miles). It forms an important part (together with some of its tributaries) in the gigantic Snowy Mountains Scheme. An article in the "Back to Wagga Wagga" Souvenir Booklet, published in 1927; written by Robert Emblen, Town Clerk, said "MURRUMBIDGEE (the Blacks pronounced it more like "Morum Beja") means "Plenty Water" or "Big Water".</p>
<p><b>PARKEN PREGAN LAGOON N/K</b> This lagoon is fed by a small runnel of about 16' level on the northern bank of the Murrumbidgee River, almost opposite the Bathing Beach and forms almost a complete ellipse, giving rise to the name "The Island" to the grazing property within its compass.</p>	<p>Mrs Margaret Hayes, of Farm 1190, Corbie Hill, Leeton (a former resident of Wagga Wagga), in a letter published in the Daily Advertiser on 10 Jun. 1961, stated she had always been led to believe that the words "PARKEN PREGAN" were Aboriginal for "Pelicans on Lagoon", and Dame Mary Gilmore, in a letter published on 21 Jun. 1961, stated - "Mrs Margaret Hayes, of the old flour milling family, is right. It does refer to the Pelicans. They were there in endless numbers and only ceased during or after the 1880's." On 19 Nov. 1963, Mr John A McGrath of Wagga Wagga wrote as follows:-</p>

	<p>"I have known for some time that PARKEN PREGAN is a corruption of Gaelic, either Scotch or Irish. How about this one? The Irish expression "Paire an Phreachain" (pronounced "Pairkan Praykan") means literally "The Field of the Crow". Could not this be the Irish version of Wagga Wagga and hence explain both the origin and meaning of "Parken Pregar?"</p>
<p><b>WOLLUNDY LAGOON</b>      <b>N/K</b>  Being the natural lagoon in the heart of the City extending from the River through the Civic Centre Gardens and westwards past the Victory Memorial Gardens. (Refer to Wollundry Avenue).</p>	<p>"WOLLUNDY" is an Aboriginal word of the Wiradjuri Tribe dialect, meaning "Place of Stones". The name was apparently suggested because of an outcrop of rock near where the Lagoon connected with the Murrumbidgee River. (Refer to an article by Robert Emblen, headed "The Aboriginals" published in "Back to Wagga Wagga Souvenir" (Back to Wagga Wagga Celebrations October 16<sup>th</sup>-22<sup>nd</sup>, 1927).</p>